Mathematics
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## At home materials Guidance Pack <br> Year 5 Weeks 5-9

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { م } \\ & \text { む } \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | Pack 1: Angles and shapes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Session A) 90 and 180 degrees | N |
|  | Session B) 360 degrees | \% |
|  | Session C) Describing polygons | N |
|  | Session D) Comparing shapes | N |


| 0¢¢¢ | Pack 2: Triangles |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Session A) Creating triangles |  |
|  | Session B) Triangle symmetry |  |
|  | Session C) Describing triangles |  |
|  | Session D) Angles in triangles |  |


|  | Pack 3: Quadrilaterals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Session A) Creating quadrilaterals | N |
|  | Session B) Quadrilateral symmetry | N |
|  | Session C) Angles in quadrilaterals | K |
|  | Session D) Describing quadrilaterals | \% |


| $\infty$¢¢¹ | Pack 4: Area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Session A) What is area? | N |
|  | Session B) Area and arrays | K |
|  | Session C) Squared units | N |
|  | Session D) Exploring area | N |



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## At home materials

## Timing

Each session is 30 minutes
20 minute Talk Task and 10 minute independent activity

## Session guidance

Get talking and grow your language.
Use equipment, manipulatives, models and images to show and explain.
Challenge yourself to think mathematically. Use the Prompts for Thinking listed below to help build up habits in the way you think about mathematical situations.


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## At home materials

## Pack 1: Angles and shapes

## Session A) 90 and 180 degrees

Session B) 360 degrees

Session C) Describing polygons

Session D) Composing shapes

# Pack 1 Session A <br> Talk Task: $90^{\circ}$ and $180^{\circ}$ 



I can show two acute angles at the same time

I can show two obtuse angles at the same time

I can show an obtuse angle and an acute angle at the same time


Pack 1 Session A
Activity: $90^{\circ}$ and $180^{\circ}$

1) Calculate the missing angles

2) Draw a line to show approximately the angles
a) $80^{\circ}$ and $100^{\circ}$
b) $20^{\circ}$ and $160^{\circ}$

## Pack 1 Session B

Talk Task: $360^{\circ}$


What other ways can you find to split $360^{\circ}$ ?

## Pack 1 Session B

Activity: $360^{\circ}$

1) Calculate the value of the missing angles

2) Sketch and label diagrams approximately showing the angles
a) $160^{\circ}$ and $200^{\circ}$
b) $90^{\circ}, 120^{\circ}$ and $150^{\circ}$

Pack 1 Session C<br>Talk Task: Describing polygons



## Pack 1 Session C

Activity: Describing polygons

1) Is each one true or false? Show an example or if you think it is false, show how close you can get.



I can make a pentagon with two right angles


I can make a hexagon with two right angles


I can make a quadrilateral with three acute angles

2) Write your own statements. One true and one false.


I can make $\qquad$


I can make $\qquad$

## Pack 1 Session D <br> Talk Task: Composing shapes



## Pack 1 Session D

## Activity: Composing shapes

Squares and equilateral triangles have been used to make a pattern.
How many different shapes can you find in the pattern? Shade some in.


Write the names of the shapes you found.
What can you write about each shape?

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## At home materials

## Pack 2: Triangles

Session A) Creating triangles

Session B) Triangle symmetry

Session C) Describing triangles

Session D) Angles in triangles

## Pack 2 Session A <br> Talk Task: Creating triangles



Joining three points with straight lines will form a triangle
Coses)

Pack 2 Session A
Activity: Creating triangles

1) Use a ruler to join dots to create triangles. How many different ones can you make?

- 


2) Describe the angles as acute, obtuse or right angle.


Pack 2 Session B
Talk Task: Triangle symmetry


## Pack 2 Session B

## Activity: Triangle symmetry

1) Draw on lines of symmetry. Name each shape as equilateral or isosceles and describe its symmetry.


This is an $\qquad$
triangle. It has $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2) Are there triangles with two lines of symmetry? Are there triangles with no lines of symmetry? Use the space below to sketch and write your ideas.

