

### **Using Appropriate Language**

Some families use a range of different names for intimate parts of the body. This can lead to confusion for some children. We would appreciate, therefore, your support in using the correct names for body parts from pre-school through to Primary 7.

In early and lower primary the curriculum focus is on:-

- handling and understanding relationships
- personal and physical changes.
- respecting oneself and others

In middle to upper primary more detailed information will be made available for parents regarding content and vocabulary used. In some exceptional circumstances, parents or carers may prefer to deal with their child's relationship and sexual health education themselves. This should be discussed with the head teacher or designated member of staff so that appropriate alternative arrangements can be made.

### **Contact Details**

**School** 

Kirkton Primary School 01555 772466

### **Head Teacher**

Lynne Brennan

### Other

Gillian Black (Principal Teacher) Jemma Burns (Acting Principal Teacher)



## **Kirkton Primary School**

# **<u>Relationships, Sexual</u>** <u>Health and Parenthood</u>

## **Information for Parents**

Why do we teach Relationships, Sexual Health and Parenthood Education?

Educating Children about relationships and sexual health is about helping them to develop their confidence, self-esteem and knowledge about their bodies.

It also offers them opportunities to learn the skills they need to build and maintain positive relationships.

Relationships, Sexual Health and Parenthood is one of the six areas of Health & Wellbeing outlined in Curriculum for Excellence.

# S ex education can be defined as a lifelong process whereby children and young people acquire knowledge

and skills, and develop beliefs, attitudes and values about their sexuality and relationships within a moral and ethical framework.

(Sex Education in Scottish Schools: Effective Consultation with Parents and Carers, Scottish Executive & Learning and Teaching Scotland 2001).



Children learn about relationships, sexual health and parenthood from a wide range of sources including formal education, parents and families, friends and the media: magazines, books, TV, video games and movies. Key learning themes from nursery through to P 7: are as follows

#### Nursery – P4

- Friendships and relationships
- Carers and people who look after us
- Respect and appropriate behaviour
- Keeping safe
- Similarities and differences
- The growing body and body parts (correct terminology)

### P5 - P7

- Wide ranging friends and relationships
- Health and wellbeing of others
- Changing relationships
- Respect and appropriate behaviour
- Emotional issues
- Puberty and personal hygiene
- Keeping safe
- **?** Giving birth
- Looking after a baby
- Role of a parent/carer

These areas are not taught in isolation, but are included across many areas of the curriculum.

In addition to the learning areas, classes will have "question boxes" or 'Ask it, Basket', where the following topics may be discussed at age appropriate stages:

• Physical development – e.g. menstruation, reproductive parts.

### **ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES**

### Parents/carers/guardians

• Education begins at home. Parents are the first and foremost educators of their child. Even if parents do not talk to their child about relationships and sexual health, parental influence will still be strong.

• Parents are encouraged to review the school's programme and resources and to speak to their child about what they are being taught in school.

? Actively support the work of the school.

### School

Building supportive and positive communication with parents.

- Dealing with parental concerns.
- Providing staff with appropriate training and support
- Actively seek parents' support through activities such as: homework tasks, questionnaires, and training, workshop and information sessions.

