

National 5 Homework : 1 year course

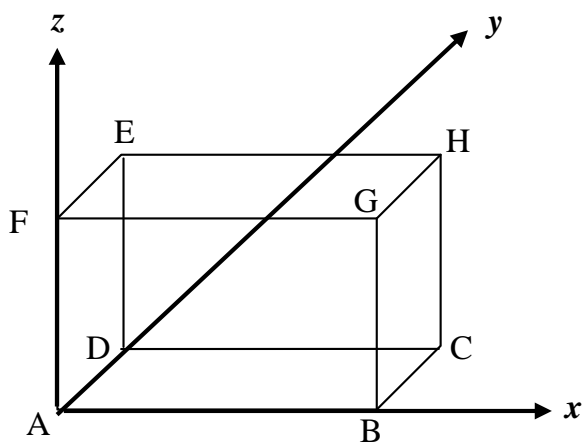
Vectors

1. a) Draw a vector diagram for \mathbf{m} and \mathbf{n} and the resultant vector $\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{n}$ if:-

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- b) State the components of $\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{n}$.
- c) Calculate the magnitude of $\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{n}$.

2. On the diagram below A is the point (0,0,0) and H is (8,3,6).



- a) Write down the coordinates of
(i) E (ii) C.

- b) $\mathbf{a} = \overrightarrow{DH}$ write down the components of \mathbf{a} .

- c) If the two space diagonals, AH and EB, are drawn where will they cross?

3. If $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ calculate the resultant vector of $3\mathbf{a} + 4\mathbf{b}$.

4. Calculate the magnitude of \overrightarrow{AB} if A $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ and B $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$.

5. Prove that triangle PQR is isosceles if P(3,4,-1), Q(9,8,11) and R (-9, -2, 3).