Scattering

Some children just seem to want to scatter everything around, e.g. tip ALL the bricks out onto the floor.

This child may:

- empty out all the baskets;
- tip ALL the bricks out on the floor;
- use arms or legs to scatter things i.e. pasta, rice or;
- wipe all the toys/objects off the surface; .



A child who carefully positions abjects or themselves in lines, patterns or sequences.

This child may:

- stack unlikely objects;
- line up toys e.g. trains, cars, small world people;
- create layers of paint or collage;
- Balance objects on the edge of tables or:
- like working with small objects with lots of pieces



Positioning

You could provide:

pasta, oats, bricks to

scatter on tuff tray;

Schema Information Leaflet

Wellpark Children's Centre

A schema is a repeated pattern of behaviour displayed through various kinds of play.

Children form schemas in childhood as a way of making sense of their world. Children

exhibit different types of schemas when they are learning through play

We would appreciate you sharing with us how your child likes to play at home and what they enjoy playing with.

Do you recognise any of the Schema's described in this leaflet when you watch your child play? Which Schema or Schemas does your child repeat time and again?

By sharing the above information with us will enable us to plan activities in our setting which your child enjoys at home. It will also help us to see if your child follows the same schematic play both at homeand nursery.

If you have any questions, do not hesitate to ask your child's Key worker

Orientation

A child who like to look at toys and themselves from different angles.

This child may:

You could provide:

objects for sorting

collage materials for gluing

e.g. coloured matchsticks

peg boards to create patterns

objects with the same characteristics

- hang upside down from climbing frames:
- look at the world from different directions by turning themselves upside down;
- turn objects and toys around and look at them or;
- climb up onto things and look around.



- You could provide:
- binoculars, kaleidoscopes and magnifying glasses;
- boxes for creating peep holes;
- different coloured acetate:
- mirrors:
- climbing frames or bars.

Louis, S., Beswick, C., Magraw, L & Hayes, L (2008) Again! Again!, Featherstone, S. (ed) A&C Block Publishers LTD

Nutbrown, C. (1999), Threads of Thinking, 2nd edition, Paul Chapman Publishing Ltd, London



Trajectory

A child that has a trajectory schema is interested in how things and themselves move. It is a very common schema and one that young babies will often display, explaining why they love to drop things from their highchairs.

you might like to:

A Child with a trajectory schema may

- always seem to be running around
- like throwing things;
- like to play with running water or;
- like pushing things in a straight line.

Connecting

A child with a connection schema is interested in joining things together.



This child may:

or:

tie your chair legs (even your legs) together!;

If your child has a trajectory schema

provide soft balls to throw and roll;

allow them to play on slide and bike

give opportunities to pour water.

blow bubbles to be caught;

- love joining train carriages together or taking them apart;
- enjoy all sorts of construction toys or;
- once they are drawing, enjoy joining dots or lines together.

You could provide:

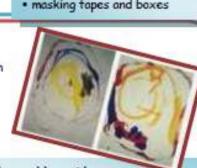
- tow trucks and cars, train sets;
- beads for jewelry making;
- string, wool, lengths of fabric;
- construction blocks or;
- masking tapes and baxes

Rotation

A child who has a rotation schema is interested in things that are circular or rotate.

This child may:

- love to play with wheels on tays;
- like spinning around;
- may enjoy playing with water wheels in sand or water;
- enjoy playing with toys that spin
- love watching the washing machine.



You could provide:

- bikes, cars and toys with wheels; .
- mixing and stirring activities;
- . pens, paints, chalks for drawing circles;
- windmills;

Transporting

A child with a transporting schema moves everything from one place to another. If you have a transporter nothing will ever be in its place.

A child who transports may:

- put sand in a bucket and move it to another area:
- take things from one place to another in prams, trolleys and bags or;
- go back and forth bringing you items from around the room.



You could provide;

- a collection of bags and boxes;
- pushchairs and trucks or;
- pasta and other items to transport.

Envelopment

A child who has an envelopment schema is interested in enveloping itself and objects or a space. It is very closely related to enclosure.

You could provide:

- blankets to dolls and wrop themselves in:
- dressing up clothes;
- paper and newspaper to make parcels or:
- to be allowed to paint themselves.

A child with an envelopment schema may;

- like to wrap themselves in material;
- make parcels containing everyday objects;
- cover their hands and body in paint or;
- · paint a picture and then cover it with a solid layer of paint.



A child who enjoys creating enclosed spaces in which they may or may not put objects and themselves into.

This child may:

- like putting things in bags and pots;
- enjoy shape sorting toys;
- climb into boxes:
- love filling up boxes and bags with sand or:
- draw or paint pictures then put boxes or circles around them.

- You could provide:
- pots with things they can fill them with;
- containers to fill in the bath or sink:
- dry play, such as pasta and pots to fill
- boxes or tents to go in.