Literacy For All in our Playrooms Talking and Listening







Early Literacy Strategies:

Provocations for talk and addressing the vocabulary gap

















Aim

 To consider evidence-based interventions to enhance listening and talking skills and develop vocabulary.









Content

The Building blocks for Emergent Literacy

Turning book reading into a conversation

- Building vocabulary by making words 'sparkle'
- Expanding children's understanding of stories









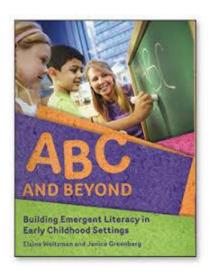
Key reference

Weitzman, E, Greenberg, J (2010)

ABC and Beyond:

Building Emergent Literacy in Early Childhood Settings.

A Hanen Centre Publication











Emergent Literacy









The Building Blocks For Emergent Literacy

Phonological awareness

Language of learning

Print knowledge

Conversation

Vocabulary

Story comprehension









Conversations – letting the child lead

'for some educators, the difficulty isn't so much in finding opportunities to let the child lead but in changing long standing patterns of interaction, as well as changing ideas about what an educator's role really is.'

Weitzman, E, Greenberg, J (2010) ABC and Beyond. A Hanen Publication









Conversations – letting the child lead













Conversations – letting the child lead

- Listening
 - Active listening
- Being face to face
 - Adult on the floor and child on a chair
 - Adult on their stomach and child on the floor
 - Adult on their side and child on the floor
 - Adult with legs crossed on the floor









Importance of the Right Story











Storytelling and Reading Aloud

- Helps to build language and communication skills
- Fosters positive relationships
- Introduces new vocabulary
- Allows opportunities to express thoughts and feelings
- Helps children make sense of the world
- Develops empathy for others
- Develops understanding of the purpose of print
- Exposes children to the mechanics of reading









Choosing and planning your book

- Story: is it interesting and engaging?
- Characters: will children identify with them? Is there diverse cultural representation?
- Pictures: are they attractive and how do they add to the story?
- Theme: can children relate to the theme or central message?
- Experiences: how can you extend the story? Can you add an active element?









Think....

- Are the available books appropriate?
- Are they in good condition without pages missing?
- Are all staff familiar/confident to read them with the children?
- Have the children been shown how to handle them?









Evidence-based Strategies











- Three stages......
- 1. Set the stage for conversation....
 - Comfortable
 - All children can see
 - Small half circle
- 2. Follow the children's lead....
 - Children set the pace
 - relaxed
- 3. Observe Wait Listen









Turn Book reading into a conversation

Observe

- Face to face to encourage interaction
- Place quieter children in front of you
- Stop every now and then to observe children

Wait

- 5-10 seconds
- Very important in encouraging interactions
- This may be before or after you turn the page, after you point out a particular characters expression, after a turning point in the story, after you ask a question

Listen

- Active listening
- Trying to understand without making assumptions or interrupting
- Listening carefully in order to build on what the child says.













Turn Book reading into a conversation

Extending Conversations

Strategy for keeping the conversation going

"studies show that children who participate frequently in extended conversations with adults have better language and literacy outcomes."









Turning book reading into a conversation - the role of the adult

Weitzman, E, Greenberg, J (2010) ABC and Beyond. A Hanen Publication

In an early childhood setting, children's language learning depends on the quality and quantity of their interactions with their teacher

Children who are distractible, as well as those with a reluctant conversational style, miss out on a great deal of learning if they are not fully engaged during book reading











Turn Book reading into a conversation:

Extending Conversations

TURN 2

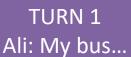
Karen: that's a great big bus... I wonder if we could fit an elephant on it!

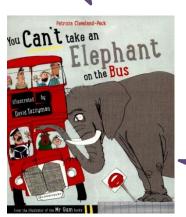
TURN 3

Ali: I think my elephant is too big... I will try...

