Framework for Expressive Arts Early, First & Second Level



Art & Design

Dance

Drama

Music

Guidance on using this framework







Framework for Expressive Arts Guidance on using this framework

The Glasgow CREATE Framework for Expressive Arts has been designed to support practitioners to provide progression in learning in Expressive Arts within Curriculum for Excellence, and to provide challenging, inspirational and enjoyable learning experiences which will enable children and young people to:

- be creative and express themselves in different ways
- experience enjoyment and contribute to other people's enjoyment through creative and expressive performance and presentation
- develop important skills, both those specific to the expressive arts and those which are transferable
- develop an appreciation of aesthetic and cultural values, identities and ideas and, for some,
- prepare for advanced learning and future careers by building foundations for excellence in the expressive arts.

(Building the Curriculum 1)

It is intended that this framework is used to:

- Support practitioner knowledge and understanding of skills progression across CfE Levels within Expressive Arts
- Support planning for learning in, through and about the Expressive Arts
- Support practitioners to track progress and inform professional judgement
- Ensure consistency of learner experiences across establishments
- Encourage interdisciplinary learning by highlighting opportunities for links to be made across the Expressive Arts organisers and the wider curriculum, and in particular, to support skills for literacy development at Early Level
- Enable links to be made with professional arts companies, creative adults and cultural organisations which will enhance opportunities and experiences for learners









Framework for Expressive Arts Guidance on using this framework

Supporting Guidance

The majority of activities in the expressive arts involve creating and presenting and are practical and experiential. Evaluating and appreciating are an integral part of the creative process and are linked to developing creative skills, knowledge and understanding and enhancing enjoyment.

(Expressive arts: Principles and practice)

The suggested teaching strategies and approaches with exemplar learning experiences in this framework are reflective of the statement above, with a strong focus on creating, presenting, evaluating and appreciating as core lines of development within Expressive Arts. These suggestions, however, are not exhaustive and practitioners are encouraged to explore a wide variety approaches, materials and partnerships to create opportunities which meet learners' needs and nurture children's skills, talents or interests.

Glossaries

A Glossary of Terms for each Curriculum Organiser can be downloaded which provides definitions for any technical terms used in the Trackers and Supporting Guidance.

Accessing the Framework

The Framework for Expressive Arts can be viewed online at www.glasgowcreate.online and can be downloaded for use as an interactive PDF.







Framework for Expressive Arts Navigation around the framework: Title Page & Organisers

The Framework for Expressive Arts is arranged by Curriculum Organisers and Experiences and Outcomes in line with Curriculum for Excellence.

Click each tile to access the progression framework for that Curriculum Organiser.



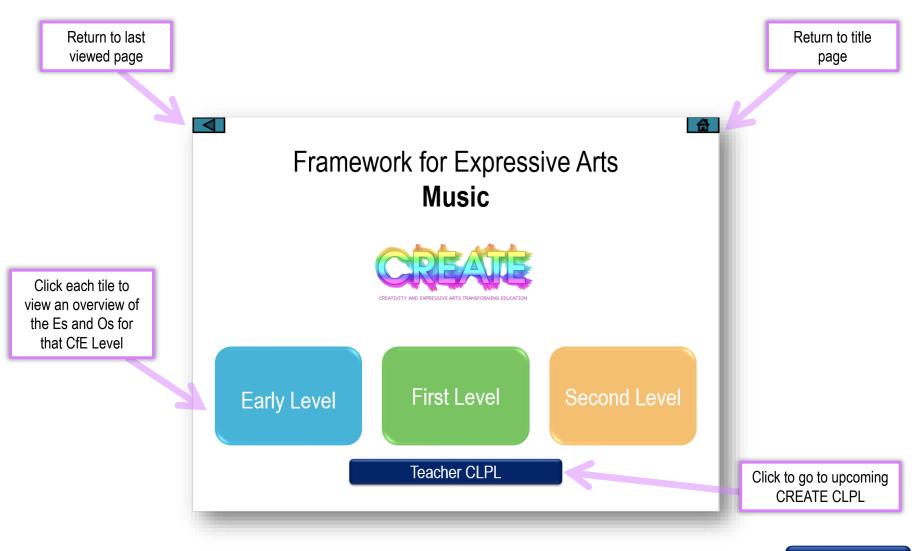
Go to beginning of the guidance section







Framework for Expressive Arts Navigation around the framework: Organiser & Levels







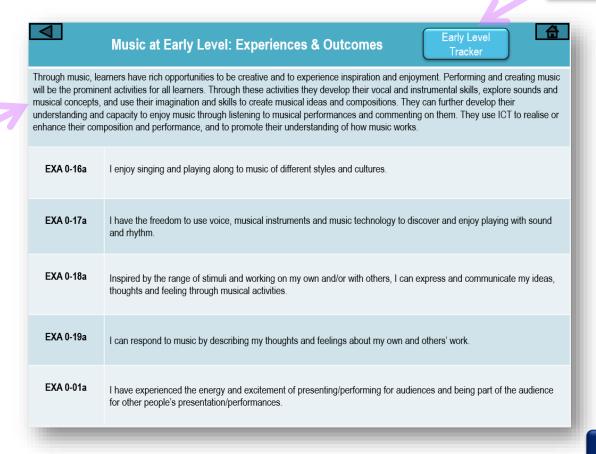


Framework for Expressive Arts Navigation around the framework: Es & Os Overview

Within each of the four expressive arts Curriculum Organisers (Art & Design, Dance, Drama, Music) there is an overview of the Es and Os and one tracker for each CfF I evel.

Click to view the tracker for that level

CfE descriptor for that Curriculum Organiser









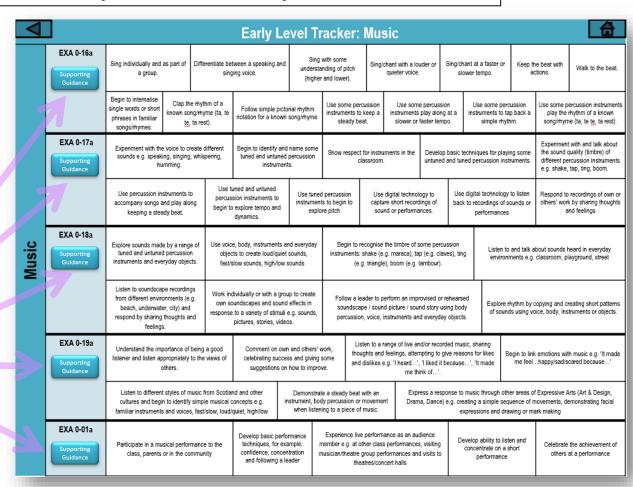


Framework for Expressive Arts Navigation around the framework: Tracker

On each tracker, the Es and Os are arranged down the left hand side and these are used to organise the relevant knowledge, skills and understanding for that CfE Level.

For each E and O, there is a Supporting Guidance page with suggested teaching strategies and approaches and links to useful resources.

Click to view
Supporting
Guidance for that
E and O.



The Trackers <u>do not show a linear progression</u> and aspects of each E & O can be bundled together across the Curriculum Organiser, and links should be made with the wider curriculum.

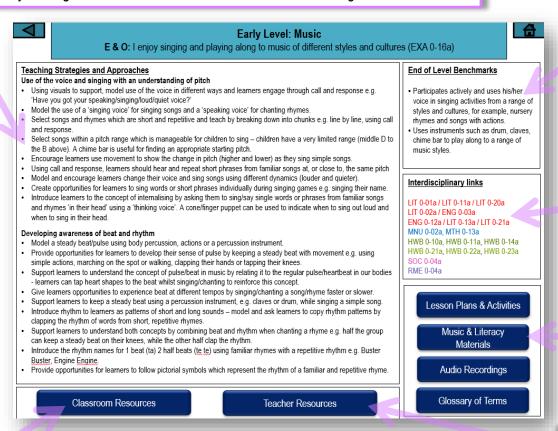






Framework for Expressive Arts Navigation around the framework: Supporting Guidance

These are some suggested teaching strategies and approaches for developing children's knowledge, skills and understanding relevant to this E and O. Please note that learning experiences should be planned by making links across the Es and Os and are 'bundled' together.



The relevant end of Level Benchmarks are highlighted here.

These are suggested links that could be made with other curricular areas.

Click on each tile to go to supporting materials on the CREATE website e.g. lesson plans, videos, recordings, glossaries

Click to view suggested resources for teachers to explore e.g. books, websites, apps, useful documents

Click to view suggested resources for use in the classroom e.g. printable resources, practical materials

End of guidance: return to title page



Framework for Expressive Arts Art & Design



Early Level

First Level

Second Level

Teacher CLPL



Art & Design at Early Level: Experiences & Outcomes

Early Level

Tracker

for other people's presentation/performances.

Through art and design, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. They explore a wide range of two- and three-dimensional media and technologies through practical activities, and create, express, and communicate ideas. Their studies of the works of artists and designers enhance their enjoyment and deepen their knowledge and understanding.

EXA 0-02a I have the freedom to discover and choose ways to create images and objects using a variety of materials.

EXA 0-04a



I can create a range of visual information through observing and recording from my experiences across the curriculum. **EXA 0-05a**

art and design.

Working on my own and with others, I use my curiosity and imagination to solve design problems.

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience

EXA 0-01a

I can respond to the work of artists and designers by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept **EXA 0-07a** constructive comment on my own and others' work.

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through activities within **EXA 0-06a**



Early Level Tracker: Art & Design



											-						
	EXA 0-02a Supporting Guidance	tools e.g. crayons, pencils, pens, pastels, charcoal, sidewalk chalk, printing with finger,			Use movement to create a range of marks, e.g. large scale work on whiteboard, SmartBoard, playground, large rolls of paper.			x, and structuvy, e.g. build v	res usi vith blo	using a variety of materials blocks, stickle bricks, Lego around, tangra			with shapes, drawing ro		manipula rolling, p	relop skills in ting materials, e.g. binching, tearing, cutting, joining, folding.	
		Experiment with co through creating artv e.g. paintings, drawi digital images, colla	vork, and nam	emo	scribe colours and rotions and experience ight, hot, cold, sad, angry.	ces, e.g.	in ind	er and create sim oor/outdoor envir s, pinecones, sno	onmen	nts, e.g	. shells, leaves	using ap	propriat	te vocabula	nses and ta ry e.g. rougl fy, jaggy, st	n, smooth,	Create collage.
		Create images/film using digital technologies, e.g. use iPads to record role play or small world play. Create artwork using weaving tec paper, ribbon, str Experiment with modelling mat plasticine, salt dough					string, raf naterials,	ng, raffia wide range of materials, e.g. paint, perials, e.g. play dough, crayon, chalk, tissue paper layering, beautiful beau			Create patterns/repeat patterns using lacing, eads, pegboards, cubes, rinting and loose parts.						
ign	EXA 0-04a Supporting Guidance	Notice and comment on surrounding environment, e.g. comment on colour, shape, pattern, texture, images, posters, illustrations in books.			Use senses to experience indoor and outdoor environments. Use senses to investigate ob magnifying glasses, viewfinders, and feely bags, sensory verified to the sense of the			s, viewfinders, se	nsory t	observations i.e. take photographs		Use observations to create a variety of artwork relating to surrounding environments, e.g. drawing, painting, printing, rubbings, 3D structures.					
t & Design	Supporting Guidance	Create artwork in and roleplay (e.g. m	ake a mask of favo	urite animal	make a puppet or model of a character) nimal for zoo role play) and smallworld pla box garage for cars).			Create artwo response to filn drawing favouri of the film	film (e.g. e.g. creating marks whilst listening to classical music, junk model			ning	Create artwork in response to the environment (e.g. drawing around shadows, construction, take photographs) and seasons (e.g. leaf printing/collage, pictures using seasonal colours).				
Art		Create artwork in re e.g. "Here is a pla could we use	1	ate artwork in response to sensory trays g. mark making in sand, foam, gloop.			/s, Share ideas, thoughts and feelings in respon- artwork e.g. state what they like and don't li										
	EXA 0-06a Supporting Guidance	Identify design problems e.g. in role-play, the king wants a crown.	Explore feature e.g. look at pictures, books discuss what it looks like.	, e ma				olore solutions e.g. cperience trial and error. Create a finished outcome for a specific purpose.		process, ex	because		because	r choices, e.g. "I used cardboard use it was bendy", "I stuck these is together to make it a round shape"			
	EXA 0-07a Supporting Guidance	Share thoughts and opinions on other children's work / work of artists and designers e.g. I like it because/ It makes me feel			Ariswei qui	Answer questions about own artwork. Look at and ask question about others' artwork.			s Comment on colour, mood, lines, s and texture in simple language				g positive	sugges	e and receive stions on how to rove artwork.		
	EXA 0-01a Supporting Guidance	Present own artwo	<i>'</i>	decisions o	o contribute and be on how to present ov e.g. framing, hangin display.	wn and othe	ers ex	Experience being cample, other class presentations and	ss pres	sentatio	ons, visiting arti	st others	artwork	lk about ow k, including l rtists.			the achievement in their artwork.





E & O: I have the freedom to discover and choose ways to create images and objects using a variety of materials (EXA 0-02a)

End of Level Benchmarks

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- uses a variety of available materials and technology; shows understanding that line can have different qualities, for example, thick, thin, broken, wavy.

Recognises colour, line, shape and at least one more of the visual elements: form, tone, pattern, texture.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-21b, LIT 0-26a

Numeracy and mathematics: MNU 0-01a, MNU 0-20a, MTH 0-13a, MTH 0-16a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 0-01a

Technologies: TCH 0-01b, TCH 0-04b, TCH 0-10a, TCH 0-11a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

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Example Lessons Coming





E & O: I can create a range of visual information through observing and recording from my experiences across the curriculum (EXA 0-04a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Records from experiences across the curriculum, for example, through observing and remembering, makes a model or drawing based on an aspect of the natural environment such as natural items from the sea shore, the countryside, a forest.

Recognises colour, line, shape and at least one more of the visual elements: form, tone, pattern, texture.

Interdisciplinary links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-02a/ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-21b

Numeracy and mathematics: MNU 0-01a, MNU 0-20a, MTH 0-13a, MTH 0-16a

Technologies: TCH 0-01a

Science: SCN 0-01a, SCN 0-12a

Social Studies: SOC 0-07a, SOC 0-08a, SOC 0-09a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary





E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through activities within art and design (EXA 0-05a)

End of Level Benchmarks

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- uses a variety of available materials and technology; shows understanding that line can have different qualities, for example, thick, thin, broken, wavy.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others on their own or others' work.

Interdisciplinary links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-02a/ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-21b, LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-09b / LIT 0-31a

LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a

Technologies: TCH 0-01a TCH 0-04bTCH 0-09bTCH 0-10aTCH 0-11a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons Coming





E & O: Working on my own and with others, I use my curiosity and imagination to solve design problems (EXA 0-06a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Solves simple design problems, working on their own and with others, using a degree of trial and error, for example, designs a simple container for an agreed purpose.

Interdisciplinary links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-02a/ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-21b

Technology: TCH 0-04c, TCH 0-09a, TCH 0-10a, TCH 0-11a

Science: SCN 0-15a

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E & O: I can respond to the work of artists and designers by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 0-07a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares thoughts and feelings in response to the work of at least one artist and one designer, giving reasons for likes and dislikes.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others on their own or others' work.

Recognises colour, line, shape and at least one more of the visual elements: form, tone, pattern, texture.

