**Population: Birth and Death rate**

**Birth Rates** – This is means the number of children born per 1000 of the population in a year.

**Death Rates** – This means the number of deaths per 1000 of the population in a year.

* Advanced medical facilities and in many countries there is a free healthcare system (the NHS in the UK)
* Children can work on farms and earn money, therefore families have more children
* Clean water and plenty food available
* Contraception and family planning are widely available
* Fewer medical supplies and facilities
* Having large families can be a sign of importance in some cultures
* Infant mortality is high, therefore more children are born to replace the ones that have sadly died
* Lack of clean water which can spread disease
* Lack of food (famine) and drinking water (drought)
* More women are educated and pursue a career before having children
* Parents want children to look after them in old age
* People get married later in life
* People live in low quality housing with poor sanitation, again leading to the spread of disease
* Proper sanitation facilities to deal with waste so less infectious diseases are caught
* Sex education is common in schools
* The cost of raising a child is high, so people wait until they can afford to have one
* There is a lack of available contraception, family planning and sex education

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Reasons for high BR** | **Reasons for low BR** |
| **Reasons for high DR** | **Reasons for low DR** |

***Read through the statements above and sort them into the correct category.***