TURN 4

Karen: oh the poor elephant! She is too big to fit! Would any of her friends fit?





TURN 5

Ali: the dog is smaller and I have seen dogs on buses before...









Conversation

Extending Conversations

TURN 1

Jordan: Moira, look! I made a giant car with the blocks. TURN 3 Jordan: I am going to drive to Africa to see the elephants.

TURN 5 Jordan: No it won't. My car can fly and it can go really fast

TURN 2

Moira: Jordan, what an amazing car!
Where are you going to go in your car?

TURN 4

Moira: All the way to Africa! Africa is very far. I think it will take you a long time to get there.











Effective Questioning

• Try to:

- ask questions which are relevant to the child and linked to the story and follow the child's interest
- encourage children to think and give opinions e.g. what would you do if you were Jack?

Avoid:

- too many questions
- asking testing/right or wrong questions
- questions which are to easy or obvious



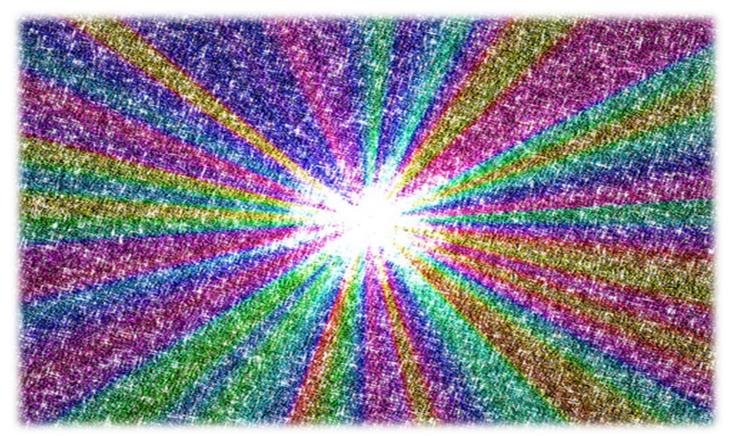






Evidence-based Strategies: Sparkle Words

Building Vocabulary: Sparkle Words













Building Vocabulary: Making Words 'Sparkle'

- Why does vocabulary matter?
 - will impact on their ability to communicate, make sense of their word and will impact on the type of learner they will become.
 - vocabulary is a tool for thinking and understanding the world
 - children with rich vocabularies have an enormous educational advantage









Building Vocabulary: L Making Words 'Sparkle'

- Do all children's books promote vocabulary learning?
- Consider does this book:
 - include interesting new topics?
 - include unfamiliar words and use repetition to emphasise them?
 - help to clarify unfamiliar words through attractive illustrations?
 - have a well written exciting storyline?











Building Vocabulary: Making Words 'Sparkle'

- Plan ahead to select best focus vocabulary
 - Consider how you will explain the words
- Select no more than five focus words
- Ensure that there is a variety of words.
 - Verbs
 - Adjectives
 - Adverbs
 - Nouns
- Consider the three step approach









Vocabulary



Three steps to making words sparkle

Step 1

- Everyday words e.g. cold, cat, car, fast
- Useful for new to English learners

Step 2

- More sophisticated words e.g. release, delighted
- More precise words e.g. exhausted
- Words that introduce a new concept e.g. engineer, election

Step 3

• **Specialised words** e.g. liquid, evaporate, exhaust











Shooting for the SSTaRS

- Stress the new word to focus children's attention
- Show the children what the word means
- Tell the children what the word means
- and
- Relate the word to child's own experiences and other situations
- Say it again....