Interdisciplinary links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-02a/ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-09a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-01a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons

Coming



Early Level Art & Design: Classroom Resources



Core Art Materials	 Pens/pencils/crayons/chalk of various thickness in wide range Poster Paint, Tempera paint, Watercolour Paint, Acrylic Paint Range of brushes in various sizes (to allow for thick and thin I Sponges, nailbrushes and toothbrushes Water pots, large mixing trays Chalk Pastels, Charcoal, Oil Pastels Printing resources - printing ink, trays, rollers and stampers Sheets of acrylic Variety of papers in different textures/ thickness/ colours Newsprint, large rolls of paper, wallpaper samples, newspape Tissue paper, cellophane, shiny paper, sticky shapes, crepe p Right and left-handed scissors, scissors with various lines e.g Modelling clay and tools, play dough with tools, plasticine, glo Sand Fabric swatches and squares in various prints and textures Masking tape, cello tape, glue sticks, pva, glue spreaders, pal Classroom resources for making patterns and constructing 3E Junk modelling resources Loose parts Transient art materials - grass/leaves/twigs Cameras/iPads Viewfinders, magnifying glasses Standing and table-top easels Aprons 	r, magazines and catalogues for collage aper, cotton wool, tinfoil . zig-zag op, slime per clips, string				
Stimuli for creating artwork	 Picture books Film and animation Photographs Objects Sensory experiences and feely bags 	SculptureArchitectureNatural environmentOther artists' workMusic				
<u>Digital</u> <u>Technology</u>	iPadsCamerasSpeaker					



Early Level Art & Design: Teacher Resources



	Engaging Learners Through Artwork by K. Douglas & D. Jaquith								
<u>Books</u>	The Open Art Room by M Purtee & I. Sands								
	The Learner Directed Classroom: Developing Creative Thinking Skills Through Art by D. Jacquith & N. Hathaway								
	Choice without Chaos by A. Bedrick (ebook)								
	Expressive Arts and Design in the Early Years by A. McTavish								
	Supporting Creativity and Imagination in the Early Years by B. Duffy								
	The Usbourne Complete Book of Art Ideas by F. Watt								
	The Little Book of Print Making by L. Garner								
	The Little Book of Sewing and Weaving by S. Featherstone								
	50 Fantastic Ideas Inspired by Famous Artists by J. Harris								
	50 Fantastic Things to do with Paint by A. Bryce-Clegg & K. Beeley								
Online resources & digital tools	Websites								
Online Courses	Art & Activity: Interactive Strategies for Engaging with Art https://www.coursera.org/learn/art-activity								
	Art & Inquiry: Museum Teaching Strategies For Your Classroom https://www.coursera.org/learn/artinquiry								



Early Level Art & Design: Websites



The School Arts Room	https://www.schoolartsroom.com/
Teaching for Artistic Behaviour	https://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/index.html
National Society for Education in Art and Design	https://www.nsead.org/
Glasgow Life - Museums	https://www.glasgowlife.org.uk/museums/learning/schools-and-nurseries
National Galleries Scotland	https://www.nationalgalleries.org/art-and-artists/for-educators
Museum of Modern Art	https://www.moma.org/learn/moma_learning/
Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art	https://www.nationalgalleries.org/visit/scottish-national-gallery-modern-art
V&A Dundee	https://www.vam.ac.uk/info/primary-schools
Art for Small Hands	http://www.artforsmallhands.com/
TinkerLab	https://tinkerlab.com/
The Art of Education (blog list)	https://theartofeducation.edu/2017/01/30/blog-year-compilation/



EXA 1-03a

Art & Design at First Level: Experiences and Outcomes

First Level Tracker

Through art and design, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. They explore a wide range of two- and three-dimensional media and technologies through practical activities, and create, express, and communicate ideas.

Their studies of the works of artists and designers enhance their enjoyment and deepen their knowledge and understanding. I have the opportunity to choose and explore a range of media and technologies to create images and objects, **EXA 1-02a**

discovering their effects and suitability for specific tasks.

I can create and present work using the visual elements of line, shape, form, colour, tone, pattern and texture.

EXA 1-04a I can create a range of visual information through observing and recording from my experiences across the curriculum.

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through activities within **EXA 1-05a** art and design.

EXA 1-06a I can use exploration and imagination to solve design problems related to real-life situations.

I can respond to the work of artists and designers by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept **EXA 1-07a**

constructive comment on my own and others' work. I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience **EXA 1-01a** for other people's presentation/performances.



First Level Tracker: Art & Design (page 1)

page 2



All & Design	E
	E

EXA 1-02a Experiment with a wide range of markmaking tools.

Develop vocabulary to describe effects, e.g. pastels can be

smudaed.

Describe properties of materials in relation to their suitability for a task e.g. use paint rather than crayons to colour a junk model as wax won't work on that surface.

Select preferred tool for a purpose.

Regularly use a wide range of work surfaces and scale e.g. large scale work, different papers and 3D surfaces. canvas, outdoor environment.

Experiment with a range create images and objects for specific

Explore and describe

textures through

objects and images

of technologies to

tasks and effect.

Manipulate materials with increasing control.

Link textures, and colours to

emotions and characteristics.

e.g. the jaggy and bumpy

crocodile is frightening and the

soft fluffy bunny is gentle.

Use mark making tools with increasing skill, e.g. different sized brushes, sponges, pencil ranges.

Discuss and Create images/film using select digital tools with increasing appropriate confidence, selecting tools digital tools to to suit a purpose suit purpose.

Use modelling materials (playdough,

salt dough, clay etc.) for a specific

purpose. e.g. use papier mâché and a

balloon to make a "bowl"

Regularly access a wide range of tools for image and object creation.

Explore tools and materials with increasing skill e.g. use pastel on it's side to cover a large area but use the tip to draw details.

Use a variety of objects materials to create 3D structures with increasing mastery e.g. more complex structures such as bridges.

Use a variety of materials to create 2D shapes and images e.g. printing, tiling collage.

Use 3D materials to weave and wind around objects such as wool ribbon, string, rope, thread, with increasing accuracy.

Combine materials and

objects to create new

image/structure to fit a

purpose / present

information.

EXA 1-03a

Line Create a variety of lines, e.g. thick,

- thin, straight, wavy, zig-zag, with increasing control and purpose Recognise horizontal, vertical and diagonal lines
- Use a range of different kinds of line to create artwork

Shape

- Describe 2D and 3D shapes using appropriate vocabulary
- Use appropriate positional language and show understanding
- Create images and objects using 2D and 3D shapes with increasing complexity

Form

Create patterns using beads, pasta,

loose parts, natural materials, paper,

colour. 3D objects which are selected

for a purpose.

- Use tools to join materials together. E.g., glue, string, folding, tying, paper clips, elastic bands etc. with increasing independence
- Use dark and light to create form on 2D surface
- Plan and create models and sculptures
- Explore a range materials for creating 3D forms e.g. papier mâché, junk modelling, textiles, paper, clay, salt dough, mixed-media

Explore range of ways to join materials together using fine motor skills with increasing skill and precision

Texture

- Explore and describe texture with increasingly developed vocabulary through physical objects and images.
- Use and select materials/visual elements to recreate a texture in an image/object. E..g using lines to recreate tree bark or shells.

form)

Explore range of collage materials /mixed media/textiles to create textured images and objects.

Colour

Experiment with colour mixing and application

using e.g. poster paint, water colour paint,

block paint, crayon, chalk pastels, pencils,

brush pens, tissue paper, acrylic sheets.

- Identify and use primary colours (red, yellow, blue) and secondary colours (orange, green, purple)
- Use primary colours to mix secondary colours.
- Mix primary colours to create brown.
- Use colours to evoke feeling or mood in an artwork.
- Select appropriate colours for a purpose.
- Experiment with colours using paint, pastel, tissue

paper, cellophane.

Tone

- Identify light and dark. Use range of media to create light and
- dark on 2D surfaces. Use hard and soft materials to create
- - light and dark images. Experiment using monochrome and

darken colours

limited colour palettes. Use black and white to lighten and Pattern

- Notice and describe patterns in the inside and outdoor environment.
- Use line, shape and colour to finish and create patterns with increasing
- complexity. Explore symmetrical pattern. Using a variety of 2D and 3D materials.

EXA 1-04a

Develop observation skills using increasingly detailed language related to the VISUAL ELEMENTS to comment on a range of visual stimuli (i.e. colour, shape/space, pattern, texture, line, tone,

Continue to develop use of senses to experience and investigate indoor and outdoor environments, using the visual elements to focus observation skills.

Investigate using magnifying glasses, viewfinders and sensory boxes.

Use digital technologies to make observations and investigations, i.e. take photographs with increasing skill.

With increasing skill, use observations, sketches, photographs to create a variety of artwork relating to surrounding environments, interdisciplinary work and

contexts for learning.

Drawing: using increased complexity and accuracy.

Painting: Use language of painting-dark/light, tone, tint, translucent, opaque Mix paint to make different colours, make secondary colours, mix with black/white to make tones and tints, name and mix cool and complementary colours Use different tools for effects, experiment with and control different types of paint.

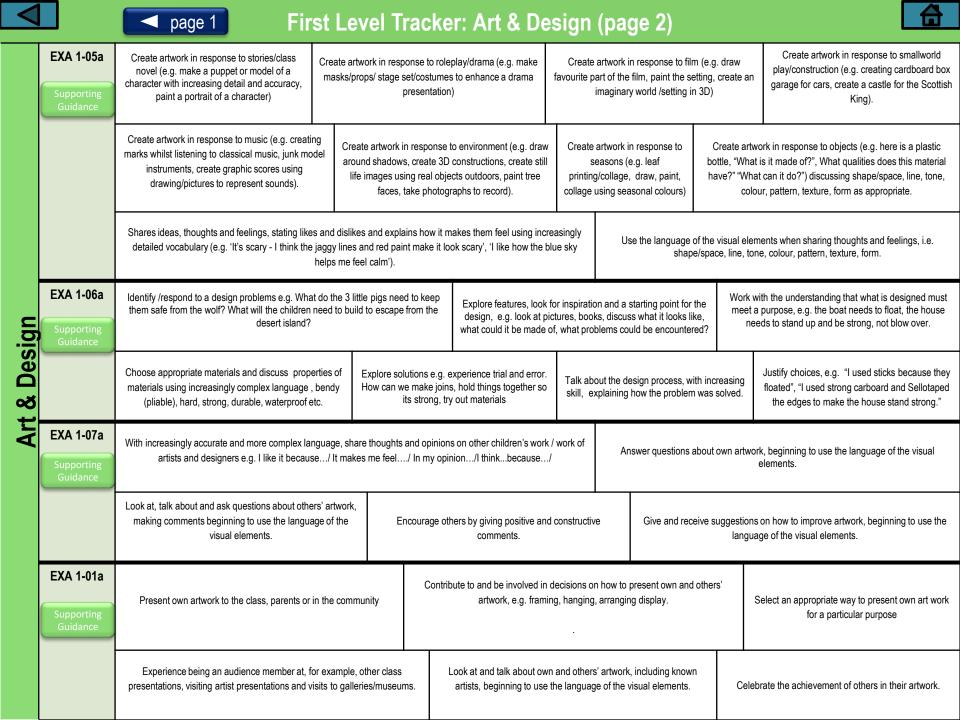
Printing: repeat patterns, use more than one colour, make

own printing

blocks or tiles

Rubbings:

3D structures: experiment with Explore and select layers of objects different materials for printing to to make models. create effects. sculptures, textiles.







E & O: I have the opportunity to choose and explore a range of media and technologies to create images and objects, discovering their effects and suitability for specific tasks (EXA 1-02a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Recognises and names most of the visual elements: line, shape, form, colour, tone, pattern, texture.

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- chooses and uses technology and a range of media;
- shows some understanding of the qualities and limitations of selected media, for example, uses pencil instead of a large brush to make fine marks, uses chalks instead of pencil to fill larger spaces;

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-10a, LIT 1-24a, LIT 1-26a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 1-16a, MTH 1-16b, MTH 1-19a, MNU 1-19b, MNU 1-20a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 1-01a

Technologies: TCH 1-01b, TCH 1-04a, TCH 1-04b, TCH 1-11a, TCH 1-12a, TCH 1-15a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons

Coming soon!





E & O: I can create and present work using the visual elements of line, shape, form, colour, tone, pattern and texture (EXA 1-03a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Recognises and names most of the visual elements: line, shape, form, colour, tone, pattern, texture.

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- chooses and uses technology and a range of media;
- shows understanding of basic colour theory, for example, which secondary colours are made from mixing primary colours;
- shows some understanding of the qualities and limitations of selected media, for example, uses pencil instead of a large brush to make fine marks, uses chalks instead of pencil to fill larger spaces;
- shows understanding of the concept of scale, for example, represents mountains as bigger than people.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-10a, LIT 1-24a, LIT 1-26a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 1-16a, MTH 1-16b, MTH 1-19a, MNU 1-19b, MNU 1-20a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 1-01a

Technologies: TCH 1-01b, TCH 1-04a, TCH 1-04b, TCH 1-11a, TCH 1-12a, TCH 1-15a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary





E & O: I can create a range of visual information through observing and recording from my experiences across the curriculum (EXA 1-04a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Records directly from experiences across the curriculum, for example, observes and sketches a view from a window, features of the built environment, pets, self or others.

Recognises and names most of the visual elements: line, shape, form, colour, tone, pattern, texture.

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- chooses and uses technology and a range of media
- shows understanding of basic colour theory, for example, which secondary colours are made from mixing primary colours;
- shows understanding of the concept of scale, for example, represents mountains as bigger than people.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-09a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 1-13a, MTH 1-16a, MTH 1-16b, MTH 1-19a

Technologies: TCH 1-01a, TCH 1-09a, TCH 1-15a

Science: SCN 1-12b, SCN 1-15a

Social Studies: SOC 1-07a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through activities within art and design (EXA 1-05a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares thoughts and feelings by expressing personal views in response to the work of at least one artist and one designer.

Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some art and design vocabulary.

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- chooses and uses technology and a range of media;
- shows understanding of basic colour theory, for example, which secondary colours are made from mixing primary colours;
- shows some understanding of the qualities and limitations of selected media, for example, uses pencil instead of a large brush to make fine marks, uses chalk instead of pencil to fill larger spaces;
- shows understanding of the concept of scale, for example, represents mountains as bigger than people.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-09a

Technologies: TCH 1-01a, TCH 1-04b, TCH 1-09a, TCH 1-10a, TCH 1-11a, TCH 1-12a

Science: SCN 1-15a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary





E & O: I can use exploration and imagination to solve design problems related to real-life situations (EXA 1-06a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Solves at least one design problem related to real-life, showing some evidence of planning, for example, designs a simple item to be worn on the head or body.

Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some art and design vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-09a

Technologies: TCH 1-04b, TCH 1-04d, TCH 1-09a, TCH 1-10a, TCH 0-11a, TCH 1-12a

Science: SCN 1-12b, SCN 1-15a

Classroom Resources

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E & O: I can respond to the work of artists and designers by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 1-07a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares thoughts and feelings by expressing personal views in response to the work of at least one artist and one designer.

Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some art and design vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a, ENG 1-03a, LIT 1-09a, LIT 1-10a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-11a

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First Level Art & Design: Classroom Resources



Core Art Materials	 Pens/pencils/crayons/chalk of various thickness in wide range Poster Paint, Tempera paint, Watercolour Paint, Acrylic Paint Range of brushes in various sizes (to allow for thick and thin I Sponges, nailbrushes and toothbrushes Water pots, large mixing trays Chalk Pastels, Charcoal, Oil Pastels Printing resources - printing ink, trays, rollers and stampers Sheets of acrylic Variety of papers in different textures/ thickness/ colours Newsprint, large rolls of paper, wallpaper samples, newspape Tissue paper, cellophane, shiny paper, sticky shapes, crepe per Right and left-handed scissors, scissors with various lines e.g. Modelling clay and tools, play dough with tools, plasticine, glown Sand Fabric swatches and squares in various prints and textures Masking tape, cello tape, glue sticks, pva, glue spreaders, particles constructing 31 Junk modelling resources Loose parts Transient art materials - grass/leaves/twigs Cameras/iPads Viewfinders, magnifying glasses Standing and table-top easels Aprons 	er, magazines and catalogues for collage paper, cotton wool, tinfoil g. zig-zag pop, slime				
Stimuli for creating artwork	 Role play and small world play Picture books, stories and nursery rhymes Film and animation Photographs and objects Sensory experiences and feely bags 	 Sculpture Architecture Natural environment Other artists' work Music 				
<u>Digital</u> <u>Technology</u>	• iPads • Cameras • Speaker					



First Level Art & Design: Teacher Resources



	Engaging Learners Through Artwork by K. Douglas & D. Jaquith The Open Art Room by M Purtee & I. Sands								
<u>Books</u>									
	The Learner Directed Classroom: Developing Creative Thinking Skills Through Art by D. Jacquith & N. Hathaway								
	Choice without Chaos by A. Bedrick (ebook)								
	The Usbourne Complete Book of Art Ideas by F. Watt								
	The Little Book of Print Making by L. Garner								
	50 Fantastic Ideas Inspired by Famous Artists by J. Harris								
	50 Fantastic Things to do with Paint by A. Bryce-Clegg & K. Beeley								
Online resources & digital tools	Websites								
Online Courses	Art & Activity: Interactive Strategies for Engaging with Art https://www.coursera.org/learn/art-activity								
	Art & Inquiry: Museum Teaching Strategies For Your Classroom https://www.coursera.org/learn/artinquiry								



First Level Art & Design: Websites



Andrea's Notebook (blog)	https://andreasnotebook.com/25-outdoor-arts-and-crafts-for-kids/
Art for Small Hands	http://www.artforsmallhands.com/
Glasgow Life - Museums	https://www.glasgowlife.org.uk/museums/learning/schools-and-nurseries
Museum of Modern Art	https://www.moma.org/learn/moma_learning/
National Galleries Scotland	https://www.nationalgalleries.org/art-and-artists/for-educators
National Society for Education in Art and Design	https://www.nsead.org/
Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art	https://www.nationalgalleries.org/visit/scottish-national-gallery-modern-art
Teaching for Artistic Behaviour	https://teachingforartisticbehavior.org/index.html
The School Arts Room	https://www.schoolartsroom.com/
The Art of Education (blog list)	https://theartofeducation.edu/2017/01/30/blog-year-compilation/
TinkerLab	https://tinkerlab.com/
V&A Dundee	https://www.vam.ac.uk/info/primary-schools



Art & Design at Second Level: Experiences and Outcomes

Second Level Tracker

Through art and design, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. They explore a wide range of two- and three-dimensional media and technologies through practical activities, and create, express, and communicate ideas.

Their studies of the works of artists and designers enhance their enjoyment and deepen their knowledge and understanding.

EXA 2-02a I have the opportunity to choose and explore an extended range of media and technologies to create images and objects, comparing and combining them for specific tasks.

EXA 2-03a

I can create and present work that shows developing skill in using the visual elements and concepts.

Through observing and recording from my experiences across the curriculum, I can create images and objects which **EXA 2-04a** show my awareness and recognition of detail.

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through activities within art and design.

I can develop and communicate my ideas, demonstrating imagination and presenting at least one possible solution to a **EXA 2-06a** design problem.

EXA 2-05a

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience

EXA 2-01a

I can respond to the work of artists and designers by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept **EXA 2-07a** constructive comment on my own and others' work.

for other people's presentation/performances.



Second Level Tracker: Art & Design (page 1)

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EXA 2-02a

Supporting Guidance Develop an increasingly wide and detailed vocabulary to describe effects and specific uses of materials.

Describe properties of materials with increased complexity and relate them to task suitability, giving any pros/cons, e.g. Using cardboard for a model is easily cut/can slot together but is not water resistant/soaks up paint.

Select range of preferred tools dependent on task.

Select and use a wide range of work surfaces with increasing independence and can talk about why different scales/surfaces are suitable to a task.

Manipulate materials using hands and tools with increasing skill and control, e.g. uses cutting tools for lino print creation. Select from a wide range of tools for task suitability, e.g. rollers to paint large surfaces, thin small brushes for details.

Use digital images/film in increasingly creative ways using appropriate apps, e.g. photo/movie editing.

Give appropriate reasons for using technologies and discuss the benefits and drawbacks using appropriate vocabulary.

Select and use

a wide range

of manual

tools for

specific

purposes.

Regularly access a wide range of tools for image and object creation with opportunity for personal/group led projects. Use tools with increased purpose/skill/accuracy as well as opportunities to use more specialised tools with guidance, e.g. lino printing – acrylic and fabric paint.

Explore 3D structures in a wide range of materials with a focus on design to solve problems using knowledge of materials.

ures in of focus olve ng terials.

Create 2D shapes and images such as tiling, printing and collage with increasing skill and purpose, discussing choices with appropriate vocabulary.

Use 3D materials such as wool for a purpose, e.g. sewing hand fabric together or basic embroidery/knitting.

Manipulate modelling materials using hands/tools with increasing skill and mastery, e.g. making a cup with clay and attaching a handle using appropriate feeling and tools

Experimenting with colour using a wide range of tones and shades using appropriate vocabulary to describe colour creation and choices.

Create visual patterns with increasing complexity and skill.

Explore textures with confidence and use text combinations and contrasts for visual effect.

Use textures and colours to enhance the purpose of an image or object, e.g. uses cold/blue colours to show loneliness in an antibullying poster.

Opportunities for child-led creation of new images and objects to display learning or message using a combination of resources, e.g. shows learning on a subject through a model/sculpture/painting/film/photo/collage.

EXA 2-03a

Design

Art &

Supporting

Line

 Create and use line with purpose and control, increasing in detail and accuracy, e.g. eye drawing shows pupil/iris detail.

 Use line to represent objects and experiences that are real, remembered or from imagination.

- Use a wide range of lines and combinations to form new effects, e.g. cross hatching lines to show tone.
- Use line to create basic perspective drawing using one-point perspective, e.g. looking down train tracks, at the back wall of a room.

Shane

- Describe 2D and 3D shapes both regular and irregular using technical and descriptive vocabulary.
- Use positional language to create images from different vantage points, e.g. birds-eye view, front and side views.
- Combine 2D and 3D to create new functional and artistic structures.
- Use basic shapes to prepare for a more detailed drawing, e.g. oval face shape construction

Form

- Join materials together using a wide range of tools with precision to create desired structures, explaining their choices.
- Use wide range of tones and shade from dark to light to create form on 2D surfaces, using appropriate materials (2B, 4B, 8B pencils).
- Use line, tone and shade to create observational and representative drawings, communicating proportion and distance with increasing skill.
- Create 3D form using a range of materials and tools with increasing skill and independence.

Texture

- Regularly use a range of textures when freely creating images and objects across the curriculum.
- Use visual elements to create textures in images and artwork with increased attention to detail, e.g. uses fine, overlapping pencil strokes to create fine fur on a cat drawing
- Experience using collage/fabric/mixed media for a range of purposes across the curriculum.
- Discuss the visual elements of texture in mixed media and graphic design across the curriculum, e.g. to create posters / display information

Colour

- Confidently identify primary and secondary colours, mixing them independently.
- Explore harmonious and contrasting colours, e.g. red and orange (harmonious) and red and green (contrasting).
- Select colours with purpose for a desired effect.
- Use colour and shade to evoke tone, mood, message in an image.
- Use colours in realistic ways as well as stylised and imaginative ways, e.g. explore observational colour "matching" and use colour in visual and surprising ways to suit a purpose or a task.
- Experiment with colour with increasing skill, e.g. watercolour, acrylic paints, ink.

Tone

- Confidently identify shades and tones from dark to light, using a range of gradients and tonal scale.
- Create images which show different light environments, e.g. sunsets, darkness, lit from one side.
- Combine hard and soft materials to create light and dark within an image with increasing skill.
- Use monochrome/limited pallets for design purposes across the curriculum.
- Discuss black and white as shades and tones and demonstrate their use in creating different colour gradients, e.g. use a little black to create a shade, use a little white to create a tint.

Pattern

- Describe and recreate pattern with increasing complexity.
- Use line, shape, colour and form to create patterns with a design purpose, e.g. designing a necklace.
- Explore multiple lines of symmetry in both 2D and 3D shapes.
- Identify/explore the role pattern plays in design, e.g. find patterns in a homeware catalogue.



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Second Tracker: Art & Design (page 2)

page 3 🛌



EXA 2-04a

Supporting Guidance Continue to develop observation skills using increasingly detailed language related to the **visual elements** to comment on a range of visual stimuli.

Develop further the use of their senses to experience and investigate indoor and outdoor environments, using the **visual elements** to focus their observation skills.

Further develop observation and investigation skills using magnifying glasses, viewfinders, using ICT to enlarge images to investigate detail.

Develop skills in using digital technologies to make observations and investigations, e.g. take photographs with increasing skill.

With increasing skill, use observations, sketches, photographs etc. to create a variety of artwork relating to surrounding environments, interdisciplinary work and contexts for learning.

Drawing:

- Using increased complexity and accuracy, select line, tone and shade to represent things seen, remembered or imagined.
- Use knowledge of proportion to draw faces and figures.
- Use perspective in drawing to show relative distance.
- Draw familiar things from different viewpoints.
- Select from a range of materials to produce line, tone and shade in drawings.
- Apply knowledge of texture, line, colour and pattern to create drawings.

Painting:

- Use language of painting dark/light, tone, tint, translucent ,opaque.
- Paint from observation, mixing and matching colours as appropriate.
- Experiment with use of colour to create atmosphere, emotions and mood.
- Experience a wide range of different types of paint, e.g. water colours, oils, acrylics.
- Experiment with the application of different types of paint on a variety of surfaces.
 Experiment with paint to create interesting effects, e.g. by adding PVA, sand, salt.
- Create paintings, using imagination, that demonstrate knowledge of texture, line, colour and pattern.

Printing:

- Use different printing techniques, e.g. lino, screen printing, press, collograph.
- Select different materials to create different textures for printing, e.g. string, polystyrene, fabric.
- Add detail to prints using different media, e.g. pens, pastels.
- Design and create prints using appropriate methods and media, e.g. design wallpaper, fabric.

3D structures:

- Design, plan and make models using a variety of tools, selecting appropriate materials, e.g. clay, junk materials, papier mâché, mod roc.
- Shape, form, model and join with confidence to create 3D objects.
- Make armatures for 3D model.

Collage/Textiles:

- Select and combine different materials to create collages, including adding collage to painted/drawn/printed backgrounds.
- Create repeated patterns on fabric using different media, e.g. fabric paints/crayons, dyes, stitching.
- Experiment with and use dyes, paints, batik, applique etc. to design and create textiles.

Moving image and photography:

- Take photographs and record sound and images to represent experiences.
- Explore and use digital media, including moving image, animation, digital packages to communicate ideas, experiences and information in a creative way.

EXA 2-05a

Art & Design

Supporting Guidance Create artwork in response to stories/class novel, e.g. paint a portrait of a character using knowledge of proportion, create the setting by painting or drawing using perspective and using colour to create mood/atmosphere.

Create artwork in response to drama, e.g. make masks/props/stage/set/costumes to enhance a drama (create 3D model to represent staging and use textiles to create costumes). Create artwork in response film, e.g. draw/paint the setting using colour to create atmosphere, mood, or create the setting in 3D; use digital media to communicate own ideas inspired by film.

Create artwork in response to learning contexts, e.g. WW1 - collaboratively design and build a life size replica airraid shelter; Victorians - design and create a textile using printing techniques; Rainforest– create collage to represent the four layers.

Create artwork in response to music, e.g. create graphic scores using drawing/pictures to represent sounds; use digital media to communicate own ideas; create 3D models, drawings and paintings inspired by pieces of music.

Create artwork in response to environment, e.g. go on an 'inspiration walk' and record interesting images by making sketches and taking photographs, explore these images in class, pick out interesting details and experiment with different media to create design ideas; use ideas to create a design (e.g. wallpaper, using printing techniques)

Create artwork in response to objects, e.g. fine tune observation skills using everyday objects, discussing shape/space, line, tone, colour, pattern, texture, form as appropriate (Here is a shoe, "What is it made of?", What qualities does this material have?" "How does it feel?")

State likes and dislikes and explain feelings using increasingly more detailed and accurate language, e.g. the use of different shades of green make me feel calm and relaxed; the use of string on the press print has created an interesting texture.

Share ideas using language of the visual elements with increasing skill and confidence.





Second Tracker: Art & Design (nage 3)



	Second Tracker: Art & Design (page 3)									
	EXA 2-06a Supporting Guidance	Identify/respond to and research a design brief, e.g. design and make a moving toy for a P1 child; design a stained glass window for your classroom.	starting point for the design, e.g. look at pictures, books, take photographs, ask questions (indoors and outdoors), discuss what it could look like, what could it be made of, what • A toy - needs move on whe			and that what is designed must meet a purpose, e.g. to move in some way to engage the child - will it spin, jump, els? How will it look? Will it be attractive to a small child and suit their interests? ss - light needs to get though stained glass and it needs to reate interest and a focal point of a room/hall etc.				
		Choose appropriate materials and discuss prop materials using increasingly complex language rigid, hard, strong, durable, waterproof, transp opaque, circular).	(pliable,	Explore solutions, experiencing trial and materials - how can we make joins / ho so its strong? How can we make this modo we need?	old things together	confidence, explai	Talk about the design process, with increasing skill and confidence, explaining how the problem was solved, and confidently justify choices, 'I usedbecause'			
Art & Design	Supporting Guidance Explore the work of artists, sculptors and designers with a developing understanding of how and why they make their work.			children's work / work of artists and designers and using the langu			Look at, talk about and ask questions about own artwork, age of the visual ents. Look at, talk about and ask questions about others' artwork, making comments using the language of the visual elements.			
Art 8		Evaluate and improve own work and the work of giving feedback on agreed criteria.	others by	Give and receive constructive suggestic improve artwork, using the language of elements.		Understand and appreciate the value of displaying and exhibiting art and that art can take many different forms.				
	Supporting Guidance	I I		e to and be involved in decisions on how to ers' artwork, e.g. framing, hanging, arrang	•	Select an appropriate way to present own art work for a particular purpose.				
	Experience being an audience member at, for example, other class presentations, visiting artist presentations and visits to galleries/museums.			Look at and talk about own and other known artists, beginning to use the la elements.		· 1	achievement of others in their artwork.			



Second Level: Art & Design



E & O: I have the opportunity to choose and explore an extended range of media and technologies to create images and objects, comparing and combining them for specific tasks. (EXA 2-02a)

End of Level Benchmarks

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- uses a range of drawing implements to produce specific effects, for example, uses different grades of pencil to create tone or uses pen and ink
 to create
 bold line:
- shows understanding of the properties of different types of paint such as watercolour, acrylic, poster paint;
- shows understanding of the properties of a range of modelling media, through practical exploration;
- shows understanding of the differences between media and how media can be combined to create effects, for example, combines wax crayon with water-based paint in a picture;

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-10a, LIT 1-24a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 2-16a, MTH 2-16b, MTH 2-16c, MNU 2-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-11a

Technologies: TCH 2-04b, 2-04d, TCH 2-09a, TCH 2-10a, TCH 2-11a

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E & O: I can create and present work that shows developing skill in using the visual elements and concepts. (EXA 2-03a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Recognises and describes the visual elements in their own and others' work.

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- uses a range of drawing implements to produce specific effects, for example, uses different grades of pencil to create tone or uses pen and ink to create bold line;
- shows understanding of the concept of depth, for example, shows a foreground, a middle ground and a background in a picture.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-10a, LIT 1-24a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 2-16a, MTH 2-16b, MTH 2-16c, MNU 2-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-11a

Technologies: TCH 2-04b, 2-04d, TCH 2-09a, TCH 2-10a, TCH 2-11a

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E & O: Through observing and recording from my experiences across the curriculum, I can create images and objects which show my awareness and recognition of detail. (EXA 2-04a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Records from experiences across the curriculum, showing recognition of detail, for example, observes and captures the detail seen in a natural form, such as a feather or a plant or an interesting personal item, such as a bicycle.

Recognises and describes the visual elements in their own and others' work.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-10a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 2-16a, MTH 2-16b, MTH 2-16c, MNU 2-17d

Technologies: TCH 2-01a, 2-04b, TCH 2-09a, TCH 2-11a

Science: SCN 2-11b, SCN 2-17a

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E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through activities within art and design. (EXA 2-05a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Explains, with supporting reasons, what works well and what could be improved in their own or others' work, using appropriate art and design vocabulary.

