Ex 20 Surds

Simplify the following: 1.

(g)
$$\frac{\sqrt{96}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

(a)
$$\sqrt{20}$$
 (b) $\sqrt{54}$ (c) $\sqrt{700}$ (d) $\sqrt{640}$ (e) $\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{98}$ (f) $\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{6}$ (g) $\frac{\sqrt{96}}{\sqrt{3}}$ (h) $\sqrt{\frac{8}{27}}$

2. Expand the brackets:

(a)
$$(1 + \sqrt{3})(1 + \sqrt{3})$$

(a)
$$(1+\sqrt{3})(1+\sqrt{3})$$
 (b) $(1+\sqrt{5})(2+\sqrt{5})$ (c) $\sqrt{2}(5+\sqrt{8})$

(c)
$$\int 2(5 + \int 8)$$

3. Rationalise the denominator:

(a)
$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$$

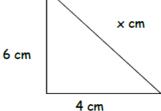
(b)
$$\frac{5}{3\sqrt{7}}$$

(c)
$$\frac{2}{3-\sqrt{5}}$$

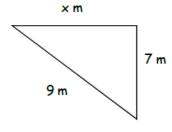
(a)
$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 (b) $\frac{5}{3\sqrt{7}}$ (c) $\frac{2}{3-\sqrt{5}}$ (d) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6+\sqrt{2}}$

Calculate the missing sides in each of the following triangles. Leave 4. your answer in surd form.

(a)



(b)



A rectangle has sides measuring $(2 + \sqrt{2})$ cm and $(2 - \sqrt{2})$ cm. 5. Calculate the exact value of:

- a) The rectangles area
- b) The length of the diagonal.