Story Comprehension Interactive, shared reading approach













Story Comprehension Interactive, shared reading approach

Stage of development

Relevance of book choice

Selecting vocabulary

Model 'think alouds'

Overarching focus

Time and Place









Story Comprehension Interactive, shared reading approach

- Book handling skills and concept of print will be a feature of each 'read' before the reading begins.
- Overarching focus could be:
 - Introducing new vocabulary
 - Developing an understanding of story elements (character, setting, problem, actions, resolution) and structure (beginning, middle, end)
 - To develop more elaborate interactions and extend thinking and language skills further









Story Comprehension Story Elements

- Characters what we learn about the characters, personalities, how they think, feel
- Setting identify and describe setting
- Problem motivate children to figure out how problem will be resolved
- Actions consequences of actions, how this builds excitement
- Resolution how the situation comes to an end.









Comprehension



Story Comprehension: First Read

- Help children to understand 'big picture'
- Try to keep the story moving
- By the end of the story discuss
 - Who are the main characters?
 - What is the problem in the story?
 - What has happened?
 - What are the lessons?
- Use comments and questions to extend thinking on Story Elements
 - I'm thinking that...I am wondering why....









Story Comprehension: Second Read

- Same story
- Further understanding of the story
- Revisit Story Elements
- Ask 'after reading' questions why?
 What do you think about?
- Encouraging children to explain more about their thinking











Story Comprehension: Third Read

- Read story again, continuing to reinforce comprehension
- Children taking more active role
- Children reconstruct story events and also talk about feelings and motivations of characters
- Using illustrations, extend comprehension with questions
 - Why did this happen?
 - Why did he do that?
- Encourage children to make connections











Story Comprehension: Provocations for talk

- To recap:
 - Frequent
 - Interactive
 - Promote dialogue
 - Story elements
 - Think alouds

Make the story come alive











Story Comprehension Provocations for talk



- High level of adult initiation
- High maintenance required.



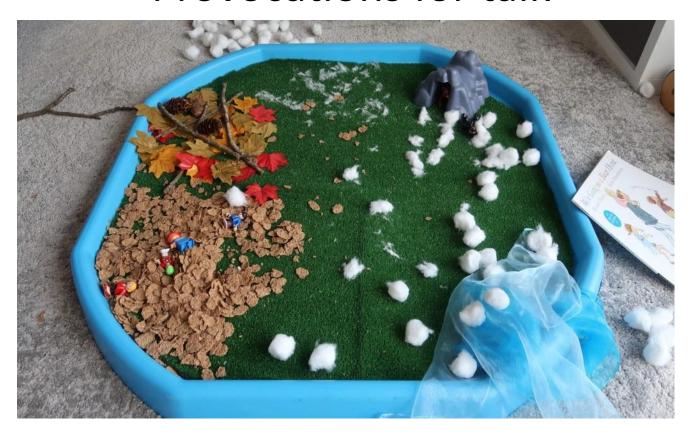






Evidence-based Strategies: Provocations for Talk

Story Comprehension Provocations for talk







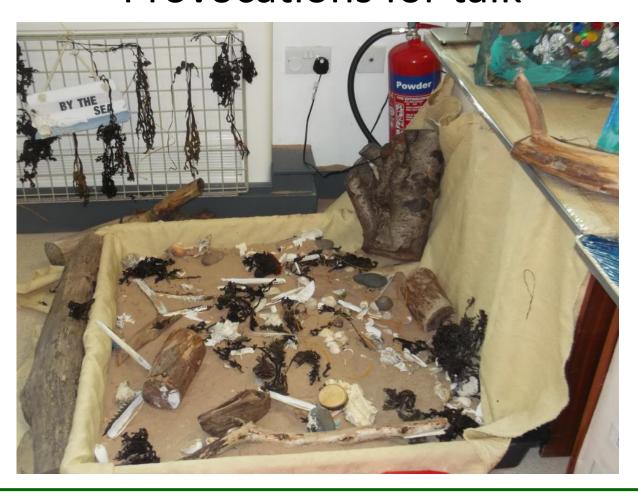




Evidence-based
Strategies: Provocations for Talk

Story Comprehension Provocations for talk













I See... I Think.... I Wonder....

