2500/405

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2005 FRIDAY, 6 MAY 1.30 PM - 2.25 PM

MATHEMATICS STANDARD GRADE Credit Level Paper 1 (Non-calculator)

- 1 You may NOT use a calculator.
- 2 Answer as many questions as you can.
- 3 Full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working.
- 4 Square-ruled paper is provided.



FORMULAE LIST

The roots of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
 are $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

Sine rule:
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule:
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$
 or $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

Area of a triangle: Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Standard deviation:
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{n - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2 / n}{n - 1}}$$
, where *n* is the sample size.

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| 1. | Evaluate |

$$3.8 - (7.36 \div 8).$$

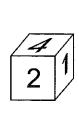
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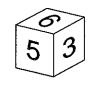
$$2\frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$$
 of $1\frac{2}{5}$.

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4. Two identical dice are rolled simultaneously.





Find the probability that the total score on adding both numbers will be greater than 7 but less than 10.

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In an experiment involving two variables, the following values for x and y were recorded.

| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| у | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | -2 |

The results were plotted, and a straight line was drawn through the points. Find the gradient of the line and write down its equation.

Solve the equation

$$\frac{2}{x} + 1 = 6$$
.

The speeds (measured to the nearest 10 kilometres per hour) of 200 7. vehicles are recorded as shown.

| Speed (km/hr) | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| Frequency | 1 | 4 | 9 | 14 | 38 | 47 | 51 | 32 | 4 |

Construct a cumulative frequency table and hence find the median for this data.

A number pattern is given below.

$$1^{\text{st}}$$
 term: $2^2 - 0^2$
 2^{nd} term: $3^2 - 1^2$

$$2^{\text{nd}}$$
 term: $3^2 - 1^2$

$$3^{\text{rd}}$$
 term: $4^2 - 2^2$

- (a) Write down a similar expression for the 4th term.
- (b) Hence or otherwise find the n^{th} term in its simplest form.

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9. (a) Emma puts £30 worth of petrol into the empty fuel tank of her car.

Petrol costs 75 pence per litre.

Her car uses 5 litres of petrol per hour, when she drives at a particular constant speed.

At this constant speed, how many litres of petrol will remain in the car after 3 hours?

(b) The next week, Emma puts £20 worth of petrol into the empty fuel tank of her car.

Petrol costs c pence per litre.

Her car uses k litres of petrol per hour, when she drives at another constant speed.

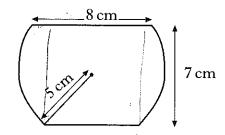
Find a formula for R, the amount of petrol remaining in the car after t hours.

10. A badge is made from a circle of radius 5 centimetres.

Segments are taken off the top and the bottom of the circle as shown.

The straight edges are parallel.





The badge measures 7 centimetres from the top to the bottom.

The top is 8 certimetres wide.

Calculate the width of the base.

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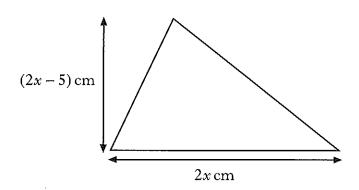
11. $f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2}$

- (a) Find the value of f(72) as a surd in its simplest form.
- (b) Find the value of t, given that $f(t) = 3\sqrt{2}$.

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12. The height of a triangle is (2x-5) centimetres and the base is 2x centimetres.



The area of the triangle is 7 square centimetres.

Calculate the value of x.

 $[END\ OF\ QUESTION\ PAPER]$

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NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2005 FRIDAY, 6 MAY 2.45 PM - 4.05 PM MATHEMATICS STANDARD GRADE Credit Level Paper 2

- 1 You may use a calculator.
- 2 Answer as many questions as you can.
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- 4 Square-ruled paper is provided.



FORMULAE LIST

The roots of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
 are $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

Sine rule:
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule:
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Area of a triangle: Area =
$$\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$$

Standard deviation:
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{n - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2 / n}{n - 1}}$$
, where *n* is the sample size.

1.

 $E = mc^2$.

