

16. £5.18
17. £15.60
18. 7 white and 3 red
19. a £260 b 8p c £5.12  
d £22 517 998 140 000 !!!!  
e Person obviously stopped paying.

### Answers to CHAPTER 9 (page 80)

#### Chapter 9 - Exercise 1 (page 80)

1. a pentagon b kite  
c triangle d rhombus  
e circle f parallelogram  
g square h rectangle
2. a/b pentagon c 5 d 5
3. a 6 b/c hexagon
4. pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, nonagon, decagon
5. a 5 squares b square and circle  
c 4 hexagons  
d rectangle and 2 squares  
e pentagon and 2 squares  
f octagon and 8 squares  
g rectangle and 4 triangles  
h hexagon - 6 green and 6 yellow triangles  
i square and 4 triangles
6. a/b see pupils' drawings and display

#### Chapter 9 - Exercise 2 (page 82)

1. a/b scalene 2. a/b isosceles
3. a/b equilateral
4. a isosceles b equilateral  
c isosceles d scalene  
e equilateral f isosceles  
g scalene h isosceles

#### Chapter 9 - Exercise 3 (page 83)

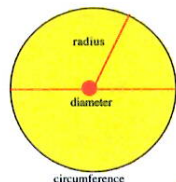
1. a obtuse b right  
c acute d acute  
e obtuse f acute
2. a  $\triangle KTL$  b  $\triangle EFG$  c  $\triangle MRQ$   
d  $\triangle DSI$  e  $\triangle YVN$  f  $\triangle PNZ$

#### Chapter 9 - Exercise 4 (page 84)

1.  $\triangle LMK$  is a right angled scalene triangle
2.  $\triangle NWT$  is an acute angled isosceles triangle
3. a  $\triangle MFW$  ...right angled isosceles ...  
b  $\triangle RGS$  ...acute angled scalene ...  
c  $\triangle PDE$  ...acute angled equilateral ...  
d  $\triangle EWM$  ...obtuse angled scalene ...  
e  $\triangle TKC$  ...right angled scalene ...  
f  $\triangle RVQ$  ...acute angled isosceles ...

#### Chapter 9 - Exercise 5 (page 85)

1.



2. 7 cm
  3. 50 mm
  4. a 7 cm b 3.5 cm
  5. a see pupil's sketch b 12 cm
  6. 48 cm by 16 cm
  7. a 4 cm b 2 cm
  8. a 7 cm b 3.5 cm c 8.5 cm
- 9/10/11 see pupils designs

The Answers to Book 2a

### Answers to CHAPTER 10 (page 88)

#### Chapter 10 - Exercise 1 (page 88)

1. a (i) 15 (ii) 60 (iii) 180 (iv) 6.9 (v) 0  
b (i) 3 (ii) 9 (iii) 2000 (iv) 3.2 (v) 7.1
2. a (i) 1 (ii) 4 (iii) 0.5 (iv) 35 (v) 0  
b (i) 25 (ii) 50 (iii) 88 (iv) 10.5 (v) 1010
3. a 17 b 10 c 90 d 25  
e 42 f 8 g 200 k 0.8
4. a 1 b 7 c 17 d 66
5. a 8 b 40 c 9  
d 560 e 0.5 f 40000
6. a 9 b 9 c 10  
d 14 e  $\times 7 (+36)$  f -9
7. a 28  
b (i) 21 (ii) 56 (iii) 0 (iv) 80  
c (i) 21 (ii) 5 (iii) 11 (iv) 101
8. a 7,14,21,28,35,42p b  $\times 7$  c 105p
9. a 5,10,15,20,25,30 b  $\times 5$  c 70

#### Chapter 10 - Exercise 2 (page 91)

1. a 3 b 9 c 6
2. a 14 b 0 c 12  
d 8 e 9 f 12  
g 7 h 0 i 13  
j 31 k 5 l 11  
m 7 n 9 o 5  
p 0 q 32 r 56  
s 7 t 9 u 7
3. a + b - c x  
d - e - f x  
g + h - i -
4. a 7 b 6 c 7  
d 12 e 17 f 9
5. a Jar A = 7, Jar B = 10, B heavier by 3
6. a 14 cm b 9 cm c 15 cm d 15 cm
7. a  $53 + * = 72$  b £19
8. a  $18 - * = 3$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  ate 15 sweets  
b  $7 \times * = 119$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  euro weighs 17 grams  
c  $* - 8 = 9$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  72 lettuces  
d  $14 + * = 3.2$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  ham weighs 1.8 kg  
e  $8 \times * = 7.52$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  lemonsip costs 94p  
f  $72 \div * = 6$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  cut into 12 lengths  
g  $* - 9 = 51$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  Mr Galbraith is 60
9. a  $6 \times * = 48$  b length = 8 cm
10. a  $35000 - * = 29500$  b dropped by 5500 ft
11. Think of number as \*  
 $\Rightarrow * \times 2 = 2* + 10 \Rightarrow$  then  $2* + 10 \div 2 = * + 5$   
 $\Rightarrow * + 5 - 5 = *$  (the number you began with)