When creating images and objects to express ideas, thoughts and feelings:

- uses a range of drawing implements to produce specific effects, for example, uses different grades of pencil to create tone or uses pen and ink to create bold line;
- shows understanding of the properties of different types of paint such as watercolour, acrylic, poster paint;
- shows understanding of the properties of a range of modelling media, through practical exploration;
- applies a printmaking process, for example, makes prints from polystyrene;
- shows understanding of the differences between media and how media can be combined to create effects, for example, combines wax crayon with water-based paint in a picture;
- shows understanding of the concept of depth, for example, shows a foreground, a middle ground and a background in a picture.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-10a

Numeracy and mathematics: MTH 2-16a, MTH 2-16b, MTH 2-16c, MNU 2-17d

Technologies: TCH 2-01a, 2-04b, TCH 2-09a, TCH 2-11a

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Example Lessons





E & O: I can develop and communicate my ideas, demonstrating imagination and presenting at least one possible solution to a design problem. (EXA 2-06a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Creates a simple plan that explains how they will investigate and develop ideas in response to a design brief.

Follows a step-by-step process to develop and communicate ideas in response to a design brief.

Explains, with supporting reasons, what works well and what could be improved in their own or others' work, using appropriate art and design vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-10a

Technologies: TCH 2-01a, 2-04b, TCH 2-04c, TCH 2-09a, TCH 2-10a, TCH 2-11a

Science: SCN 2-17a

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E & O: I can respond to the work of artists and designers by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work. (EXA 2-07a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Selects, presents and discusses relevant information, from a range of sources, about the work of chosen artists and designers, for example, in relation to how and why they have used colour or shape in their work.

Explains, with supporting reasons, what works well and what could be improved in their own or others' work, using appropriate art and design vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-10a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 2-11a, HWB 2-20a

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Framework for Expressive Arts **Dance**



Early Level

First Level

Second Level

Teacher CLPL



EXA 0-01a

Dance at Early Level: Experiences & Outcomes

Early Level Tracker



Through dance, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Creating and performing will be the core activities for all learners, and taking part in dance contributes to their physical education and physical activity. Learners develop their technical skills and the quality of their movement, and use their imagination and skills to create and choreograph dance sequences. They further develop their knowledge and understanding and their capacity to enjoy dance through evaluating performances and commenting on their work and the work of others.

EXA 0-08a I have the opportunity and freedom to choose and explore ways that I can move rhythmically, expressively and playfully.

EXA 0-09a Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express my ideas, thoughts and feelings through creative work in dance.

EXA 0-10a I have opportunities to enjoy taking part in dance experiences.

for other people's presentation/performances.

EXA 0-11a I can respond to the experience of dance by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive

comment on my own and others' work.

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience



Early Level Tracker: Dance



	Early Level Hacker, Dance											
	EXA 0-08a Supporting Guidance Participate in rhythm games. Demonstrate a ran					ange of travelling steps e.g. walking, running, skipping, hopping, galloping and triplet steps - moving towards leaps and step ball change. Demonstrate a range of turns e.g. per turn, step, turn, step, turn, step, hop, step						
		Demonstrate a range of jumps e.g. jumpi the spot, jumping side to side, star jump tuck jumps.	s and Demonstrate a ra	ange of arm and han lations.	d	Pause in response to th	e music.	Safely move be	Safely move between the low, medium and high levels.			
	EXA 0-09a Supporting Guidance	Generate ideas based on a stimulus e.g. music, picture, story, sound.				d. Use the stimulus to generate different ideas for movements, travelling and expression.						
Dance		Work with others to develop an idea for r	movement sequences e.g. '\ to this one?'.	Why don't we add th	is move	Share their thoughts and feelings about the stimulus or the ideas generated e.g. I like this, the this makes me feel						
Da	EXA 0-10a Supporting Guidance	Experience opportunities to express ther	nselves through simple dan	ice activities and wo	nd workshops. Begin to sequence steps together to form short routines.			Rehearse a	Rehearse and perform short dance routines to others.			
	EXA 0-11a Supporting Guidance	Understand the importance of being a gr appropriately to the vi		ment on th ng succes ho		rded dance, sharing thoughts and nd dislikes: 'I liked it because', 'It ink of'						
		Begin to link emotions with dance: 'It m. because.			Express a response to Dance through other areas of Expressive Arts (Art sequence of freeze frames to tell a story or express and emotion, draw a pic story							
	EXA 0-01a Supporting Guidance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Develop basic performance to or example: confidence, con and follow a leader	ncentration mer	nber e.g. a	ive performance as an audience t other class performances, visit erformances and visits to theatr	ing concentrate	on a short	Celebrate the achievement of others at a performance			





E & O: I have the opportunity and freedom to choose and explore ways that I can move rhythmically, expressively and playfully (EXA 0-08a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Performs a range of simple, repeated, intentional movements and gestures.

Chooses and explores ways of moving rhythmically, expressively and playfully.

Shows understanding that dance consists of combined movements and gestures, usually performed with music or a beat.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-10a

Mathematics: MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a, MTH 0-17a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 0-10a, HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-14a, HWB 0-21a, HWB 0-22a, HWB 0-23a

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E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express my ideas, thoughts and feelings through creative work in dance (EXA 0-09a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares their responses to stimuli through movement with, for example, peers or practitioner.

- Shows understanding that dance consists of combined movements and gestures, usually performed with music or a beat.
- Uses space and resources creatively.
- Chooses and explores ways of moving rhythmically, expressively and playfully.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others on their own or others' work.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a, LIT 0-02a/ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-09b / LIT 0-31a

Mathematics: MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a, MTH 0-17a, MTH 0-19a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 0-10a, HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-14a, HWB 0-21a, HWB 0-22a, HWB 0-23a

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Example Lessons





E & O: I have opportunities to enjoy taking part in dance experiences (EXA 0-10a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Participates in dance that is taught and/or creative movement invented by peers.

Shows understanding that dance consists of combined movements and gestures, usually performed with music or a beat.

Performs a range of simple, repeated, intentional movements and gestures.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-10a

Mathematics: MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a, MTH 0-17a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 0-10a, HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-14a, HWB 0-21a, HWB 0-22a, HWB 0-23a

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Example Lessons





E & O: I can respond to the experience of dance by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 0-11a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares thoughts and feelings in response to dance experiences, either as a performer or as part of an audience, giving reasons for likes and dislikes.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others on their own or others' work.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a, LIT 0-02a/ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-10a

Mathematics: MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a, MTH 0-17a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 0-01a, HWB 0-11a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary



Early Level Dance: Classroom Resources



Equipment

- Ribbons / scarves
- Pom poms
- Balls
- Hoops
- Visuals to represent emotions



Stimuli for creating dance

- Instrumental music, songs
- · Picture books, stories
- Pictures / photographs
- Film and animation clips <u>www.literacyshed.com</u> or <u>www.intofilm.org</u>
- Objects / props
- Natural environment
- Other topics e.g. animals, transport

<u>Digital</u> <u>Technology</u>

- Device for playing music: iPad, computer or CD Player
- Speaker



Early Level Dance: Teacher Resources



Books

- Creative Dance for All Ages, A. Gilbert
- 101 Dance Games for Children, P. Rooyackers
- 101 Movement Games for Children, W. Huberta
- The Little Book of Music and Movement, J. Harries
- The Little Book of Dance, J. Quinn

<u>Websites</u>								
YouTube	www.youtube.com							
BBC School Radio – Primary Dance	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b03g64pk							
Teaching Cave	https://www.teachingcave.com/pe/ks1/dance/							

Music Examples



Early Level Dance: Music Examples



Spotify Playlists	 Instrumental Pop Covers by instrumental pop covers Red Hot Chilli Pipers by Spotify Ceilidh/Scottish Music by Fraser Wotherspoon Infant Dance Party by Hayley Marcil Kids Dance Class by Lauren Carpenter Kids Dance Party Fun by jmlrm21 Kids Ballet Class by Rian Schaible Kids Ballet/Tap by Caitlin Lovette Nursery Dance by Lucy Kids Relaxation Music by Rheannan Williams
Classical Music	ABRSM Classical 100 https://hr.abrsm.org/en/classical100primary/ Carnival of the Animals by Saint-Saëns



Dance at First Level: Experiences and Outcomes

First Level Tracker

Through dance, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Creating and performing will be the core activities for all learners, and taking part in dance contributes to their physical education and physical activity. Learners develop their technical skills and the quality of their movement, and use their imagination and skills to create and choreograph dance sequences. They further develop their knowledge and understanding and their capacity to enjoy dance through evaluating performances and commenting on their work and the work of others.

E

EXA 1-08a I enjoy creating short dance sequences, using travel, turn, jump, gesture, pause and fall, within safe practice.

E

EXA 1-09a Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express my ideas, thoughts and feelings through creative work in dance.

EXA 1-10a

I am becoming aware of different features of dance and can practise and perform steps, formations and short dance.

EXA 1-11a

I can respond to the experience of dance by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work.

EXA 1-01a

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances.



First Level Tracker: Dance



	THE LEVEL HACKEL DAILCE												
	Supporting Guidance	balance and control: walking, running, skipping, hopping,				strate turns and control: p o, step-hop-s	oencil th	Identify and dem increasing balance ne spot, jumping side ju	with	erform the steps in time at the music: counts of 8, nts of 4, counts of 2 etc.			
		Explore different speeds (single time, double time) and levels (high, medium and low). Move between low, medium and low).						m Pause in response to the music. Create a short seque by selecting and order a range of steps.			Remember and perform a short sequence of steps.		
	Supporting Guidance	ps or costur	or costume. Use a stimulus to generate different ideas for movement				xpressior	ı, characters and emotions.					
ם ני	Work in groups to build on each other's ideas and use their repertoire of steps to create short movement sequence "Why don't we add this move to this one?".							Agree on the order of steps, rehearse and perform their creative sequences.					
חשווכפ	Supporting Guidance	ldentify different styles of dance from the music ar Bollywood, Tap, Jazz, Hip	ned e.g. Scottis	Explore the use of spacial elements: personal space, travelling and formations (such as horizontal/vertical lines, circles and V/Inverted V shapes).									
		Follow and remember a sequence of sty	rle specific steps tau	ght.	Rehearse a sequence of style specific steps and perform in a range of formations to an audience.						to an audience.		
	EXA 1-11a Supporting Guidance	Demonstrate being a good audience member and listen appropriately to the views of others.				Comment on their own and others' work, celebrating success and giving suggestions on how to improve using some dance vocabulary.							
		Share and explain their thoughts, feelings and per	ss a response to Dance through other areas of Expressive Arts, e.g. create a simple sequence of freeze frames to a story or express an emotion, draw a picture, use instruments to enhance an emotion or story told trough dance.										
	Supporting Guidance	Participate in a dance performance to the class, parents or in the community.	member e.g. at other class performances, visiting dance group performances and visits to theatres				Develop ability watch, listen and concentrate on a performance		rate the achievement of ers at a performance				





E & O: I enjoy creating short dance sequences, using travel, turn, jump, gesture, pause and fall, within safe practice (EXA 1-08a)

End of Level Benchmarks

- Identifies and performs the body actions of turn, jump, gesture, pause and fall, with some degree of control.
- Creates, rehearses and performs short dance sequences, working on their own and with others.
- Creates new dance movements and sequences using their dance repertoire, incorporating different speeds and levels, characters and emotions to add interest and variety.
- Demonstrates safe practice in dance, for example, being aware of personal space, planned landings.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a

Mathematics: MNU 1-02a, MTH 1-13a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 1-10a, HWB 1-11a, HWB 1-14a, HWB 1-21a, HWB 1-22a, HWB 1-23a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express my ideas, thoughts and feelings through creative work in dance (EXA 1-09a)

End of Level Benchmarks

- Creates, rehearses and performs short dance sequences, working on their own and with others.
- Creates new dance movements and sequences using their dance repertoire, incorporating different speeds and levels, characters and emotions to add interest and variety.
- Explores rhythm, movement and space, and increases possibilities for expression through movement.
- Shares thoughts and feelings by expressing personal views in response to experiencing live or recorded dance performance.
- Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some dance vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-01a, LIT 1-02a, 1-09a

Mathematics: MNU 1-02a, MTH 1-13a, MTH 1-17a, MTH 1-19a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 1-10a, HWB 1-11a, HWB 1-14a, HWB 1-21a, HWB 1-22a, HWB 1-23a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: I am becoming aware of different features of dance and can practise and perform steps, formations and short dance (EXA 1-10a)

End of Level Benchmarks

- Understands some of the different forms of dance, for example, Scottish, Irish, Bollywood, tap, ballet, jazz, hip hop and ballroom.
- Demonstrates understanding of simple formations, such as circles or squares, through taking in part in group dance.
- Demonstrates safe practice in dance, for example, being aware of personal space, planned landings.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a

Mathematics: MNU 1-02a, MTH 1-13a, MTH 1-17a, MTH 1-19a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 1-10a, HWB 1-11a, HWB 1-14a, HWB 1-21a, HWB 1-22a, HWB 1-23a

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E & O: I can respond to the experience of dance by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 1-11a)

End of Level Benchmarks

- Shares thoughts and feelings by expressing personal views in response to experiencing live or recorded dance performance.
- Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some dance vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-01a, LIT 1-02a, 1-09a

Mathematics: MNU 1-02a, MTH 1-13a, MTH 1-17a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-11a

Classroom Resources

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First Level Dance: Classroom Resources



Equipment

- Ribbons / scarves
- Pom poms
- Balls
- Hoops
- Visuals to represent emotions



Stimuli for creating dance

- Instrumental music, songs
- · Picture books, stories
- Pictures / photographs
- Film and animation clips <u>www.literacyshed.com</u> or <u>www.intofilm.org</u>
- Objects / props
- Natural environment
- Other topics e.g. animals, transport

<u>Digital</u> <u>Technology</u>

- Device for playing music: iPad, computer or CD Player
- Speaker



First Level Dance: Teacher Resources



Books

- Creative Dance for All Ages, A. Gilbert
- 101 Dance Games for Children, P. Rooyackers
- 101 Movement Games for Children, W. Huberta

<u>Websites</u>	
YouTube	www.youtube.com
BBC School Radio: Primary Dance	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b03g64pk
BBC Teach: Dance with the Elements	https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/physical-educationmusic-ks1-dance-with-the-elements/z7m2y9q
BBC Bitesize: First Level Dance	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zscdxnb
Teaching Cave	https://www.teachingcave.com/pe/ks1/dance/



First Level Dance: Music Examples



Spotify Playlists	 Instrumental Pop Covers by instrumental pop covers Red Hot Chilli Pipers by Spotify Ceilidh/Scottish Music by Fraser Wotherspoon Infant Dance Party by Hayley Marcil Kids Dance Class by Lauren Carpenter Kids Dance Party Fun by jmlrm21 Kids Ballet Class by Rian Schaible Kids Ballet/Tap by Caitlin Lovette Nursery Dance by Lucy Kids Relaxation Music by Rheannan Williams
<u>Classical Music</u>	ABRSM Classical 100 https://hr.abrsm.org/en/classical100primary/ Carnival of the Animals by Saint-Saëns



Dance at Second Level: Experiences and Outcomes

Second Level Tracker

Through dance, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Creating and performing will be the core activities for all learners, and taking part in dance contributes to their physical education and physical activity. Learners develop their technical skills and the quality of their movement, and use their imagination and skills to create and choreograph dance sequences. They further develop their knowledge and understanding and their capacity to enjoy dance through evaluating performances and commenting on their work and the work of others.

EXA 2-08a

I can explore and choose movements to create and present dance, developing my skills and techniques.

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express my ideas, thoughts and feelings through creative work in dance. EXA 2-09a

EXA 2-10a I have taken part in dance from a range of styles and cultures, demonstrating my awareness of the dance features.

I can respond to the experience of dance by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive

EXA 2-11a comment on my own and others' work. **EXA 2-01a** I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience

for other people's presentation/performances.



