

Completing the square

$$f(x) = a(x + b)^2 + c$$

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x + 3$$

$$f(x) = 2(x + 1)^2 - 2 + 3$$

$$f(x) = 2(x + 1)^2 + 1$$

Easy to graph  
functions & graphs

Factor Theorem

$x = a$  is a factor of  $f(x)$   
if  $f(a) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -2 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 2 \\ & \downarrow & \nearrow & \nearrow & \nearrow \\ & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$(x+2)$  is a factor  
since no remainder

If finding coefficients  
Sim. Equations

Discriminant of a  
quadratic is  
 $b^2 - 4ac$

Polynomials

Functions of the type  
 $f(x) = 3x^4 + 2x^3 + 2x + x + 5$

Degree of a polynomial  
= highest power

$b^2 - 4ac > 0$   
Real and  
distinct roots

$b^2 - 4ac = 0$   
Equal roots

$b^2 - 4ac < 0$   
No real  
roots