- Careful observations
- Thoughtful interpretations
- Stimulates curiosity and inquiry



What do you see?



What do you think about that?



What does it make you wonder?













See



Think



Wonder

https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/portfolio_page/lets-play-football/







- Activates prior knowledge
- Generate ideas
- Stimulates curiosity and inquiry



What do you think you know about these/this object(s)?



What questions or puzzles do you have?



Explore – senses and investigation









Curiosity Cube









What...?

Who...?

Where...?

When...?

Why...?

How...?











Curiosity Cube

Motivation for social interaction

Hook for learning, exploration and investigation

Effective questioning to develop thinking

Multisensory approach





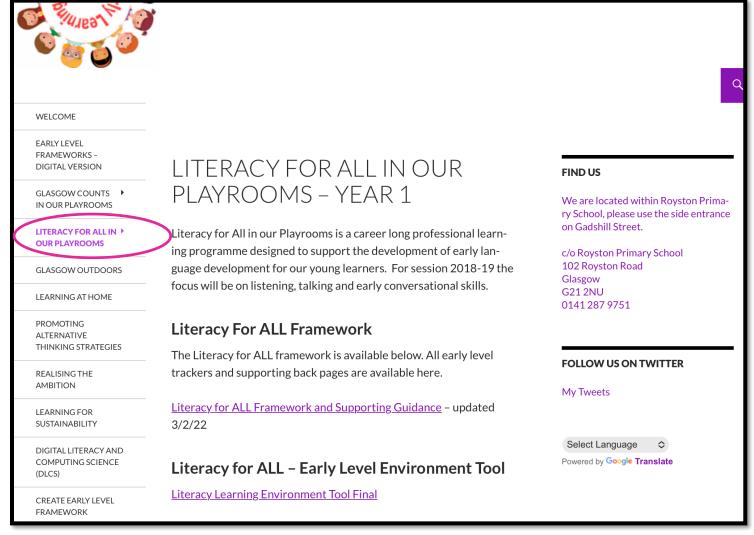


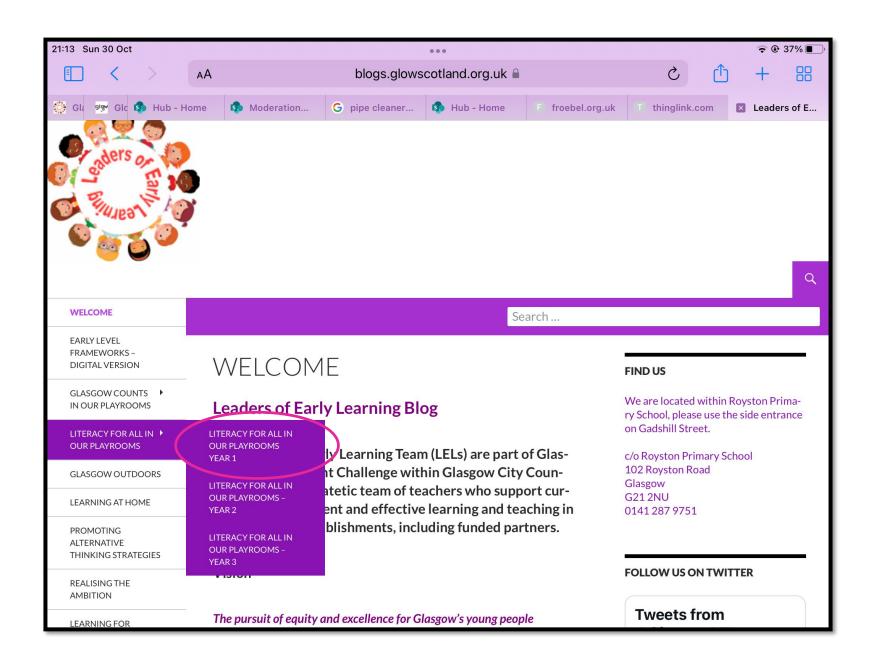


Early Level Tracker 1

	Enjoyment & Choice LIT 0-01a LIT 0-11a LIT 0-20a LIT 0-01b	Become increasingly aware that there are different types of texts e.g. stories, non fiction				With support, through i and share lik	illustrations	5	Begin to develo through lister exploring diff form		ing to and erent text	select tex collab	apported to appropriate within appropriate	ate nd	Enjoy exploring an reciting nursery rhymes, songs or chants	Generate a short string of rhyming words (can be nonsense rhymes)	
		Enjoy exploring, lentifying and generating rhyme using familiar words e.g. own name Enjoy exploring th of language and li stories read ale reading role r		d listening to			gh stea rain with	and rhymes		clap out	in to dovolon confidence to l		confi handlin	book correctly		Begin to become aware that print conveys meaning	
ng	Tools for Reading	familiar words as appropriate familiar initial sound				aurally identify most ds starting with own iends' names		1			nerate some words with sami ial sound			Begin to recognise the difference between a letter and a word			
Reading	ENG 0-12a LIT 0-13a LIT 0-21a	Begin to use knowledge of sounds, patterns and word shapes to recognise words and some sounds within words					ne Beg	Begin to use context clues such as illustrations to support understanding of stories.					Begin to be aware of some basic punctuation when sharing a story				