Second Level Tracker: Dance



	EXA 2-08a Supporting Guidance	Creates a range of dance sequences includi movements, jumps, turns and travelli	-	Demonsti	Demonstrates increased coordination and smooth transitions between steps when performing. Demonstrates increased balance and co moving between levels <i>i.e. rise and</i>						
		·	Uses cardio vascular warm up routines and stretches to impr stamina, strength and flexibility.			ences of dance in time n the music.		rms m	s movements with confidence and sense of self expression.		
	EXA 2-09a Supporting Guidance	Discusses feelings in response to a stimulue.g. music, picture, story, news article or obje	g. pupils ma	nerated from a stimulus to inform creative movement pupils may choose to represent a tornado through an ated turn with both arms reaching upwards. Works in groups to select and select arm with both arms reaching upwards.				sequence a range of movements to music or a rhythm.			
7		Explores a range of spatial elements, enterprise levels/formations/direction and shape	earses, refines and performs an original dand piece inspired by a stimulus.				Justifies creative choices using dance vocabulary, e.g. we used canon to represent the destruction as the tornado moved through the town.				
Dalice	EXA 2-10a Supporting Guidance	Participates in a range of dance works Contemporary, Hip Hop, Bollyw	Demonstrates understanding of the key features of a range of styles and cultures including; the origin, music steps, performance style and costume, e.g. Jazz: Up tempo music/strong, sharp movements/ kicks and step change/ high energy performance/leotards.								
	EXA 2-11a Supporting Guidance	Can watch and respond to performances of increasing length and listens appropriately to the views of others.			own and others performance skill (concentra fidence, timing and self-expression).			Can provide constructive feedback that enables improvement			
		Justifies their response and incorporates d correct choreography in time with the ma performing	usic/ they showed		ood flexibility when solo to show that the character was lonely ar						
	EXA 2-01a Supporting Guidance	Participate in a dance performance to the class, school, parents or in the community.	Develop performance techniques, for confidence, concurred and follow a l	example: centration	member e.	ce live performance as g. at other class perfor pp performances and v	mances, vis	iting	Watch and concentrate on a performances of increasing length.	Celebrate the achievement of others at a performance appropriately.	





E & O: I can explore and choose movements to create and present dance, developing my skills and techniques (EXA 2-08a)

End of Level Benchmarks

- Demonstrates coordination and some control in a range of dance actions and sequences.
- Creates, rehearses and performs a short original dance piece, comprising several sequences, to music or a rhythm.
- Develops and refines own dance repertoire through continued exploration and practice.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 2-11a, HWB 2-13a, HWB 2-14a, HWB 2-21a, HWB 2-22a, HWB 2-25a

Classroom Resources Coming soon!

Teacher
Resources
Coming

Glossary





E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express my ideas, thoughts and feelings through creative work in dance (EXA 2-09a)

End of Level Benchmark

- Selects and applies dance skills to create dance that shows variation, for solo or group performance.
- Justifies own creative choices using appropriate dance vocabulary, for example, explains explosive movement inspired by fireworks in terms of speed and levels

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-01a, LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-09a, LIT 2-10a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 2-11a, HWB 2-13a, HWB 2-14a, HWB 2-21a, HWB 2-24a

Classroom Resources Coming soon!

Teacher
Resources
Coming

Glossary





E & O: I have taken part in dance from a range of styles and cultures, demonstrating my awareness of the dance features (EXA 2-10a)

End of Level Benchmarks

• Shows understanding of the key features of dance from a range of styles and cultures, through dance performance.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-06a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 2-11a, HWB 2-13a, HWB 2-14a, HWB 2-21a, HWB 2-22a, HWB 2-25a



Teacher
Resources
Coming

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E & O: I can respond to the experience of dance by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 2-11a)

End of Level Benchmarks

• Explains, with supporting reasons, what works well and what could be improved in their own or others' work, using appropriate dance vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-06a, LIT 2-09a, LIT 2-10a

Health and Wellbeing: HWB 2-11a, HWB 2-12a, HWB 2-13a, HWB 2-21a, HWB 2-22a, HWB 2-23a, HWB 2-24a



Teacher
Resources
Coming
soon!

Glossary



Framework for Expressive Arts **Drama**



Early Level

First Level

Second Level

Teacher CLPL



Drama at Early Level: Experiences & Outcomes

Early Level Tracker

Through drama, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Creating and presenting are prominent activities for all learners. Their acting and presenting skills are developed through participating in scripted or improvised drama. Exploring real and imaginary situations helps learners to understand and share their world. They develop their capacity to enjoy drama and their knowledge and understanding through evaluating technical aspects and scripts, and commenting on their work and the work of others.

EXA 0-12a

I have the freedom to choose and explore how I can use my voice, movement, and expression in role play and drama.

EXA 0-13a

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through drama.

EXA 0-14a

I can respond to the experience of drama by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive

EXA 0-15a

I use drama to explore real and imaginary situations, helping me to understand my world.

EXA 0-01a

comment on my own and others' work. I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances.



Early Level Tracker: Drama



	EXA 0-12a Supporting Guidance	Make a notable change in voice when baby voice in the home corner or tea schools								when Vary body language and posture appropriately when in role	
		Move around a space while maintaining language of character		o communicate ii .g. wave	n role	ole Use eyebrows, eyes and mouth to demonstrate basic emotions when in role			Choose an ea	Choose an expression that is appropriate to a situation	
	EXA 0-13a Supporting Guidance	Convey through drama what characters e.g. being upset about losing a toy, what how	in real or imaginary situatio at a character in a well-know they might feel.	ns might say, do n fairy tale might	ay, do or feel might say or Communicate their ideas through improvised drama e.g. making it up as					it up as they go along.	
		Share thoughts and feeling about dram dr	on about	characters or events in	n a Share views and listens appropriately to the views on their own or others' work						
Drama	EXA 0-14a Supporting Guidance	Take on a familiar role in an appropriate role play area e.g. mother/father in hor corner				Create or select costumes appropriate to role e.g. police hat for police officer				Re-enact a familiar situation e.g. taking orders at a café	
		Select appropriate props to use duri	e for a doctor	Choose an appropriate reaction to a situation when in role e.g. scared when Goldilocks wakes up to 3 b					oldilocks wakes up to 3 bears		
	EXA 0-15a Supporting Guidance	When responding to drama, understand the importance of being a good				When responding to drama, comment on own and others' work, celebrating success and giving suggestions on how to improve. Experience a range of live and/or recorded drama (e.g. tv, theatre or share thoughts and feelings, and give reasons for likes and dislikes liked it because', 'It made me think of'					
		Begin to link emotions with drama: 'It becaus		Express a response to drama through other areas of Expressive Arts (Art & Design, Music, Dance) e.g. create sequence of movements to tell a story or express an emotion, draw a picture, use instruments to enhance an emo							
	EXA 0-01a Supporting Guidance	Participate in a performance to the class, parents or in the community.	Develop basic performance for example: confidence, or and follow a lead	oncentration	Experience live performance as an audience member e.g. at other class performances, visiting theatre group performances and visits to theatres. Develop ability to concentrate of performances and visits to theatres.				e on a short	Celebrate the achievement of others at a performance	



Early Level: Drama



E & O: I have the freedom to choose and explore how I can use my voice, movement, and expression in role play and drama (EXA 0-12a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Communicates ideas and feelings using aspects of voice, such as volume, expression and clarity.

Communicates ideas and feelings using movement, for example, through body language, gestures, actions and posture.

Communicates ideas and feelings using facial expressions, for example, to show happy, sad, surprised, angry, scared.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a, LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-09b/LIT 0-31a, LIT 0-10a,

LIT 0-26a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 0-01a, HWB 0-02a, HWB 0-04a

Social studies: SOC 0-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 0-04a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons



Early Level: Drama



E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through drama (EXA 0-13a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Conveys through drama what characters in real or imaginary situations might say, do or feel, for example, being upset about losing a toy, what a character in a well-known fairy tale might say or how they might feel.

Communicates their ideas through improvised drama i.e. making it up as they go along.

Shares thoughts and feelings about drama experiences, for example, during a discussion about characters or events in a drama, giving reasons for likes and dislikes.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others on their own or others' work.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a, LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-09b/LIT 0-31a, LIT 0-10a,

LIT 0-19a, LIT 0-26a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 0-01a, HWB 0-02a, HWB 0-04a

Social studies: SOC 0-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 0-04a

Technologies: TCH 0-04b

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons

Coming soon!



Early Level: Drama



E & O: I use drama to explore real and imaginary situations, helping me to understand my world (EXA 0-14a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Takes on a role within a play or dramatised situation, for example, a puppet show, a real or imagined situation, re-enactment of a story or traditional tale.

Conveys through drama what characters in real or imaginary situations might say, do or feel, for example, being upset about losing a toy, what a character in a well-known fairy tale might say or how they might feel.

Communicates their ideas through improvised drama i.e. making it up as they go along.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-09a, LIT 0-09b/LIT 0-31a, LIT 0-10a, LIT 0-19a, LIT 0-26a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 0-01a, HWB 0-02a, HWB 0-04a, HWB 0-20a

Social studies: SOC 0-04a, SOC 0-20a

Religious and moral education: RME 0-04a

Technologies: TCH 0-04b, TCH 0-04c, TCH 0-09a, TCH 0-10a, TCH 0-11a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons



Early Level: Drama



E & O: I can respond to the experience of drama by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 0-15a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares thoughts and feelings about drama experiences, for example, during a discussion about characters or events in a drama, giving reasons for likes and dislikes.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others on their own or others' work.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-04a, LIT 0-10a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 0-01a, HWB 0-11a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons Coming soon!



Early Level Drama: Classroom Resources



	<u></u>	<u></u>
Role Play	Suggested resources for a deconstructed role play area:	
	 Pegs Sheets of different coloured materials Elastic Camping Peg lines Ribbons Rolls of paper (for walls) Marker pens/crayons Variety of Loose Parts - crystals, tree cookies, corks, pine cones, buttons Real sized cutlery or cups/plates Variety of different sized boxes Belts Shoes Hats Different sized jars Dolls 	 Variety of costumes or materials for costume design e.g. pillow cases and fabric markers, sheets of material and pegs Storybooks e.g. Goldilocks and the 3 Bears, Peace at Last, Room on the Broom
Small World	Suggested resources for a small world play area:	
	 Small animals and people Wooden Pegs Cars Trains Lollipop sticks Puppets Laminated characters stuck to blocks Wooden block (can wrap in paper to encourage mark making) Coloured Scarves Stones 	cruffalo
Stimuli for creating drama	Stories and picture books e.g. The Gruffalo, The Tiger who came to Tea Film / animation clips - www.literacyshed.com or www.intofilm.org Objects/props, photographs	
<u>Digital Tools</u>	iPad or camera for capturing images/video	



Early Level Drama: Teacher Resources



Books

- Drama Games for Classrooms & Workshops by Jessica Swale
- Drama Games for Young Children by Katherine Zachest
- 101 Drama Games by David Farmer
- Supporting Drama And Imaginative Play In The Early Years by Lesley Hendy & Lucy Toon
- Creative Role Play in the Early Years by Alistair Bryce Clegg

<u>Websites</u>	
Imaginate – Learning Resources	http://www.imaginate.org.uk/schools/learning-resources/
CBeebies on Stage	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p04kcstx
ABC Does (Alistair Bryce- Clegg)	Deconstructed Role Play https://abcdoes.com/abc-does-a-blog/2011/02/14/amazing-role-play-deconstruct-it/ What to do in your role play? https://abcdoes.com/abc-does-a-blog/2017/03/04/what-do-you-do-in-your-role-play/
BBC School Radio – Primary Drama	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b03g64rh
Beat by Beat Press	https://www.bbbpress.com/dramagames/
Literacy Shed	https://www.literacyshed.com/home.html
Into Film	https://www.intofilm.org/



Drama at First Level: Experiences and Outcomes

First Level Tracker

Through drama, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Creating and presenting are prominent activities for all learners. Their acting and presenting skills are developed through participating in scripted or improvised drama. Exploring real and imaginary situations helps learners to understand and share their world. They develop their capacity to enjoy drama and their knowledge and understanding through evaluating technical aspects and scripts, and commenting on their work and the work of others.

E

EXA 1-12a I enjoy creating, choosing and accepting roles, using movement, expression and voice.

EXA 1-13a

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through drama.

EXA 1-14a

I have developed confidence and skills in creating and presenting drama which explores real and imaginary situations, using improvisation and script.

EXA 1-15a

I can respond to the experience of drama by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work.

EXA 1-01a

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances.



First Level Tracker: Drama



	EXA 1-12a Supporting Guidance	Vary tone of voice when in role e.g. gruff tone for a monster	Vary volume	Vary the pace of speech when conveying emotion or taking on a role. e.g. fast pace w scared, slow to demonstrate thinking.			t pace wh		Use clues from what is known about a character to choose appropriate ways of moving.							
		Maintain the body language and posture of a character when moving around a space in role.		Use gestures to communicate and respond appropriately in role e.g. wave			respond appropriately in role language and po			d posture to				wning or	and r	sciously use eyebrows, eyes mouth to demonstrate varied emotions when in role.
	EXA 1-13a Supporting Guidance		plan and deve and sharing					aracter's personality and uses this to make choices when improvising								
	Explore what characters in imaginary or real situation might work in a small group to improvise now a recognisable character might photo/art/music/pc								a stimulius such as a usic/poem to make up a story or/and a character.							
Drama	Supporting Guidance	Recognise which words are to be spoken when using a script e.g. does not read some lines from a Make up appropriate things to						ings to	Responds to others appropriately through words or gestures, when improvising, taking part in role play and using scripts							
		Chooses or creates simple costumes characters from scripts or when imp		Can perform of othe		exp	olored e	of acting skills g. a range of characters.		Can sustain a when performi				React and respond to others in role when improvising		
Understand the importance of being a good audience member and listen appropriately to the views of others. Comment on own and others' work, celebrating success and giving suggestions on how to improve. Use technology to record own are giving suggestions on how to improve.																
		Experience a range of live and/or rectv, theatre or film, sharing thoughts a giving reasons for likes and dislibecause', 'It made me this	and feelings, a kes: 'I liked it					Express a response to drama through other areas of Arts e.g. create a sequence of movements to tell express an emotion, design a set/costume for a drawn instruments or songs to enhance an emotion of				ll a story o drama, us	story or drama e.g. to film a roma, use use GarageBand to			
	Supporting Guidance	Participate in a performance to the cl parents or in the community.	lass, tech	Develop basic performance techniques, for example: confidence, concentration and follow a leader.			Experience live performance as an audience member e.g. at other class performances, visiting theatre group performances and visits to theatres			Develop ability to listen and concentrate on a short performance			Celebrate the achievement of others at a performance			





E & O: I enjoy creating, choosing and accepting roles, using movement, expression and voice (EXA 1-12a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Creates, chooses and takes on a role within a drama such as a real or imagined situation, re-enactment of a story, a traditional tale.

Uses voice, considering use of volume, expression, clarity and pace to convey a character.

Uses movement in roles, conveying a character through gestures, actions and posture.

Uses expression in role, conveying a character through body language, for example, facial expression.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a, ENG 1-03a, LIT 1-07a, LIT 1-09a, ENG 1-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-02a, HWB 1-04a, HWB 1-19a

Social studies: SOC 1-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 1-04a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through drama (EXA 1-13a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Creates a short drama using improvisation, from a given stimulus, and working collaboratively.

Contributes towards the development of a drama, for example, by discussing aspects such as character, performance, or script, for example, what a character in a well-known story might say to another.

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others about what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some drama vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-01a, ENG 1-03a, LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-06a, LIT 1-07a, LIT 1-09a. LIT 1-14a, ENG 1-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-02a, HWB 1-04a, HWB 1-19a

Social studies: SOC 1-18a

Religious and moral education: RME 1-04a, RME 1-09a, RME 1-09b

Technologies: TCH 1-01a, TCH 1-02a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons Coming soon!





E & O: I have developed confidence and skills in creating and presenting drama which explores real and imaginary situations, using improvisation and script (EXA 1-14a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Creates, chooses and takes on a role within a drama such as a real or imagined situation, re-enactment of a story, a traditional tale.

Uses voice, considering use of volume, expression, clarity and pace to convey a character.

Uses movement in roles, conveying a character through gestures, actions and posture.

Uses expression in role, conveying a character through body language, for example, facial expression.

Shows understanding of how to work from a script by acting or speaking at the appropriate time, for example, in a nativity play, a sound story or a poem.

