## Money

| Term | Definition | Illustration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Affordability | Deciding if you can afford an item, taking into account important factors such as whether or not the purchase is essential. | A toy is $£ 2.50$ and a t-shirt is $£ 4.30$. You have £10. Can you afford to buy these items? |
| ATM | Stands for 'Automated Teller Machine'. <br> Electronic bank machine which allows cash withdrawals. <br> Sometimes referred to as a 'hole in the wall' or cash machine. <br> Some ATM's charge to use their machines. It will usually let you know this on the screen prior to using. |  |
| Available balance | The amount of money available to withdraw from a bank account, which includes any agreed overdraft. <br> The example shown here states that the available balance is $£ 1340$. There is a $£ 300$ overdraft on the account and the account itself has a balance of $£ 1140$. This means that there is $£ 100$ worth of payments pending - money that has been spent but has not yet been debited from the account. |  |

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| Best value | Making comparisons between different prices to find the cheapest option. |  <br> In shop A, each bottle of water costs $£ 4.50 \div 6=75$ p. In shop $B$, each bottle costs $£ 6.40 \div 8=80$ p. Therefore, shop A is offering the better deal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Budgeting | Creating a plan for spending and saving your money. It allows you to determine in advance whether you will have enough money to do the things you need (or would like) to do. <br> Balancing your expenses with your income. |  |
| Building society | Offers similar serviced to a bank, but is owned by its members rather than having external shareholders. |  |

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| Compound interest | Where interest is calculated on both the amount borrowed and any previous interest. <br> Usually calculated once a year or once a month. | $£ 400$ is borrowed for 3 years at $5 \%$ compound interest. <br> Amount borrowed at the start $=£ 400$ <br> Interest in the 1st year $=\frac{5}{100} \times 400=£ 20$ <br> After 1 year $=£ 420$ ( $£ 20$ interest) <br> Interest in the 2nd year $=\frac{5}{100} \times 420=£ 21$ <br> After 2 years $=£ 441(£ 41$ interest $)$ <br> Interest in the 3rd year $=\frac{5}{100} \times 441=£ 22.05$ <br> After 3 years $=£ 463.05$ ( $£ 63.05$ interest) <br> The total interest charged under compound interest will be $£ 63.05$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contactless technology | Enables customers to make a payment quickly with a card or a device such as a smartphone, without entering a PIN. |  |

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| Credit union | A non-profit making union which is owned by its members. <br> Money can be borrowed from the collection of deposits <br> made by the members at competitive interest rates. <br> Credit unions don't have shareholders like banks, so <br> they aren't under the same pressure to make lots of <br> money. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Currency | The system of money generally used in a particular <br> country. <br> For example, in the UK, the currency is Pounds Sterling. | The currency in the UK is the pound sterling. <br> Current <br> account |
| A bank account for day to day transactions. <br> Standing orders and direct debits can be set up for regular in New Zealand is the New Zealand dollar. <br> payments such as phone bills or mortgage payments. <br> A bank may agree to an overdraft facility that allows <br> customers to go overdrawn, which means to borrow money <br> temporarily. <br> Most current accounts come with a debit card for <br> withdrawing money and paying for items. Customers might <br> also be supplied with a cheque book. |  |  |

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| Expenses | A term usually used to describe the costs associated with <br> carrying out employment such as travel, meals and hotel <br> stays. In general, employees can claim back these costs <br> from their employer. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Finance | Money provided to a person or business as an investment <br> or a loan. | £500 buys $500 \times 1 \cdot 09=€ 545$ |
| Foreign <br> exchange | Changing one currency to another by using the current <br> exchange rate. There may be charges for this service. | National Lottery - you risk £2 per ticket on the chance <br> that your numbers will be drawn in order to win a lot more <br> money. |
| Gambling | To stake or risk money, or anything of value, on an <br> outcome involving chance, in the hope of gaining <br> something of more value or benefit. <br> Online gambling is a form of gambling where bets are <br> placed on websites or apps on the internet once an <br> account has been set up. | Sports - you may bet an amount of money on the chance <br> of an outcome, such the winner of a football match. |

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| Gross pay | The money earned in wages before deductions have been made. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Payments  <br> Basic Pay 3169.50 |  | Deductions |  | This period |  |
|  |  |  |  | Tax 406.20 <br> NI-D 263.14 <br> Teacher scheme 301.10 <br> Student Loans 158.00 |  | Taxable pay 2866.40 <br> Pensionable pay 3169.50 <br> Employer's N-D 254.49 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Year to date |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Tax Paid <br> NIPaid-D | $\overline{4128.40}$ $2668.0$ |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{3169.50}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Deductions } \end{aligned}$ | 1128.44 | Taxable Pay Niable Pay | 29016.65 32027.65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | NETPAY | 2041.06 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Paidoy EACS |  |
| Identity theft | Stealing someone's personal and/or financial information for the purpose of committing fraud, that is obtaining money goods or services through deception by pretending to be that person. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income | Money received, usually on a regular basis, from working, providing goods or services, or through investments. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax | Money paid to the UK treasury to help pay for services such as the National Health Service. The amount of tax you pay depends on the amount of income you receive. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Insurance | A formal contract which promises to cover the cost of <br> money or items lost, damaged or stolen in return for a <br> monthly or yearly payment. | Common types of insurance are: <br> - <br> Car insurance to cover theft or damage to your own <br> car or those of others <br> Home insurance to cover such things as damage by <br> fire or flood, or items stolen in a break-in. <br> Life insurance to pay out money to support your <br> family if you die. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Interest | Extra money to be paid back to a lender on top of the <br> amount borrowed. <br> Money payed to savers by banks and building societies. <br> Usually stated as a yearly percentage rate. |  |
| Investment | Money put into a project, business or account with the <br> aim of gaining a profit or interest payment. |  |
| Lender | A person, business or organisation who provides funds <br> to those who need it, but expects it to be paid back, <br> usually with interest. |  |
| Loss | Money that is borrowed and needs to be paid back, <br> usually with interest. | The amount of money lost by a business or organisation <br> when more money has been paid out than has been <br> made. |
| Mortgage | A long term loan used to buy property such as homes or <br> business premises. |  |
| National <br> InsuranceCompulsory payments by employees and employers to <br> provide state assistance for people who are <br> unemployed, sick or retired in the UK. |  |  |

