

1. C
2. A
3. D
4. D
5. B
- 6.

a i	lactose concentration/percentage	1
a ii	Temperature/concentration of yeast/pH	1

b	<p>As lactose increases (from 4%) to 16%, ethanol (concentration) increases 1</p> <p>From 16% (to 20%) ethanol remains constant/levels off 1</p> <p>As lactose (concentration) increases, ethanol (concentration) increases then levels off = 1 mark</p>	2	<p>Both variables must be named at least once to gain any marks</p> <p>Must mention 16% as change point (not 2.8g/cm<sup>3</sup> ethanol)</p>
c	37.5	1	NOT - 38
b ii	<p>Aerobic respiration does not produce ethanol</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Aerobic respiration produces water not ethanol</p> <p>OR</p> <p>No/less fermentation so less ethanol produced</p>	1	

7.	(a)	(i) To allow (time) for... respiration/metabolic rate... to be affected by... temperature/conditions/change  OR  To allow crickets (time) to... acclimatise/adjust/respond to/get used to... temperature/condition/change  OR  To allow flask/equipment/crickets (time) to reach the temperature	1	Environment / surroundings / ≠ flask / situation conditions  NOT - to allow crickets time to adapt  NOT - to allow time for (steady rate of) respiration  NOT - to acclimatise alone  NOT - To allow it to adjust to the conditions  NOT - to allow environment to reach the temperature
----	-----	---	---	---

(ii)	Description: (exactly) the same... set up/experiment...  OR  full description(same size/volume of flask, in water bath and CO <sub>2</sub> sensor)  AND  (With) no crickets/dead crickets/ glass beads (1)  Explanation: To show it was the crickets that respired/metabolised/ produced the CO <sub>2</sub>  OR  No... CO <sub>2</sub> production/respiration/ metabolism... without live crickets/ with dead crickets/with no crickets/with control (1)	2	NOT - a flask with no crickets    NOT - allow comparison alone    NOT - to prove the independent variable is causing the result
------	---	---	--

(b)	Axes labelled correctly and scales to fill at least half the grid (1)  Points plotted correctly and joined with a ruler (1)	2	Common zero is acceptable  5 boxes = 200 or 5 boxes = 250 are both acceptable scales.  Y axis does not have to start at 0  Mark not awarded if line extended to zero from 5°C  If axes wrong way around but points plotted correctly, award 1 mark
-----	---	---	---

(c)	As the temperature increased, the (rate of) metabolism increased	1	NOT - rate of... CO <sub>2</sub> production/ respiration alone NOT - As metabolism increases temperature decreases
-----	--	---	---

8.	a	P is Acetyl CoA Q is Oxaloacetate	2
	b	ATP/ Energy is required  AND A greater amount of energy/ ATP is produced	2
	c	Carry hydrogen and high energy electrons  AND To the electron transport chain	2
	d	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Less ATP/ energy is produced (1)</li> <li>• Fewer electrons are passed to electron transport chain</li> </ul> OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fewer hydrogen ions are pumped through the membrane (1)</li> </ul> OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ATP synthase is damaged (1)</li> </ul>	2

9. a i	ADP + Pi/phosphate/inorganic phosphate Both required	1	NOT - P
a ii	NAD	1	NOT - FAD
a iii	It is a net/overall energy gain (following an energy investment at an earlier stage)  OR  More ATP/energy is produced/released than is used/invested (earlier/in stage1	1	Quantification acceptable ie 2 ATP used but 4 ATP produced
b i	Increases the surface area for (action of) bacteria/Lactobacillus  OR  Bursts cells to release more substrate/cell contents for bacterial action	1	
b ii	Acidic conditions/low pH/change in pH/decreased pH/anaerobic conditions/low oxygen  inhibits/kills/other/most bacteria  OR  pH/oxygen levels optimum for Lactobacillus but not for other/most bacteria	1	