After The Storm: Planting A Seed.



Starter:

Action song – I am a little bean song (YouTube). Read Jack and the Beanstalk.

What to do:

Provide soil, containers, seeds, water and tools. Encourage the children to plant seeds. Watch and talk about what is happening to the seeds over the next few weeks.

After the Storm cover image. Reprinted by Permission of HarperCollins Publishers Ltd. © 1992 Nick Butterworth

Transition Support Card

Experiences and Outcomes:

I have helped to grow plants and can name their basic parts. **SCN 0-01a**

I can talk about how they grow and what they need to do to look after them. **SCN 0-03a.**

I can talk about science stories to develop my understanding of science and the world around me. **SCN 0-20a**



After the Storm by Nick Butterworth

Card One

After the Storm by Nick Butterworth

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Transition Support Card

NAC Developmental Milestones:

Squirrels have soft fur, a bushy tail, sharp

Squirrels are omnivores, they mainly eat nuts,

seeds and twigs. They can sometimes eat

insects like caterpillars. Squirrels are food

gatherers that bury their food until needed.

Animal Description

claws and sharp teeth.

Diet

- **14.** Speaks clearly and fluently pronouncing most words and sounds.
- 21. Asks who, what, where, when, why and how questions.
- 31. I can use small tools effectively and with control.
- **41.** Able to touch and count a set of objects using 1:1 correspondence to 5.

Meet Percy's Friends



Squirrel

Animal Habitat

Squirrels live in forests and woodlands and build a nest called a drey in the trees.

Animal Movements

Squirrels can run fast and jump. They have strong back legs that help them to climb trees and their tail helps them to balance. Squirrels use their smaller front legs to hold food to eat.



Variation of Activities...

Use tweezers and other tools to take seeds out of fruit and vegetable and to compare the seeds.

Count larger seeds and beans.

Grow your own Tuff tray grass.

Observational drawing of a flower or plant.



Card Two

The Treasure Hunt: Tree Faces.



Starter:

Instructional activity - Follow my leader.

What to do:

Use a piece of playdough or mud. Stop at different areas outdoors and collect a natural object to create a tree face in the mud or playdough.

Treasure Hunt cover image. Reprinted by Permission of HarperCollins Publishers Ltd. @ 1996 Nick Butterworth

Experiences and Outcomes:

I can identify my senses and use them to explore the world around me. SCN 0-12a



I Wonder... What objects can I find in different areas of the school grounds? **I See...** That there are many different natural objects around me, and I can describe how they feel using my senses. **I Know...** That a variety of different natural objects can be found outdoors. I have 5 senses – sight, smell, hearing, taste, touch.

Safety Only pick up things that an adult has said are ok to touch.

Equipment Playdough or mud. Natural objects.



The Treasure Hunt by Nick Butterworth

The Treasure Hunt by Nick Butterworth

Transition Support Card

Variation of Activities...

Sensory nature walk - What can you spy ...? hear...? smell...?

Encourage children and their families to collect natural items on a walk and bring them in to the EYC/P1 class to help develop a bank of natural outdoor resources.

Blindfold game - Guess the natural objects.

Create sensory paintbrushes.

15 LIFE ON LAND

Research the job of a park ranger. What do they do?

YouTube – Watch some of the Percy the Park Keeper videos.



NAC Developmental Milestones:

16. Listens in a small group.

Animal Description

Diet

- 20. Follows more complex instructions.
- 30. I can retell a story/journey.

Can children identify some common

(burrows, nests, tree hollows etc).

Woodland animals can be omnivores,

describe what these words mean?

herbivores or carnivores. Can the children

woodland animals? Ask them to think about

Meet Percy's Friends



Woodland Animals

Animal Habitat

Woodland animals can be found in grassland, forests and woodland areas. In trees they can live in branches, holes, tree roots and underground.

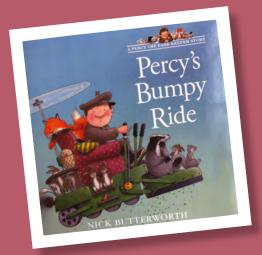
Animal Movements

Many woodland animals are nocturnal. They come out at night. Diurnal animals such as squirrels come out during the day.



Card Three

Percy's Bumpy Ride: Loose parts machine.



Starter:

Motor skills activity – Throw and catch balls, scarves, balloons.

What to do:

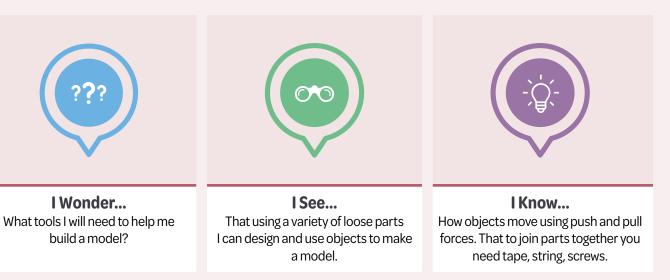
Use loose parts to create models of machines that will help Percy in the park.

Percy's Bumpy Ride cover image. Reprinted by Permission of HarperCollins Publishers Ltd. @ 1999 Nick Butterworth

Experiences and Outcomes:

Through everyday experiences and play with a variety of toys and other objects, I can recognize simple types of forces and describe its effects. **SCN 0-03a**

I can talk about science stories to develop my understanding of science and the world around me. **SCN 0-20a**



Safety Take care moving and joining objects.