#### Chapter 10 - Exercise 3 (page 94)

1. a 7 b 4 c 15  
d 0 e 10 f 16  
g 16 h 13 i 14  
j 5 k 9 l 7  
m 3 n 8 o 42  
p 64 q 77 r 16
2. a 6 b 16 c 9  
d 36 e 0 f 100  
g 4 h 9 i 7  
j 26 k 6 l 8
3. a  $a + 6 = 13$ ,  $a = 7$  b  $b + 7 = 22$ ,  $b = 15$   
c  $2 \times c = 20$ ,  $c = 10$  d  $4 \times d = 36$ ,  $d = 9$   
e  $3 \times e = 120$ ,  $e = 40$  f  $f + 25 = 45$ ,  $f = 20$
4.  $25 + d = 63$ , Donald is 38
5.  $c \times 4 = 1000$ , Cost is £250
6.  $8 \times t = 56$ , there are 7 octopuses
7.  $s - 240 = 965$ , 1205 grams to begin with
8.  $9 \times * = 54$ , would take him 6 mins
9.  $c + 23 = 51$ , there are 28 chimps
10.  $b \div 3 = 16$ , there were 48 balloons
11. Ahmed is 10, his dad is 30

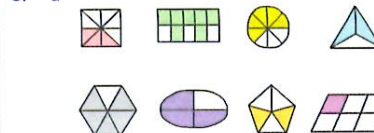
### Answers to CHAPTER 11 (page 97)

#### Chapter 11 - Exercise 1 (page 97)

1.  $\frac{1}{4}$  2.  $\frac{1}{3}$
3. a  $\frac{1}{5}$  b  $\frac{1}{6}$  c  $\frac{1}{10}$  d  $\frac{1}{8}$   
e  $\frac{1}{9}$  f  $\frac{1}{16}$  g  $\frac{1}{5}$  h  $\frac{1}{4}$

#### Chapter 11 - Exercise 2 (page 98)

1. a  $\frac{1}{2}$  b  $\frac{7}{8}$  c  $\frac{2}{3}$  d  $\frac{5}{7}$   
e  $\frac{2}{3}$  f  $\frac{8}{18}$  g  $\frac{3}{4}$  h  $\frac{13}{18}$   
i  $\frac{3}{4}$  j  $\frac{3}{5}$  k  $\frac{5}{9}$  l  $\frac{3}{4}$
2. a  $\frac{1}{2}$  b  $\frac{1}{8}$  c  $\frac{1}{3}$  d  $\frac{2}{7}$   
e  $\frac{1}{3}$  f  $\frac{10}{18}$  g  $\frac{1}{4}$  h  $\frac{5}{18}$   
i  $\frac{1}{4}$  j  $\frac{2}{5}$  k  $\frac{4}{9}$  l  $\frac{1}{4}$
3. a  $\frac{4}{15}$  b  $\frac{6}{15}$  c  $\frac{1}{15}$  d  $\frac{2}{15}$
4. a 5 boxes shaded b 7 boxes shaded  
c 2 boxes shaded



#### Chapter 11 - Exercise 3 (page 100)

1.  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{2}{15}$ ,  $\frac{3}{6}$ ,  $\frac{3}{5}$ ,  $\frac{3}{9}$   
a  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$  b  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$  c  $\frac{9}{15} = \frac{3}{5}$
2. a  $\frac{2}{10}$  b  $\frac{3}{15}$  c  $\frac{10}{50}$
3. a  $\frac{4}{6}$  b  $\frac{6}{9}$  c  $\frac{8}{12}$ ,  $\frac{10}{15}$ ,  $\frac{12}{18}$ ,  $\frac{14}{21}$
4. a  $\frac{2}{4}$  b  $\frac{4}{10}$  c  $\frac{6}{14}$   
d  $\frac{10}{16}$  e  $\frac{18}{20}$  f  $\frac{22}{30}$
5. a  $\frac{3}{6}$  b  $\frac{6}{15}$  c  $\frac{9}{21}$   
d  $\frac{15}{24}$  e  $\frac{27}{30}$  f  $\frac{33}{45}$
6. various
7. a  $\frac{3}{4}$  b  $\frac{1}{6}$  c  $\frac{5}{7}$   
d  $\frac{3}{8}$  e  $\frac{9}{10}$  f  $\frac{43}{50}$
8. a  $\frac{1}{2}$  b  $\frac{2}{3}$  c  $\frac{3}{4}$   
d  $\frac{3}{5}$  e  $\frac{6}{7}$  f  $\frac{5}{9}$
9. a  $\frac{5}{6}$  b  $\frac{2}{5}$  c  $\frac{1}{3}$  d  $\frac{1}{2}$   
e  $\frac{2}{5}$  f  $\frac{2}{3}$  g  $\frac{3}{4}$  h  $\frac{2}{3}$