Contributes towards the development of a drama, for example, by discussing aspects such as character, performance, or script, for example, what a character in a well-known story might say to another.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-06a, LIT 1-07a, LIT 1-09a, ENG 1-12a, LIT 1-13a,, LIT 1-14a, ENG 1-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-02a, HWB 1-04a, HWB 1-19a

Social studies: SOC 1-18a

Religious and moral education: RME 1-04a

Technologies: TCH 1-01a, TCH 1-02a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: I can respond to the experience of drama by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work (EXA 1-15a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others about what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some drama vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 1-01a, LIT 1-02a, ENG 1-03a, LIT 1-06a, LIT 1-07a, LIT 1-09a, LIT 1-14a, ENG 1-19a, ENG 1-30a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-11a, 1-19a

Social studies: SOC 1-18a

Religious and moral education: RME 1-04c, RME 1-09b, RME 1-09c

Technologies: TCH 1-01a, TCH 1-02a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons Coming soon!



First Level Drama: Classroom Resources



Props	Variety of props or loose parts to use as open-ended props: Pegs Sheets of different coloured materials Elastic Camping Peg lines Ribbons Rolls of paper (for walls) Marker pens/crayons Variety of Loose Parts - crystals, tree cookies, corks, pine cones, buttons Real sized cutlery or cups/plates Variety of different sized boxes Belts Shoes Hats Different sized jars Dolls	 Variety of costumes or materials for costume design e.g. pillow cases and fabric markers, sheets of material and pegs Storybooks
Stimuli for creating drama	 Stories and picture books Film / animation clips - www.literacyshed.com or www.intofilm.org Objects/props, photographs 	
<u>Digital Tools</u>	iPad or camera for capturing images/video	



First Level Drama: Teacher Resources



Books

- Drama Games for Classrooms & Workshops by Jessica Swale
- 101 Drama Games by David Farmer

<u>Websites</u>	
Imaginate – Learning Resources	http://www.imaginate.org.uk/schools/learning-resources/
BBC School Radio – Primary Drama	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b03g64rh
Beat by Beat Press	https://www.bbbpress.com/dramagames/
Literacy Shed	https://www.literacyshed.com/home.html
Into Film	https://www.intofilm.org/



Drama at Second Level: Experiences and Outcomes

Second Level

Tracker

Through drama, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Creating and presenting are prominent activities for all learners. Their acting and presenting skills are developed through participating in scripted or improvised drama. Exploring real and imaginary situations helps learners to understand and share their world. They develop their capacity to enjoy drama and their knowledge and understanding through evaluating technical aspects and scripts, and commenting on their work and the work of others.

EXA 2-12a

I can create, adapt and sustain different roles, experimenting with movement, expression and voice and using theatre arts technology.

EXA 2-13a

Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through drama.

EXA 2-14a

I have created and presented scripted or improvised drama, beginning to take account of audience and atmosphere.

EXA 2-15a

I can respond to the experience of drama by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work.

EXA 2-01a

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances.



Second Level Tracker: Drama



	EXA 2-12a Supporting Guidance	Vary tone of voice when in role to show a range of emotions i.e. excited, sad, angry etc.	•	volume of voice appropriate to the role and i.e. fast when extend ton i.e. quiet when making up a secret plan.			en exc			hon	Make appropriate changes to body language and posture to convey a characters emotion i.e. upright if happy or slouched if sad.				
		Use a range of gestures to communicate and respond in role e.g wave, point, fidget etc.	to comn	to communicate and respond in role e.g. happy, sad, angry, experin			evelop ch eriment wi	crisation exercises o character and t with voice and ment skills. Can sustain a basic character performing a dram				Can share simple ideas for lightin and sound to help create mood ar atmosphere i.e. siren for a police chase to create tension.			
	EXA 2-13a Supporting Guidance	Use a range of stimuli, including scrip	t, to develop	evelop ideas for a character and story. Work collaboratively with others to plan and develop a drama, contributing to discussions and sharing ideas.						ehearsed improvisation to further velop ideas.					
		Describe a character's personality a and use this to inform voice and		•	Use cha		risation exercises such as hot seating or character card to velop a character's personality and background.						Can suggest simple choices for lighting and sound to help communicate location, plot and/or atmosphere.		
Лга ша	EXA 2-14a Supporting Guidance	Can participate in spontaneous and rehearsed improvisation activities.		Can react and respond appropriately through gestures, when improving part in role play and us			ough v	words or sing, taking	Can me lines fron						
ם		Chooses and/or creates costumes a appropriate to their role and dra		skills when	performing (characterisation, front of ot			others	ners tacing the tront I			lect appropriate lighting and sound effects to reate a desired mood and atmosphere.			
	EXA 2-15a Supporting	Understands the importance of be effective audience member and liste views of others.	•	work, celebrating success and feedback or and feeigl expression loud. Use tech						to record own work and use this aluate progress in drama.					
	Guidance	Experience a range of live and/or r theatre or film, sharing thoughts a reasons for likes and dislikes	nd feelings,	and giving	lentify th	the mood and atmosphere created on stage through an and/or theatre arts and discuss how this made them feel as an audience member.				feel fil	Use technology to enhance drama e.g. to film a review or use GarageBand to create sound effects.				
	EXA 2-01a Supporting Guidance	Participate in a performance to the c parents or in the community.	lass, te	Develop perforn chniques, for e nfidence, conce and basic stage	xample: member e.g. at other class per theatre group performances and			perfori	formances, visiting on a s			concentrate short character of the achievement of others at a performance.			





E & O: I can create, adapt and sustain different roles, experimenting with movement, expression and voice and using theatre arts technology. (EXA 2-12a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Conveys a character using characterisation techniques such as hot seating, role on the wall, thought tracking.

Chooses voice appropriately for role, considering volume, tone, clarity, pace, characterisation, and emotion.

Chooses appropriate movement for role, for example, to convey the character's setting, physical features, the character's feelings.

Chooses relevant expression in role, showing how the character might interact with others, for example, through body language.

Builds on the contributions of others in developing ideas for a shared drama, with regard to plot, characters and theatre arts.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, ENG 2-03a, LIT 1-07a, LIT 1-09a, ENG 2-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-02a, HWB 2-04a, HWB 2-19a

Social studies: SOC 2-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 2-04a

Classroom Resources

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Glossary

Example Lessons Coming soon!





E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through drama (EXA 2-13a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Creates a short drama, as part of a group or individually, using improvisation or a published script.

Builds on the contributions of others in developing ideas for a shared drama, with regard to plot, characters and theatre arts.

Gives a personal response to drama experiences, with appropriate justification.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-01a, ENG 2-03a, LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-06a, LIT 2-07a, LIT 2-09a. LIT 2-14a, ENG 2-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-02a, HWB 2-04a, HWB 2-19a

Social studies: SOC 2-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 2-04a, RME 2-09b

Technologies: TCH 2-01a, TCH 2-02a

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: I have created and presented scripted or improvised drama, beginning to take account of audience and atmosphere. (EXA 2-14a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Creates a short drama, as part of a group or individually, using improvisation or a published script.

Builds on the contributions of others in developing ideas for a shared drama, with regard to plot, characters and theatre arts. Presents a short drama, as part of a group, using improvisation or a script.

Uses theatre arts technology such as props, basic lighting and sound to enhance a performance effectively, for example, chooses appropriate music or makes sound effects to create atmosphere.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-06a, LIT 2-07a, LIT 2-09a, ENG 2-12a, LIT 2-13a,, LIT 2-14a, ENG 2-19a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-02a, HWB 2-04a, HWB 2-19a

Social studies: SOC 2-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 2-04a

Technologies: TCH 2-01a, TCH 2-02a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons





E & O: I can respond to the experience of drama by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work. (EXA 2-15a)

End of Level Benchmarks

Gives a personal response to drama experiences, with appropriate justification.

Explains, with supporting reasons, what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using appropriate drama vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary Links

Literacy and English: LIT 2-01a, LIT 2-02a, ENG 2-03a, LIT 2-06a, LIT 2-07a, LIT 2-09a, LIT 2-14a, ENG 2-19a, ENG 2-30a

Health and wellbeing: HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-11a, 2-19a

Social studies: SOC 2-04a

Religious and moral education: RME 2-04c, RME 2-09b

Technologies: TCH 2-01a, TCH 2-02a

Classroom Resources Teacher Resources

Glossary

Example Lessons

Coming soon!



Second Level Drama: Classroom Resources



Props	Variety of props or loose parts to use as open-ended props:	
	 Real sized cutlery or cups/plates Variety of different sized boxes Belts Shoes Hats Coats Personal props (glasses, walking sticks, handbags etc.) 	 Variety of costumes or materials for costume design e.g. pillow cases and fabric markers, sheets of material and pegs Storybooks
Stimuli for creating drama	 Stories and picture books Film / animation clips - www.literacyshed.com or www.intofilm.org 	
<u> </u>	Objects/props, photographs Music	
	Newspaper articlesScript Extracts	
<u>Digital Tools</u>	iPad or camera for capturing images/video	



Second Level Drama: Teacher Resources



Books

- Drama Games for Classrooms & Workshops by Jessica Swale
- 101 Drama Games by David Farmer

<u>Websites</u>	
Imaginate – Learning Resources	http://www.imaginate.org.uk/schools/learning-resources/
BBC School Radio – Primary Drama	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b03g64rh
Beat by Beat Press	https://www.bbbpress.com/dramagames/
Literacy Shed	https://www.literacyshed.com/home.html
Into Film	https://www.intofilm.org/



Framework for Expressive Arts Music



Early Level

First Level

Second Level

Teacher CLPL



Music at Early Level: Experiences & Outcomes

I enjoy singing and playing along to music of different styles and cultures.

Early Level Tracker



Through music, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Performing and creating music will be the prominent activities for all learners. Through these activities they develop their vocal and instrumental skills, explore sounds and musical concepts, and use their imagination and skills to create musical ideas and compositions. They can further develop their understanding and capacity to enjoy music through listening to musical performances and commenting on them. They use ICT to realise or enhance their composition and performance, and to promote their understanding of how music works.

EXA 0-16a

EXA 0-17a

I have the freedom to use voice, musical instruments and music technology to discover and enjoy playing with sound and rhythm.

EXA 0-18a

Inspired by the range of stimuli and working on my own and/or with others, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feeling through musical activities.

EXA 0-19a

EXA 0-01a

I can respond to music by describing my thoughts and feelings about my own and others' work.

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances.



Early Level Tracker: Music



	EXA 0-16a Supporting Guidance	Sing individually and a group.	as part of Diffe	Differentiate between a speaking and singing voice.		unders	g with some standing of pitch er and lower).	of pitch Sing/chant with a louder of guieter voice.			Sing/chant at a faster or slower tempo.		r Keep the beat with actions.		Walk to the beat.
		Begin to internalise single words or short phrases in familiar songs/rhymes. Clap the rhythm of a known song/rhyme (ta, te te, ta rest).		nyme (ta, te notation for a known s			instruments	ome percussion Use some percussion instruments play along teady beat.		g at a instruments to tap b		p back a	b back a play the rhythm of a known		
	Supporting Guidance	Experiment with the voice to create different sounds e.g. speaking, singing, whispering, humming.		Begin to identify and name some tuned and untuned percussion instruments.		Show respe			op basic techniques for playing some ed and tuned percussion instruments.			Experiment with and talk about the sound quality (timbre) of different percussion instruments e.g. shake, tap, ting, boom.			
		Use percussion instruments to per accompany songs and play along			uned and untuned sion instruments to explore tempo and dynamics.	instrume	ed percussion ents to begin to lore pitch	captu	o o o algital to olillology to			digital technology to recordings of s performances	ounds or	r to op on a to room amigo or our room	
Music	EXA 0-18a Supporting Guidance	Explore sounds mad tuned and untuned instruments and ever	d percussion	objec	e, body, instruments tts to create loud/qui slow sounds, high/lov	instrument	Begin to recognise the timbre of some percussion instruments: shake (e.g. maraca), tap (e.g. claves), ting (e.g. triangle), boom (e.g. tambour).					Listen to and talk about sounds heard in everyday environments e.g. classroom, playground, street			
		from different environments (e.g.			dividually or with a groundscapes and sour e to a variety of stimu pictures, stories, vic	nd effects in li e.g. sounds,	sounds						erhythm by copying and creating short patterns ands using voice, body, instruments or objects.		
	EXA 0-19a Supporting Guidance	Understand the implistener and listen ap	-		•			I thoughts and feelings attempting to give reasons f				ns for likes E	likes Begin to link emotions with music e.g. 'It made		
		Listen to differen cultures and begi familiar instruments	n to identify simp	ole musical c	concepts e.g.	instrument, b	rate a steady be ody percussion ening to a piece	or moveme			e.g. crea	•	uence of m	novements, de	Arts (Art & Design, emonstrating facial
	Supporting Guidance	Participate in a musical performance to the class, parents or in the community control		Develop basic per techniques, for e confidence, cond and following a	example: entration	member e.g. a musician/theatr	ence live performance as an audience e.g. at other class performances, visiting theatre group performances and visits to				Develop ability to listen and concentrate on a short performance			the achievement of at a performance	

theatres/concert halls





E & O: I enjoy singing and playing along to music of different styles and cultures (EXA 0-16a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches

Use of the voice and singing with an understanding of pitch

- Using visuals to support, model use of the voice in different ways and learners engage through call and response e.g. 'Have you got your speaking/singing/loud/quiet voice?'
- Model the use of a 'singing voice' for singing songs and a 'speaking voice' for chanting rhymes.
- Select songs and rhymes which are short and repetitive and teach by breaking down into chunks e.g. line by line, using call
 and response.
- Select songs within a pitch range which is manageable for children to sing children have a very limited range (middle D to the B above). A chime bar is useful for finding an appropriate starting pitch.
- Encourage learners use movement to show the change in pitch (higher and lower) as they sing simple songs.
- Using call and response, learners should hear and repeat short phrases from familiar songs at, or close to, the same pitch
- Model and encourage learners change their voice and sing songs using different dynamics (louder and quieter).
- Create opportunities for learners to sing words or short phrases individually during singing games e.g. singing their name.
- Introduce learners to the concept of internalising by asking them to sing/say single words or phrases from familiar songs and rhymes 'in their head' using a 'thinking voice'. A cone/finger puppet can be used to indicate when to sing out loud and when to sing in their head.

Developing awareness of beat and rhythm

- Model a steady beat/pulse using body percussion, actions or a percussion instrument.
- Provide opportunities for learners to develop their sense of pulse by keeping a steady beat with movement e.g. using simple actions, marching on the spot or walking, clapping their hands or tapping their knees.
- Support learners to understand the concept of pulse/beat in music by relating it to the regular pulse/heartbeat in our bodies learners can tap heart shapes to the beat whilst singing/chanting to reinforce this concept.
- Give learners opportunities to experience beat at different tempos by singing/chanting a song/rhyme faster or slower.
- Support learners to keep a steady beat using a percussion instrument, e.g. claves or drum, while singing a simple song.
- Introduce rhythm to learners as patterns of short and long sounds model and ask learners to copy rhythm patterns by clapping the rhythm of words from short, repetitive rhymes.
- Support learners to understand both concepts by combining beat and rhythm when chanting a rhyme e.g. half the group can keep a steady beat on their knees, while the other half clap the rhythm.
- Introduce the rhythm names for 1 beat (ta) 2 half beats (te te) using familiar rhymes with a repetitive rhythm e.g. Buster Buster, Engine Engine.
- Provide opportunities for learners to follow pictorial symbols which represent the rhythm of a familiar and repetitive rhyme.

End of Level Benchmarks

- Participates actively and uses his/her voice in singing activities from a range of styles and cultures, for example, nursery rhymes and songs with actions.
- Uses instruments such as drum, claves, chime bar to play along to a range of music styles.