Equipment Sticks, cones, wooden objects, cardboard boxes



Percy's Bumpy Ride by Nick Butterworth

Percy's Bumpy Ride by Nick Butterworth

2

Transition Support Card

NAC Developmental Milestones:

- 2. Plays co-operatively, shares with others and takes turns.
- **19**. Listens and responds to when, why and how guestions.
- 31. Uses small tools effectively and with control.
- 43. Seeks multiple solutions to a question, task or problem.

Meet Percy's Friends



Fox

Animal Habitat

Foxes live in forests, woodlands and grassland in underground dens. They can also live in deserts, mountains and even the Arctic.

Card Three

Animal Movements

omnivores

Foxes have whiskers on their faces and legs to help them to move silently. They can run very fast.

Variation of Activities...

Use a variety of tools-screwdriver, hammer correctly and safely outdoors.

To use other construction materials such as Lego.

Use large parts such as tyres and crates to create their own outdoor play equipment (risky play).

Have a go at Percy's Outdoor Tool Trail (Percy's tool trail with tools.pptx - Google Slides).





Animal Description

Foxes have soft fur, sharp claws and teeth. Foxes have a good sense of smell and hearing.

Diet

Foxes are omnivores which means they eat plants and meat such as rabbits, moles and other small animals.



Card Four

One Snowy Night: A home for an owl.



Starter:

Listening activity - Children take turns to say what they can hear outside.

What to do:

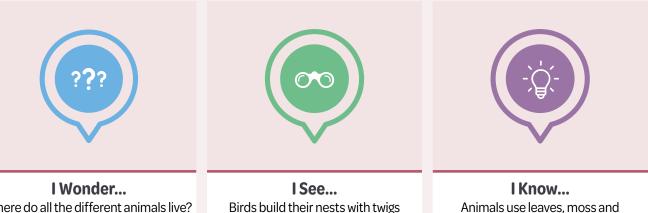
Children use twigs, grass, stones and moss to make a bird's nest.

One Snowy Night cover image. Reprinted by Permission of HarperCollins Publishers Ltd. © 1989 Nick Butterworth

Experiences and Outcomes:

Through creative play, I explore different materials and can share my reasoning for selecting different materials for different purposes. SCN 0-15a

I can talk about science stories to develop my understanding of science and the world around me. SCN 0-20a



Where do all the different animals live? How many animals live in trees?

and leaves to make them strong.

Safety Tripping hazards branches, stones, Wash hands after activity.

Equipment Twigs, leaves, grass, stones.



grass to help keep their homes warm and waterproof.

One Snowy Night by Nick Butterworth

One Snowy Night by Nick Butterworth

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Transition Support Card

NAC Developmental Milestones:

Owls are large birds with big eyes that help

them see in the dark. They also have soft

feathers to keep them warm. They make

Owls are birds of prey. They are carnivores

They eat worms, insects, snails and mice.

and must eat other animals to survive.

- 12. Concentrates on activities with sustained interest.
- **16.** Listens in a small group.

Animal Description

gentle hooting sounds.

Diet

43. Seeks multiple solutions to a question, task or problem.

Meet Percy's Friends



Owl

grass

Animal Habitat

Owls live in woodland. They live in and lay their eggs in nests that they make in trees. Owls are nocturnal meaning they are active during the night.

Card Four

Animal Movements

nocturnal

birds

Owls can twist their heads almost all the way around. They have large wings to help them fly and glide silently.

prey

waterproof



Make a home for different animals such as hedgehogs or mini beasts. Look for signs of animals living in trees. Make pictures using sticks, twigs and leaves. **Sort** leaves into groups of shapes, sizes or colour.





trees

carnivore





leaves moss



nest

Card Five

The Rescue Party: Making a well cover.



Starter:

Team activity – Parachute games.

What to do:

Ask the children to make a cover for a well.

Try different natural materials, such as sticks and leaves to secure a cover so it can't be blown away or easily knocked off.

Treasure Hunt cover image. Reprinted by Permission of HarperCollins Publishers Ltd. 0 1996 Nick Butterworth

Experiences and Outcomes:

Through creative play, I explore different materials and can share my reasoning for selecting materials for different purposes. **SCN 0-15a** I can talk about science stories to develop my understanding of science and the world around me. **SCN 0-20a**



The Rescue Party by Nick Butterworth

The Rescue Party by Nick Butterworth

Transition Support Card

NAC Developmental Milestones:

- 5. Uses role play to recreate or invent situations.
- **20.** Follows more complex instructions.

Rabbits are small furry animals that live in

Rabbits are herbivores. They like to eat grass,

groups. They have long floppy ears and a

Animal Description

flowers and other plants.

short tail.

Diet

43. I seek multiple solutions to a question, task or problem.

Card Five

Meet Percy's Friends



Rabbit

Animal Habitat

Rabbits can be found in grassland and woodlands in towns and the countryside. They live underground in burrow systems known as 'warrens'.

Animal Movements

Rabbits can hop and jump high in the air. When they hop fast, their white tails bob up and down to warn other rabbits of danger.



Variation of Activities...

Play the floor is lava game. Children find large objects such as tyres, logs and other large play equipment to place around the outdoor area so that the children can stand on them when an adult shouts "The floor is lava".

Place animal toys in the well and ask the children to find creative ways to rescue them.



NOUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

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