Pack 2 Session C
Talk Task: Describing triangles



- • • • • • • • •
- • • • • •
-     -         -             - 



## Pack 2 Session C

Activity: Describing triangles

1) Join dots to make different triangles. Write isosceles or scalene to describe each triangle.

2) Try to draw a triangle for each section of the table.

|  | Scalene | Isosceles | Equilateral |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Has a right <br> angle |  |  | Not possible |
| No right <br> angle |  |  |  |

## Pack 2 Session D

Talk Task: Angles in triangles


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## Pack 2 Session D

Activity: Angles in triangles

1) Calculate the size of each missing angle.

2) Write descriptions of two different ways to find the angles in this isosceles triangle. Write each angle in the triangles.

3) This regular decagon is split into ten identical triangles. What information can you write about the triangle?


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## At home materials

## Pack 3: Quadrilaterals

## Session A) Creating quadrilaterals

Session B) Quadrilateral symmetry

Session C) Angles in quadrilaterals

Session D) Describing quadrilaterals

## Pack 3 Session A <br> Talk Task: Creating quadrilaterals



Pack 3 Session A
Activity: Creating quadrilaterals


# Pack 3 Session B <br> Talk Task: Quadrilateral symmetry 



## Pack 3 Session B

Activity: Quadrilateral symmetry

|  | Rotational order <br> of 1 | Rotational order <br> of 2 | Rotational order <br> of 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 lines of <br> symmetry |  |  |  |
| 1 line of <br> symmetry |  |  |  |
| 2 lines of |  |  |  |
| symmetry |  |  |  |



Pack 3 Session C<br>Talk Task: Angles in quadrilaterals



# A quadrilateral can have... 

... acute angles
... obtuse angles
... reflex angles

## Pack 3 Session C

Activity: Angles in quadrilaterals
Which of the following angle combinations are possible? Sketch examples and label with information.

| 3 obtuse angles, 1 acute angle | 3 acute angles, 1 obtuse angle |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 2 acute angles, 2 obtuse angles | 2 acute angles, 2 reflex angles |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

What other angles are possible? What angles are not possible?

## Pack 3 Session D

Talk Task: Describing quadrilaterals
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|}\hline \text { A rectangle has four right } \\ \text { angles }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { A square has four right } \\ \text { angles and four equal length } \\ \text { sides }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{c}\text { A parallelogram has two } \\ \text { pairs of parallel sides and } \\ \text { equal opposite angles }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { A rhombus is a equilateral } \\ \text { parallelogram. It has two } \\ \text { pairs of parallel sides that } \\ \text { are all equal in length. }\end{array}\right\}$


## Pack 3 Session D

Activity: Describing quadrilaterals
Draw another triangle to create a quadrilateral and label with information.


Build different quadrilaterals with two triangles and label with information.


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## At home materials

## Pack 4: Area

Session A) What is area?

Session B) Area and arrays

Session C) Squared units

Session D) Exploring area

## Pack 4 Session A

Talk Task: What is area?

## surface

squared centimetres dimension area
rectangles (including squares)


## Pack 4 Session A

 Activity: What is area?1) Decide the area of this leaf using the grid of squares. Then draw a leaf with an area of approximately $14 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

2) How many of this sheet of paper will cover the table you are working on? Draw a sketch to show how you worked it out.

Pack 4 Session B
Talk Task: Area and arrays

Repeat of Pack 2 Session B Talk Task: Arrays and area of rectangles


## Pack 4 Session B

Activity: Area and arrays

1) Work out and write down the area of each shape


Area:


7 cm


Area:
$27 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
2) For each area, sketch a different shape with the same area.

## Pack 4 Session C <br> Talk Task: Squared units



Work out the area of something.
Work in metres and squared metres.
Sketch diagrams of what you do.


Mark out a squared metre. What do you think?

## Pack 4 Session C

Activity: Squared units

1) Decide if the following involve thinking about length or area.