Interdisciplinary links

LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a ENG 0-12a / LIT 0-13a / LIT 0-21a MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a HWB 0-10a, HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-14a HWB 0-21a, HWB 0-22a, HWB 0-23a SOC 0-04a RME 0-04a

Lesson Plans & Activities

Music & Literacy
Materials

Audio Recordings

Glossary of Terms





E & O: I have the freedom to use voice, musical instruments and music technology to discover and enjoy playing with sound and rhythm (EXA 0-17a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches:

Provide child-led opportunities for learners to explore and be creative with sound:

- Set up a <u>music/sound area</u> (indoors or outdoors) with a variety of instruments and objects for the children to explore, including a selection of tuned and untuned percussion and materials with a variety of textures and surfaces.
- Percussion instruments can be organised by timbre (shake, tap, ting, boom) and children can begin to categorise the instruments with visuals for support.
- Encourage learners to explore contrasting sounds with visuals for basic music concepts displayed (loud/quiet, fast/slow, high/low).
- Provide opportunities for children to use materials to create different sounds and to make their own instruments. Materials could
 include plastic bottles & lids, plastic boxes, cardboard boxes, buckets, pots & lids, wooden blocks, spoons, sand paper, pencils,
 straws, sticks, rubber bands etc.
- Encourage learners to compare and contrast sounds and to describe the sounds they have created e.g. What happens if you swap the spoon for a straw? Can you use the materials to make a shake sound? What could you use to make a loud sound? How could you make that sound guieter?

Engage learners in adult directed group activities to explore sounds created by voice, instruments and body percussion:

- Model use of the voice in different ways using a call and response activity e.g. 'Have you got your singing/whispering/humming/robot voice?'
- Sit in a circle and ask each child in turn to say their name. Then go round the circle again, each time giving the children a different instruction e.g. to sing/whisper/shout their name. Can the children think of another way to change their voice and say their name?
- Use simple songs and rhymes to model and introduce different forms of body percussion e.g. 'Clap your hands'
- Use different types of body percussion to pass a sound around the circle e.g. a clap, a stamp, a tap on the knees. This could turn into a simple rhythm for the children to pass around the circle, e.g. clap clap stamp, and children can lead.
- Use simple songs and rhymes to introduce different percussion instruments, their names, the sounds they make and model the techniques for playing them e.g. 'I hear music'.
- Create a 'sound circle' with an instrument each, children take it in turns to play a sound going round the circle. Try passing sounds round the circle quickly, slowly, louder or quieter.

Using music technology

- Support children to make short sound recordings and play them back using iPad Apps e.g. Voice Memos or Book Creator.
- Support children to explore and play with sound using music technology e.g. Garageband App or Chrome Music Lab.

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

End of Level Benchmarks

When communicating ideas and feelings through creative music activities:

- uses voice to explore sound and rhythm, for example, hums, whispers, sings;
- chooses different musical instruments to play such as chime bar, drum or body percussion, exploring sound and rhythm by, for example, clapping, tapping;
- uses technology to capture sound, for example, audio recorders, microphones, apps and other software.

Interdisciplinary links:

LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a HWB 0-10a, HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-14a HWB 0-21a, HWB 0-22a, HWB 0-23a TCH 0-01a, TCH 0-10a

Lesson Plans & Activities

Music & Literacy
Materials

Audio Recordings

Glossary of Terms





E & O: Inspired by the range of stimuli and working on my own and/or with others, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feeling through musical activities (EXA 0-18a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches:

Exploring sound

Provide learners with opportunities to explore sounds created by voice, body, instruments and objects through child-led play and during adult-led group music activities. See strategies and approaches for EXA 0-17a

Following performance directions

- Agree signals (and use visuals) for start/stop, louder/quieter, faster/slower and give the children opportunities to practice following a leader when making sound with their voices, body percussion, instruments or objects.
- Give children opportunities to lead others using simple signals as performance directions (e.g. gestures for start/stop or loud/quiet).
- Introduce the concept of a graphic score using a few simple shapes/symbols/pictures to represent sounds the children have created for a soundscape or sound story. An adult or child can lead by pointing to the symbols and everyone else follows the graphic score to perform their composition.

Responding to a stimulus

- Listen to live sounds in a local environment (e.g. park, playground, street) or a pre-recorded sounds from other environments (e.g. under the sea or thunderstorm) and prompt responses from the children by asking questions e.g. What sounds can you hear? Which sounds are loud? Which sounds are quiet?
- Use this as inspiration for the children to create a group soundscape using a combination of voices, instruments, body percussion and objects which reflects the chosen environment. Children can perform the improvised soundscape following a leader's signals for when to start/stop or get louder/quieter.
- Similarly, an engaging and interesting image of the environment could also be used to stimulate the improvised soundscape.
- Ask learners to create and perform sounds to enhance the retelling of a well-known story e.g. The Gruffalo. Children can work in pairs or small groups to create a sound to match a character in the story using instruments, their voice, body percussion, an object, or a combination of these.
- Each group can present the sound they have created for their character and explain their choice of instrument or voice etc. whilst other members of the class can give some feedback. Ask children to perform their sounds during a retelling of the story, with each group performing a sound for their character when it appears.

End of Level Benchmarks

When communicating ideas and feelings through creative music activities:

- uses voice to explore sound and rhythm, for example, hums, whispers, sings;
- chooses different musical instruments to play such as chime bar, drum or body percussion, exploring sound and rhythm by, for example, clapping, tapping;
- uses technology to capture sound, for example, audio recorders, microphones, apps and other software.

Interdisciplinary links

LIT 0-01a / LIT 0-11a / LIT 0-20a LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a LIT 0-09b / LIT 0-31a MNU 0-02a, MTH 0-13a HWB 0-10a, HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-14a HWB 0-21a, HWB 0-22a, HWB 0-23a TCH 0-01a, TCH 0-10a

Lesson Plans & Activities

Glossary of Terms

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources





E & O: I can respond to music by describing my thoughts and feelings about my own and others' work (EXA 0-19a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches

Good listening skills

- Model and talk about how to be a good listener / audience member when listening to live or recorded performances e.g. use appropriate body language, look at the performer(s).
- Encourage learners to ask a question or make a comment after listening to a music performance, using sentence starters for support e.g. I heard...

Selecting music to listen to

- · Select short excerpts of music (20-30 seconds) to listen to in order to sustain engagement.
- · Talk to the children about when and where they hear music and ask them about the music that they/their families like to listen to.
- Select music from a range of musical genres and styles, including styles and cultures that will be familiar to the children and music which is 'new' to them and will expand their musical experiences e.g. Pop, Classical, Scottish, Latin American, Indian.
- · Select music which will inspire different feelings, images or memories for the children e.g. pieces with a contrasting mood/atmosphere.
- Select music with clear contrasts in tempo, dynamics or instrumentation, repetitive melodies or rhythm patterns for the children to identify and respond to.

Linking music to emotions

- Listen to a short excerpt and ask the children about how the music makes them feel or what they picture when they hear it. An object can be passed around the circle for children to share their responses, using visuals for different emotions to support. Listen to a contrasting piece of music, does this make them feel or picture something differently?
- A listening dice with symbols can be used to stimulate discussion after listening to the music e.g. talk about what they feel, picture in their head, hear, like/dislike and questions they have about the music.
- Learners could choose a favourite piece of music (music they listen to at home, music from film/TV or a simple song/rhyme) and give a short talk to the class, using sentence starters for support e.g. My favourite song/music is...I like it because...It makes me feel...

Identifying music concepts

- Ask questions before, during and after listening to a piece of music, which encourage children to listen closely and to begin to identify some basic music concepts. The excerpt can be played multiple times and paused at different points to draw attention to particular features.
- Start by asking open-ended questions e.g. What did you notice? Have you heard any music like this before? Is the music the same all the way through?
- Ask questions related to basic music concepts e.g. Is the music fast or slow? Is it loud or quiet? What instrument can you hear at the beginning?

Responding creatively

- Listen to music with a strong beat/pulse and ask the children to keep the beat along to the music using movement (e.g. marching), body percussion (e.g. clapping) or instruments (e.g. claves, drum).
- Give opportunities for children to respond to familiar and unfamiliar music using mark making or construction materials to create colours, lines, symbols, shapes or models which represent what they hear.
- · Children can use facial expression to show how the music makes them feel or use their bodies to move around the space in response to the music.

End of Level Benchmarks

- Shares thoughts and feelings about music experiences such as live and/or recorded music, peer nursery rhyme performances, school concerts, giving reasons for likes and dislikes.
- Shares views and listens appropriately to the views of others, for example, states if the music is fast/slow or loud/quiet.

Interdisciplinary links

EXA 2-05a, EXA 2-09a, EXA 2-13a LIT 0-02a / ENG 0-03a, LIT 0-04a, LIT 0-10a HWB 0-11a, HWB 0-01a

Lesson Plans & Activities

Listening List

Glossary of Terms

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources



Early Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 0-16a & EXA 0-17a)



<u>Props</u>

Props can be used during group singing games and be displayed in a music area to support learners during play:

- Large piece of stretch lycra fabric or a parachute
- Pop-up cone puppet
- Finger puppets
- Hand puppets / soft toys
- Floor spots / hoops
- Ball
- Nursery rhyme and story props/characters







<u>Instruments</u>

Full Instrument Glossary

A full class set of:

- Small claves
- Egg shakers or mini maracas



A selection of tuned and unturned percussion instruments for exploring different sounds:

- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- Tambourine
- Wood block or agogo block & beater
- Guiro
- Bells
- Different sized triangles & beaters
- Chime bar set / xylophone / glockenspiel with beaters
- Hand bell set



Printable Resources

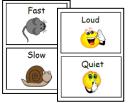
Download

printables

Flashcards can be used as visuals during group singing games and be displayed in a music area to support learners during play:

- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low
- Performance directions start/stop
- 4x heart cut outs (to represent the beat/pulse)
- Rhythm flashcards (pictorial)
- Singing voice, speaking voice, thinking voice visuals
- Instrument sound cards shake, tap, ting, boom
- Song title cards with visuals
- Song/rhyme lyrics displayed with visuals
- Pictures of objects/animals for identifying alliteration, rhyming pairs and clapping syllables









- Speaker
- Pad
- Headphones



Early Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 0-18a)



Stimuli for	
creating mus	i

Images e.g.

- Characters or setting from stories
- Local places
- Outdoor environments (forest, seaside, city)

Find inspiring images at:

- https://unsplash.com/
- https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/

Picture books / big books e.g.

- · The Gruffalo
- Three Little Pigs
- Goldilocks and the Three Bears
- · Rumble in the Jungle
- Commotion in the Ocean

Music e.g.

- <u>Carnival of the Animals</u> by Saint-Saëns
- Soundscapes (forest, seaside, city):
 Forest soundscape
 Body percussion soundscape

Video clips / short films e.g.

- The Gruffalo
- Stick Man
- Pixar Shorts https://www.pixar.com/theatrical-shorts

Find more film resources at https://www.intofilm.org/resources

Instruments

Full Instrument Glossary Untuned percussion (unable to produce a specific pitch)

- Claves
- Maracas or egg shakers
- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- Tambourine
- Wood block or agogo block
- Bells
- Triangles & beaters (different sizes)

Tuned percussion (able to produce a specific pitch)

- Chime bar set & beaters
- Xylophone & beaters
- Glockenspiel & beaters
- Boomwhakers
- · Hand bell set





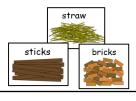
<u>Printable</u> Resources

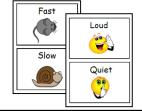
Download

printables

Flashcards and props can be used to support learners when creating and performing sounds in response to a stimulus.

- Instrument sound cards shake, tap, ting, boom
- Labelled instrument picture cards
- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low
- Performance directions start/stop
- Story sequencing cards / props
- Character cards / puppets / masks







<u>Digital</u> <u>Technology</u>

- Speaker
- iPad
- Headphones



Early Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 0-19a)



Suggested Listening

Full Listening List

Exploring emotions/mood

Mars from 'The Planets' - Holst

Spring from 'The Four Seasons' - Vivaldi
The Bare Necessities - 'The Jungle Book'
Adagio - Albinoni
Adagio for Strings - Barber
When She Loved Me from 'Toy Story'
Toccata and Fugue - J.S. Bach
The Imperial March - John Williams

Music from Scotland

- Aly Bain & Phil Cunningham Phil's Reel
- Julie Fowlis Touch the Sky from 'Brave'
- Blazin' Fiddles Pat the Budgie

Traditional Scots Songs

- Three Craws
- Ye Canny Shove Yer Granny
- Ally Bally (Coulters Candy)

Music from around the world

- Brazil
 Let me take you to Rio from 'Rio'
- India

 Ragam Mohama by The Sitars of Bombay
- Africa
 Grasslands Chant from the Broadway
 production of 'The Lion King'

Printable Resources

Download

printables

Flashcards can be used as visuals to support learners when listening and responding to music.

- Instrument sound cards shake, tap, ting, boom
- Labelled instrument picture cards, including instruments from a range of styles and cultures
- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low

Untuned percussion (unable to produce a specific pitch)

- Emotion cards happy, sad, scared
- Question cards Have you heard music like this before? What did you notice? Did you hear voices?
- Listening dice The music made me feel..., I liked/didn't like..., The music made me think of..., I heard...













<u>Instruments</u>

Full Instrument

Glossary

Claves

- Maracas or egg shakers
- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- Tambourine
- Wood block or agogo block
- Guiro
- Bells
- Triangles & beaters (different sizes)

Tuned percussion (able to produce a specific pitch)

- · Chime bar set & beaters
- Xylophone & beaters
- · Glockenspiel & beaters
- Boomwhakers





- Paper and pencils/pens/paint for mark making in response to music
- Scarves / ribbons for movement in response to music
- Heart cut outs (for tapping in time to beat/pulse of the music)





<u>Digital</u>

Technology

- Speaker
- iPad / device for playing music
- Headphones



Early Level Music: Teacher Resources



Books	 Singing Games and Rhymes for Early Years, Books 1 & 2 (National Youth Choir of Scotland) The Music Handbook and Jolly Music Big Book - Beginners (C. Rowsell & D. Vinden) The little book of music and movement (J. Harries) The little book of sound ideas (J. Harries) The little book of junk music (MacDonald & Hardy) The little book of rhythm and raps (Harries & Evans) Singing Phonics, Books 1 & 2 (H. MacGregor & C.Birt) Games ideas and activities for Primary Music (D. Minto) How to teach primary Music: 100 inspiring ideas (Wheway, Miles & Barnes) Supporting Musical Development in the Early Years (Pound & Harrison)
Online resources & digital tools	Websites
Other resources	Hand sign & notation guide Coming soon! Graphic Score Guide Coming soon!



Early Level Music: Websites





ABRSM Classical 100 www.classical100.org	Access to recordings of a range of classical music pieces for listening, with information about the composers and the story behind each piece of music. It is free to create an account
BBC Teach: Music https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ks1- music/zbcjscw	Access a range of classroom resources, teacher guides and initiatives for music teaching in Primary school including: • Bring the Noise - songs and music making activities with cross-curricular lesson plans. https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/bring-the-noise • Ten Pieces - lesson plans and resources for introducing children to inspirational classical pieces. https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ten-pieces/classical-music-early-years/znvhrj6
Bookbug Songs and Rhymes (Scottish Book Trust) https://www.scottishbooktrust.com/songs-and-rhymes	The Bookbug Songs and Rhymes Library has a range of audio and video recorded songs and rhymes, including Scots and Gaelic language.
Chrome Music Lab https://musiclab.chromeexperime nts.com/	A collection of fun, hands-on experiments that allow children to explore sound using music technology, reinforce music concepts and stimulate creativity.
Glasgow CREATE YMI Blog https://blogs.glowscotland.org.uk/ gc/createymi/	Created by the Glasgow CREATE Youth Music Initiative team - access a range of musical activities to support music making in the Primary classroom and at home, including resources for school music groups including Choir, Ukulele and Samba.
Into Film https://www.intofilm.org/resources	Provides resources, including lesson plans and presentations, for using film to engage children in learning across the curriculum. Many of the resources are linked to music through discussion and activities focused on film sound tracks.
YouTube www.youtube.com	Access videos for demonstrating examples of people playing instruments, groups of musicians (e.g. the orchestra) and music of different genres and cultures.