	Understandin g Analysing and Evaluating LIT 0-07a ENG 0-17a LIT 0-16a LIT 0-19a	Explore and discuss features such as title, author, blurb, illustrator and pictures					Discuss the basic differences betweer fiction and non fiction and begin to develop understanding				With support, use what is known already about subje and text type to help understanding			Ask and answer simple open ended			
		Use knowledge of famil patterns and answer questi help predict what will hap next	Shares thought ries and other t re		characte text and	ntribute to discussion about of haracters and ideas relevant t text and begin to make some th own experiences and othe			the Re	etell familiar stories in different way e.g. role play, puppets and drawings							
	Finding & Using Information LIT 0-14a	Identify some familiar prin from environment	ion and non fiction texts when				upport, find information in ext to learn new things			Begin to answer simple open ended questions about what has been explicitly stated in specific sections of nonfiction texts			Retell some key events from a familiar story				

Leaders of Early Learning Blog Supporting Guidance







WELCOME

EARLY LEVEL FRAMEWORKS – DIGITAL VERSION

GLASGOW COUNTS
IN OUR PLAYROOMS

LITERACY FOR ALL IN DOUR PLAYROOMS

GLASGOW OUTDOORS

LEARNING AT HOME

PROMOTING ALTERNATIVE THINKING STRATEGIES

REALISING THE AMBITION

LEARNING FOR SUSTAINABILITY

DIGITAL LITERACY AND COMPUTING SCIENCE (DLCS)

CREATE EARLY LEVEL FRAMEWORK

LITERACY FOR ALL IN OUR PLAYROOMS – YEAR 1

Literacy for All in our Playrooms is a career long professional learning programme designed to support the development of early language development for our young learners. For session 2018-19 the focus will be on listening, talking and early conversational skills.

Literacy For ALL Framework

The Literacy for ALL framework is available below. All early level trackers and supporting back pages are available here.

<u>Literacy for ALL Framework and Supporting Guidance</u> – updated 3/2/22

Literacy for ALL - Early Level Environment Tool

Literacy Learning Environment Tool Final

FIND US

We are located within Royston Primary School, please use the side entrance on Gadshill Street.