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| Pay day <br> loan | A short-term loan borrowed by someone who may be <br> struggling for money until their wages are received. <br> Some payday loan companies allow you to choose <br> the repayment period, rather than basing it on when <br> you receive your wages. <br> The payday loan is usually paid straight into your bank <br> account, often within 24 hours of your application <br> being approved. The payday loan repayment, plus <br> interest, is then taken directly from your bank account <br> on the due date. <br> Pay day loans can have very large interest charges. <br> These should be discussed by the customer and lender <br> before approval. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pending | Payments which are yet to be debited from your <br> account. <br> When you shop in a store or online, it can take between <br> $1-5$ working days to show on your account. This means <br> the payment for it is pending. |  |
| Personal <br> tax <br> allowance | An amount of income you do not have to pay income tax <br> on. There is a standard Personal Allowance limit <br> decided by the government. If your income is lower than <br> your personal tax allowance, you do not pay income tax. |  |
| Personal <br> pension | Individuals who join a private pension scheme pay <br> monthly payments to the scheme in order to have a <br> larger amount of savings when they retire. |  |

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| Profit | The difference between the amount earned and the <br> amount spent in buying, operating, or producing <br> something. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Recession | A period of negative economic growth usually lasting <br> more than a few months, which can include high <br> unemployment, reduced trade and industrial activity. |  |
| Salary | The amount of money to be paid to an employee by an <br> employer for a year, usually paid with fixed regular <br> payments on a monthly or sometimes weekly basis. |  |
| Savings | Money stored away instead of being spent, often kept in <br> a bank account. <br> Savings accounts are often used to save up over the <br> long term or for something of a high value. Savings <br> accounts sometimes offer higher rates of interest. |  |
| Scam | An illegal and dishonest way of making money or <br> gaining goods/services, usually through deceiving <br> people. <br> This may take the form of a phone call from someone <br> pretending to be your bank asking for your log in <br> details and/or password. Genuine bank operators <br> would not ask for such details over the phone or via <br> email. |  |

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| Shareholder | Someone who owns shares in a business or organisation. Shares will be worth different values depending on the size and financial success of the business or organisation. Profitable businesses pay their shareholders a dividend each financial year. Shares can be bought and sold on the stock exchange. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standing order | A request set up by a bank account holder to send a payment to another person or organisation. This is usually for a fixed amount and is often sent once a month. Requests can be set up for a set number of payments, for example to repay a loan, or to continue indefinitely. | Aberness |  |  |  |  | Account number: : 000567234 <br> Statement date 28th December 2012 Statement no. 21 |
|  |  | Date | Type | Description | Money out | Money in | CalanceCarried forward from previous <br> statement <br> $£ 32.25$ |
|  |  | 01 December 2011 01 December 2011 01 December 2011 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BACS } \\ & \text { SO } \\ & \text { SO } \end{aligned}$ | Bog Standard (Plumbers) Mr and Mrs J. Christie P. Smith (rent) Aberness | £250.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E570.02 } \\ & E_{£ 20000} \end{aligned}$ | £60248 <br> £802.48 <br> £552.48 |
|  |  | 02 December 2011 | CSH | Cash withdrawa Green Bank of Aberness | £100.00 |  | £452.48 |
|  |  | 03 December 2011 04 December 2011 | DD DD | Contents insurance Mobiles r us | $\begin{gathered} £ 21.00 \\ £ 35.27 \end{gathered}$ |  | £431.48 £396.21 |
|  |  | 04 December 2011 | so | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. Smith } \\ & \text { (gas/electricity) } \end{aligned}$ | £23.64 |  | £372.57 |
|  |  | 05 December 2011 | DC | Aberness Adsa Supermarket Aberness | £132.22 |  | £240.35 |
|  |  | 05 December 2011 | CSH | Cash withrawal | $\begin{gathered} £ 31.50 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { £593.63 } \\ \text { Total } \\ \text { withdrawals } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} £ 770.22 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ pay-ins | £208.85 £208.85 Closing Balance carried forward |
| State <br> Retirement Pension | A regular payment made by the government to people on or above the official retirement age. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Store card | Similar to a credit card, however, they can only be used <br> at either a stated store or chain of stores. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Transaction | An exchange of money, goods or services. |  |
| Transfer | The movement of money from one account to another. <br> Digital banking provides a simple way to transfer money <br> between accounts and to other people or organisations. |  |
| VAT | Value Added Tax is paid on most goods and services. <br> The current standard rate of VAT is 20\% and is the rate <br> that is most commonly paid. There is a reduced rate of <br> 5\% on some goods, in particular on home energy. Most <br> food and children's clothes is zero rated. Some things <br> are exempt trom VAT such as postage stamps and <br> property transactions. |  |
| Wages | A regular payment, usually on an hourly, daily, or weekly <br> basis, made by an employer to an employee. |  |
| Withdrawal | Money removed from an account. |  |


[^0]:    1 | Numeracy and mathematics glossary