Distance I travel to school
Turf for a football pitch
Paint needed to cover a wall
Fence needed to go around a park
Length of a pencil
Tiles to cover a bathroom floor
2) Work out the area of the rectangle. Make notes to show what you did.

## 1 m and 20 cm


3) Write an example of when you might use each of these units $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ squared centimetres
$\mathrm{m}^{2}$ squared metres
$k^{2}{ }^{2}$ squared kilometres

## Pack 4 Session D <br> Talk Task: Exploring area



## Pack 4 Session D <br> Activity: Exploring area

Work out the area of each shape. Remember to include missing lengths


Where could you go next?

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## At home materials

## Pack 5: Positive and negative numbers

Session A) Negative numbers in context

Session B) Extending the number line

Session C) Comparing numbers

Session D) Greater than and less than

## Pack 5 Session A

Talk Task: Positive and negative numbers


## Debt



I have $£ 20$ in my bank account.
I spend $£ 30$.
My bank statement says -£10


## Pack 5 Session A

Activity: Positive and negative numbers

1) Describe the position of the robot after each movement using positive and negative symbols.


From start, move two steps east.
$+2$
From start, move two steps west
$-2$
a) From start, move 5 steps east.
b) From start, move 3 steps west
c) From START, move 2 steps east and then 4 steps east
d) From start, move 2 steps west and then 3 steps west
e) From start, move 3 steps east then 4 steps west
f) From START, move 1 steps west then 4 steps east

2) Sketch a picture of a building that has this panel in the lift


Pack 5 Session B<br>Talk Task: Extending the number line



## Rainforest $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Arctic $-18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Desert $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Pack 5 Session B

Activity: Extending the number line

1) Use the images to match the information.


| Bird A | 33 m below sea level | 15 m |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Bird B | 20 m above sea level | -15 m |
| Diver A | 20 m below sea level | -33 m |
| Diver B | 15 m above sea level | 20 m |
| Diver C | 15 m below sea level | -40 m |
| Diver D | 40 m below sea level | -20 m |

2) Mark the position of each value on the number line.
a) -2
b) 3.5
c) +1
d) -4.5
e) -8


## Pack 5 Session C <br> Talk Task: Comparing numbers

## I am in a building on floor -4 . Do I need to go up or down the stairs to get to -2 ?



## The temperature was $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It got colder.



A submarine is at a depth of -80 m . It travels towards the surface and then goes deeper.


## Pack 5 Session C

Activity: Comparing numbers

1) Complete the sentences
$-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is warmer than
$-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is colder than ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is warmer than $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is colder than $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
2) Delete a word to make each sentence correct
$-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is warmer / colder than $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-3{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is warmer / colder than $-1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is higher / lower than $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is greater / less than $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
3) Write the numbers from smallest to largest. The number line can help.
a) $6,-2,3,-5$
b) $-3,4,0,-7$
c) $1,-9,-2,3$
d) $-1,-5,-8,-3$


Pack 5 Session D
Talk Task: Greater than and less than


A positive number is greater than a negative number

A positive number is equal to a negative number

A positive number is less than a negative number

A negative number is greater than a negative number


## -7 is greater than 4 because $7>4$

> -7 is greater than -4 because $7>4$


## Pack 5 Session D

Activity: Greater than and less than

1) Choose the correct symbol, > or <, to complete each. Then choose always or never to complete the sentences.
$-1 \bigcirc 2$
$-2 \bigcirc 2$
$-3 \bigcirc 2$
$-4 \bigcirc 2$

A negative number is $\qquad$ less than a positive number
$1 \bigcirc-2$
$2 \bigcirc-2$
$3 \bigcirc-2$
$4 \bigcirc-2$
A positive number is $\qquad$ less than a negative number
2) Choose the correct symbol, > or < or =, to complete each.

3) Mark the position of zero, five and negative five on each number line.
a)
$-20$
20
b)
$-20$
60
c)