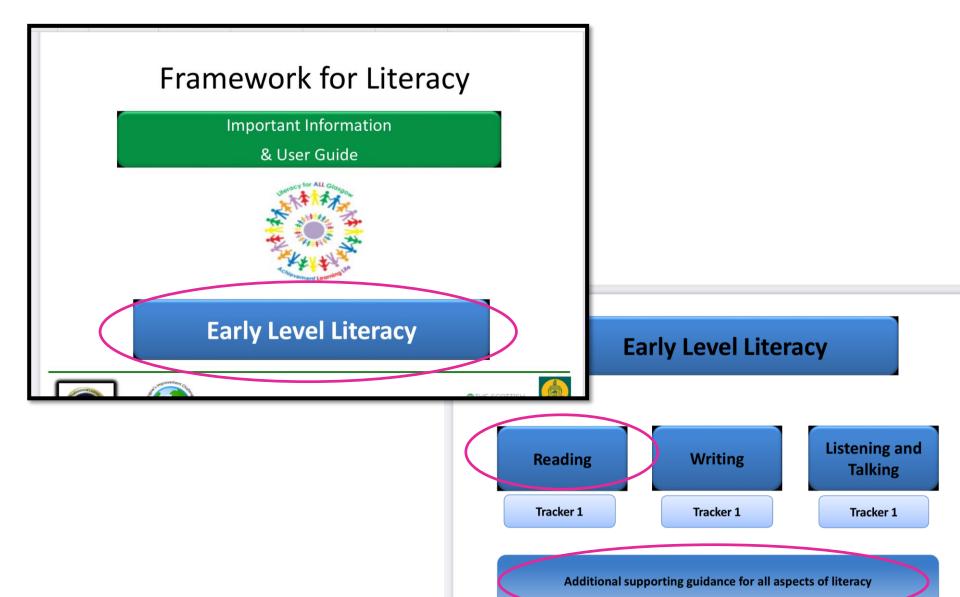
c/o Royston Primary School 102 Royston Road Glasgow G21 2NU 0141 287 9751

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Book Area

The following tips may be useful for anyone wishing to set up a book area, you should also consider ensuring access to books in your outdoor space:

- · Have an open, accessible bookcase or shelving to display or store books with the cover showing.
- · Ensure there is adequate space for sitting.
- · Make the space cosy and inviting with rugs, soft furnishings and lighting.
- Children should be involved in the organisation and maintenance of the book area. This encourages responsibility for the care of books.
- Provide a wide selection of books, fiction/non-fiction, big books, sensory/flip books and ensure that texts are relevant to planned areas
 of learning and seasonal/cultural events.
- Ensure the texts available take account of gender diversity, cultural relevance and the home languages spoken by the children in your setting. Texts should also reflect children's interests and language ability.
- · Provide opportunities for children's choice ensuring their favourite stories are available.
- · Provide children with access to puppets, story sacks or props to support them in retelling the stories they hear.
- · A listening station can be useful, consider the use of QR codes to enable children to choose which stories they wish to hear.
- · Provide opportunities for mark making inspired by the stories they hear, a portable mark making kit can be a helpful resource.







Early Level Tracker 1: Spaces

portant to support the development of enthusiastic and thoughtful readers.

ction, magazines, websites, instructions, recipes, menus, digital texts. versity, cultural relevance, language diversity and children's interests and language ability. of a playroom and outdoors.

to see print and understand its meaning e.g. labelling with children's names, labelling of print.

Idren to engage in meaningful conversations making use of key strategies, <u>Observing, Waiting and</u>
<u>Listening</u>, <u>Extending Conversations</u> and Making Thinking Visible.

- Use Tell Me: Book Talk The Three Sharing to encourage children to engage with texts by:
 - talking about their likes, dislikes and thoughts.
 - $\circ \ \ providing \ children \ time \ and \ space \ to \ ask \ their \ own \ questions \ about \ texts \ and \ puzzles \ they \ may \ have.$
 - o supporting children to make connections with texts e.g. their own experience/prior knowledge, with the world around them or with another text







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 https://blogs.glowscotland.org.uk/gc/gccleadersofearlylearning/









Literacy For All in our Playrooms Talking and Listening







Early Literacy Strategies:

Provocations for talk and addressing the vocabulary gap