Find the value of E when $m = 3.6 \times 10^{-2}$ and $c = 3 \times 10^{8}$.

Give your answer in scientific notation.

2. The running times in minutes, of 6 television programmes are:

77 91

84

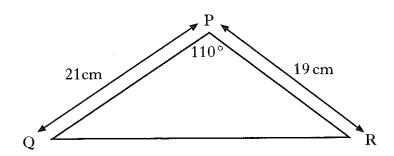
71

79

75.

Calculate the mean and standard deviation of these times.

3.



Calculate the area of triangle PQR.

4. Solve the equation

$$x^2 + 2x = 9.$$

Give your answers correct to 1 decimal place.

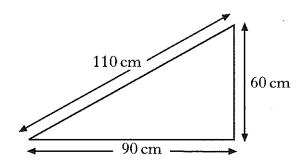
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5. A triangular paving slab has measurements as shown.

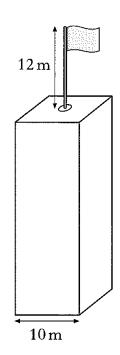


Is the slab in the shape of a right-angled triangle?

Show your working.

6. A vertical flagpole 12 metres high stands at the centre of the roof of a tower.

The tower is cuboid shaped with a square base of side 10 metres.

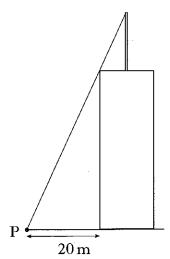


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At a point P on the ground, 20 metres from the base of the tower, the top of the flagpole is just visible, as shown.

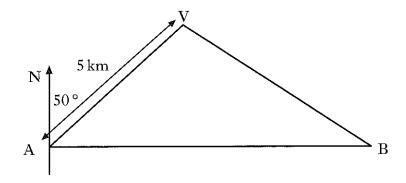
Calculate the height of the tower.



7. David walks on a bearing of 050° from hostel A to a viewpoint V, 5 kilometres away.

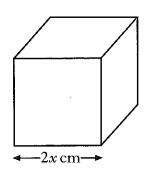
Hostel B is due east of hostel A.

Susie walks on a bearing of 294° from hostel B to the same viewpoint.



Calculate the length of AB, the distance between the two hostels.

8. The side length of a cube is 2x centimetres.



The expression for the volume in cubic centimetres is equal to the expression for the surface area in square centimetres.

Calculate the side length of the cube.

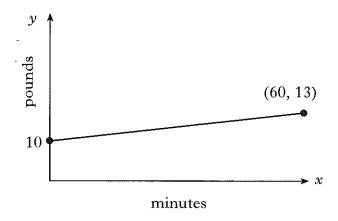
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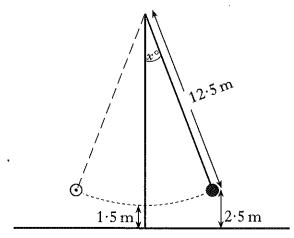
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9. The monthly bill for a mobile phone is made up of a fixed rental plus call charges. Call charges vary as the time used.

The relationship between the monthly bill, y (pounds), and the time used, x (minutes) is represented in the graph below.



- (a) Write down the fixed rental.
- (b) Find the call charge per minute.
- 10. The chain of a demolition ball is 12.5 metres long.When vertical, the end of the chain is 1.5 metres from the ground.



It swings to a maximum height of 2.5 metres above the ground on both sides.

- (a) At this maximum height, show that the angle x° , which the chain makes with the vertical, is approximately 23°.
- (b) Calculate the maximum length of the arc through which the end of the chain swings. Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

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| 11. | (a) | Solve | algeb | raically | the | equation |
|-----|-----|-------|-------|----------|-----|----------|
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$$\sqrt{3}\sin x^{\circ} - 1 = 0$$
 $0 \le x < 360$.

(b) Hence write down the solution of the equation

$$\sqrt{3}\sin 2x^{\circ} - 1 = 0 \qquad 0 \le x < 90.$$

 $[END\ OF\ QUESTION\ PAPER]$

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