Early Level Music: Apps



Carnival of the Animals* Naxos The Carnival of the Animals	An orchestral recording of Saint-Saens' Carnival of the Animals including 14 movements, each representing a different animal. This app includes information about the composer, rhyming verses and colourful animated illustrations of the animals to go along with each track.							
	Suitable for: Early and First Level	Cost: £3.99						
My First Classical Music App* Naxos My First Classical Music App*	An introduction to classical music, composers and the orchestra. Over 40 recordings of different pieces of music with demonstrations for every instrument of the orchestra. Interactive resource with animations, sound effects and narrated text. Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £3.99							
Musical Advent Calendar* Naxos Advent Calendar		sten to a different piece of seasonal classical music, including Christmas Cost: free						
Beanie's Musical Instruments* Naxos Beanie's Beanie's Beanie's Illustruments	A simple introduction to musical instruments. Tap the curtains to reveal Beanie the bear playing a different in each time. Children hear what each instrument sounds like and what it is called. Suitable for: Early and First Level Cost: £1.49 (lite version available free)							
Fun Folk* Flo-Culture	An introduction to Scottish traditional musi films. Includes material in both Gaelic and Suitable for: Early and First Level	c, song, stories and ceilidh dancing with interactive activities, animations and Scots languages. Cost: free						
A Jazzy World* The Melody Book		provides an introduction to world culture/music, featuring USA, Brazil, Ireland, and Australia. Includes quizzes for each country. Cost: £4.99 (lite version available free)						
GarageBand Apple	GarageBand can be used to record, create edited and layered together to create an a Suitable for: All Levels	e, edit and share music. Virtual or real instruments can be explored, recorded udio track. Cost: free						

^{*}These apps may not be approved for use on Glasgow City Council's 'Connected Learning' iPads



Early Level: Music Area Ideas















Music at First Level: Experiences and Outcomes

First Level

Tracker

Through music, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Performing and creating music will be the prominent activities for all learners. Through these activities they develop their vocal and instrumental skills, explore sounds and musical concepts, and use their imagination and skills to create musical ideas and compositions. They can further develop their understanding and capacity to enjoy music through listening to musical performances and commenting on them. They use ICT to realise or enhance their composition and performance, and to promote their understanding of how music works.

EXA 1-16 I can sing and play music from other styles and cultures, showing growing confidence and skill, while learning about musical notation and performance direction.

EXA 1-17a I can use my voice, musical instruments and music technology to discover and enjoy playing with sound, rhythm, pitch and dynamics.

> Inspired by a range of stimuli, and working on my own and/or with others, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through musical activities.

I can respond to music by describing my thoughts and feelings about my own and others' work.

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances.

EXA 1-18a

EXA 1-19a

EXA 1-01a



First Level Tracker: Music



_	J			FIIS	Level	Hac	ikei. I	nus						
	EXA 1-16a Supporting Guidance	Sing a variety of songs from Scotland and othe cultures individually and as part of a group.	r Sing songs in 2	Sing with good diction and increasing expression.		handsig pentaton	se and follow gns from the nic scale (do, ni, so, la).	incre	ng/chant with asing control of o and dynamics.	Internalise the words of a song/rhyme.		Demonstrate awareness song struct (verse, chor	Experience simple time re signatures (4/4, 3/4 and 2/4)	
		beat with to movement and son	percussion instruments play the beat along to gs/music, responding to ster or slower tempo.	Clap and play simple rhythms using rhythm names (ta, te te, ta rest, ta-a, ta-a rest, ta-a-a-a, ta-a-a-a rest).		Follow pictorial and stick notation to clap and play simple rhythms.		Inter	Internalise a simple followin directions sing/play l		Respond to a leader/conductor by following performance irections to start/stop or to ing/play louder or quieter, faster or slower.		en dynamic o sing/play eter (forte, escendo, iendo).	Use instruments such as recorder, tin whistle or tuned percussion to play a simple melody in time.
	EXA 1-17a Supporting Guidance	Use a variety of musical styles to experiment with different vocal sounds e.g. beat box, rap, opera, musical theatre, choral, pop, jazz, folk, country, Scottish traditional.		Sing songs of different styles from memory with increasing control of pitch, rhythm, de		instrume develop tl	ents and he correct ques for	Identify and recognise the timbre of an increasing range of tuned and untuned percussion instruments.		Use tuned percussion to experiment with higher/lower pitches.		Experiment with playing tec different effects e.g		
		Keep a steady beat using percussion instruments with independence.		of music with increasing		instrume short rhy	ercussion ents to copy thm patterns te their own.	Play a repeated rhythm pattern alongside one or more contrasting rhythms.		Use digital technology to record sounds (video and/or sound).		own/others' work and respond by		se music technology to late simple compositions experimenting with intrasts in pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.
MIUSIC	EXA 1-18a Supporting Guidance	Explore sounds made by a range of tuned and untuned percussion instruments as well as everyday objects.	Independently identify timbre (sound) of different percussion instruments.	Use voice, body, instrumer and everyday objects to produce contrasting sounce.g. loud/quiet, fast/slow, smooth/short & detached high/low, sound/silence.		im _l mu perfo	improvised group grou music-making e.g. track perform in and listen to an Improvisation group		Work individually group to create so sound effects and tracks in response of stimuli e.g. sou pictures, stories, vocems.	oundscapes, d sound e to a variety unds, videos, elements to a stimulus ar instruments temp		with musical reflect the mood of a nd explain choice of is/voices, dynamics, po, structure, texture.		erform sounds to go ith songs, pictures, ories, poems and deos using an creasing range of body ercussion, vocal ffects, instruments and bjects.
		Follow performance directions of a leader to perform a planned or improvised soundscape / sound picture / sound story, individually or with others.		Explore rhythm by copying and creating patterns of sounds using voice, body or instruments.		an	Use stick notation to create and write down simple rhythm sequences.		to write down	record		digital technology to		Listen to recordings of own/others' work and uggest what works well or could be improved, referring to some musical elements.
	EXA 1-19a Supporting Guidance	Understand the importance of being a good listener and listen appropriately to the views of others.		Comment on own and others' w celebrating success and sugges what could be improved.		gesting	by expressing personal views e.		g. reasons for likes and		Relate music to emotions: 'It made me reelhappy/sad/scared/excited etc. because'			
	Guidance	Listen to and watch me perform to become fam the timbre of differ instruments.	and describe e.g. familie ent (strings,	lies of the orchestra woodwind brass e.g. orche		nise some chestra, po	ise some different ensembles hestra, pop band, Scottish pipe su		other cultu such as instr	ten to different styles of music from So her cultures and comment on musical h as instruments, voices, tempo, dyna ructure (verse, chorus) and texture (so		concepts through othe mics, pitch, Arts by crea		a response to music ner areas of Expressive eating simple pieces of drama or dance.
	EXA 1-01a Supporting Guidance	Supporting group) to the class, parents or in the confidence, concentration				for e	Experience live performance as an audience for example, other class performances, local school concerts, visiting musician/theatry performances and visits to theatres/conc						Celebrate the achievement of others at a performance appropriately	



First Level: Music



E & O: I can sing and play music from other styles and cultures, showing growing confidence and skill, while learning about musical notation and performance direction (EXA 1-16a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches

Singing

- Select songs within a pitch range which is manageable for children to sing. Children have a limited range (around middle D to the B above) a chime bar is useful for finding an appropriate starting pitch.
- Select songs and rhymes which are short, repetitive and easy to remember teach by breaking down into chunks e.g. line by line, using call and response and talk about the structure of the song (verse, chorus, repeated sections etc.).
- Continue to vary the dynamics and tempo when singing songs and to model the difference between a speaking and singing voice.
- Begin to develop the skills required for singing in parts through songs which can be sung in a round (two or more groups sing the same melody but start at different times).
- Provide opportunities for children to sing short phrases individually using singing games (e.g. 'Who Stole My Chicken?').
- Use fun warm up exercises (e.g. tongue twisters, humming) to develop diction, breathing and pitch accuracy.
- Introduce the solfa names and handsigns to represent pitches using simple, well-known songs (e.g. 'I Like Coffee, I Like Tea' or 'Bounce High, Bounce Low'). Start with so, mi and la, then add do and re to complete the pentatonic scale.
- Use a stave (5 lines, 4 spaces) to practice placing pitches on the lines and in the spaces draw on on a whiteboard, mark out with tape on the floor, or use your hand (fingers for the lines and in-between fingers for spaces).

Beat & Rhythm

- Develop children's sense of pulse by providing regular experiences where children can physically 'feel' the beat in music e.g. keep the beat by walking, performing actions, bouncing a ball, passing an object, clapping or tapping knees. There should be an initial focus on the beat when learning any new song.
- Children can tap heart shapes to the beat whilst singing to reinforce the idea that pulse/beat in music is like the steady heartbeat in our bodies.
- Use short, well-known songs/rhymes to introduce Kodály rhythm names practice clapping and saying the rhythm names.
- Support learners to differentiate between beat and rhythm when chanting a rhyme by asking one group of children to keep a steady beat, while another group claps/plays the rhythm.
- Link rhythm names to the associated stick notation symbols and play games using rhythm flashcards which help children to recognise and follow written rhythm patterns (e.g. Don't Clap This One Back or Rhythm Corners).
- Children can practise the skill of 'internalising' by clapping/playing the rhythm of a rhyme whilst saying the words or rhythm names in their 'thinking voice'.

Playing Instruments

- Apply the pitch and rhythm skills taught through singing and body percussion activities to perform short simple melodies on pitched instruments e.g. tuned percussion (xylophone, glockenspiel, chime bars), tin whistle, recorder or keyboard.
- Introduce the treble clef and pitch names to practice reading notation and playing pitches on an instrument (as above).
- Introduce performance direction vocabulary and symbols used in music to indicate changes in tempo or dynamics (e.g. piano, forte, crescendo, diminuendo, accelerando, ritardando).

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

End of Level Benchmarks

- Performs songs with enthusiasm, from a range of styles and cultures, demonstrating a variety of basic singing techniques such as accurate pitch, good diction and appropriate dynamics, for example, loud or quiet.
- Performs a simple rhythm part on a range of instruments, for example, keeps the beat using body/untuned percussion.
- Performs simple melodic parts, for example, on tuned percussion, tin whistle, recorder.
- Follows performance directions, for example, follows the group leader.
- Follows simple music notation, for example, in the form of pictures, graphics, treble clef.

Interdisciplinary links

LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-03a MNU 1-07a, MTH 1-13a HWB 1-10a, HWB 1-11a, HWB 1-14a HWB 1-21a, HWB 1-23a SOC 1-04a





First Level: Music



E & O: I can use my voice, musical instruments and music technology to discover and enjoy playing with sound, rhythm, pitch and dynamics (EXA 1-17a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches

Provide opportunities for learners to explore and be creative with sound:

- Give children access to a variety of instruments and objects to explore, including a selection of tuned and untuned percussion and materials with a variety of textures and surfaces.
- Percussion instruments can be organised by timbre (shake, tap, ting, boom) to support children to categorise the instruments.
- Encourage learners to explore contrasting sounds with visuals for basic music concepts displayed (loud/quiet, fast/slow, high/low).
- Provide opportunities for children to use materials to create different sounds and to make their own instruments. Materials could
 include plastic bottles & lids, plastic boxes, cardboard boxes, buckets, pots & lids, wooden blocks, spoons, sand paper, pencils,
 straws, sticks, rubber bands etc.
- Encourage learners to compare and contrast sounds and to describe the sounds they have created e.g. What happens if you swap the spoon for a straw? Can you use the materials to make a shake sound? What could you use to make a loud sound? How could you make that sound guieter? How could you change the pitch of that sound?

Engage learners in group music making activities to explore sounds created by voice, instruments and body percussion:

- Model use of the voice in different ways using a call and response activity e.g. 'Have you got your singing/whispering/humming/robot voice?'
- Use songs and rhymes to model and introduce different forms of body percussion (stamp, clap, click, tap knees) e.g. 'Bubble Gum, Bubble Gum'.
- Use different types of body percussion to pass a rhythm around the circle e.g. clap clap stamp stamp. Children can take turns to lead and make up their own body percussion pattern to pass around the circle.
- Use songs to introduce different percussion instruments, their names, the sounds they make and model the techniques for playing them e.g. 'What's inside the magic bag'
- Explore instruments and how can they can be played to create different effects in an 'Improvisation Circle'. A group of children, with an instrument each, should sit in the middle of the circle. Another child can 'lead' by tapping each person on the shoulder to indicate when to start and stop playing their instrument. The rest of the class listen closely to the sounds that are created and talk about what they noticed.

Using music technology

- Create opportunities for children making sound recordings and play them back using iPad Apps with increasing independence e.g.
 Voice Memos. Book Creator. GarageBand
- · Encourage children to explore and layer sound using music technology e.g. Garageband App or Chrome Music Lab

End of Level Benchmarks

- Follows performance directions, for example, follows the group leader.
- When communicating ideas and feelings through creative musical activities, working on their own and/or with others: uses voice, instruments and technology to create musical ideas using sound, rhythm, pitch and dynamics

Interdisciplinary links

LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-03a MNU 1-07a, MTH 1-13a HWB 1-10a, HWB 1-11a, HWB 1-14a HWB 1-23a TCH 1-01a, TCH1-10a





First Level: Music



E & O: Inspired by a range of stimuli, and working on my own and/or with others, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through musical activities (EXA 1-18a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches

Exploring sound

Provide learners with opportunities to explore sounds created by voice, body, instruments and objects through child-led play and adult directed group music activities. See strategies and approaches for EXA 1-17a

Following performance directions

- Agree signals (and use visuals) for start/stop, louder/quieter, faster/slower and give the children opportunities to practice following a leader when making sound with their voices, body percussion, instruments or objects.
- Give children opportunities to lead others using simple signals as performance directions (e.g. gestures for start/stop, crescendo/diminuendo).
- Support children to create graphic scores using simple shapes/symbols/pictures to represent sounds they created for a soundscape or sound story. An adult or child can lead the performance of a composition by pointing to different parts of the graphic score and everyone else follows their direction.
- Give children opportunities to apply their knowledge of notation by writing down simple rhythms that they create using stick notation.

Responding to a stimulus

- Listen to live sounds in a local environment (e.g. park, playground, street) or a pre-recorded sounds from other environments (e.g. under the sea or thunderstorm) and prompt responses from the children by asking questions e.g. What sounds can you hear? Which sounds are loud/quiet? How would you describe the atmosphere and why?
- Use this as inspiration for the children to create a group soundscape using a combination of voices, instruments, body percussion and objects which reflects the chosen environment. Children can perform the improvised soundscape following a leader's signals for when to start/stop or get louder/quieter.
- Similarly, an engaging and interesting image or film clip of an environment could also be used to stimulate the improvised soundscape.
- Ask learners to create and perform sounds to enhance the retelling of a story e.g. Jack and the Beanstalk. Children can work in pairs or small groups to create a sounds to match a characters and events in the story using a combination of voice, instruments, body percussion, objects and music technology (recorded sound effects).
- Groups can present the sounds they have created and should explain their choice of instrument/voice and use of tempo and dynamics etc., whilst other members of the class provide feedback.
- Provide opportunities for children to record compositions and perform sound stories/soundscapes they to an audience.

End of Level Benchmarks

- Follows performance directions, for example, follows the group leader.
- When communicating ideas and feelings through creative musical activities, working on their own and/or with others: uses voice, instruments and technology to create musical ideas using sound, rhythm, pitch and dynamics, for example, by creating a soundscape or by adding tuned/untuned percussion to enhance a story or a song.
- Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some music vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary links

LIT 1-01a, LIT 1-02a, LIT 1-09a, ENG 1-19a, ENG 1-31a HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-11a, HWB 1-14a TCH 1-01a, TCH1-10a



Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources



First Level: Music



E & O: I can respond to music by describing my thoughts and feelings about my own and others' work (EXA 1-19a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches

Good listening skills

- Model and talk about how to be a good listener / audience member when listening to live or recorded performances e.g. use appropriate body language, look at the
 performer(s).
- After listening, encourage learners to express their own artistic opinion and to explain what they liked/disliked about the music and why. Model and encourage learners
 to ask relevant questions after listening, e.g. 'I wonder what instrument was playing the very low sound?', or ask a performer 'How do you make a louder sound with
 that instrument?'
- Provide opportunities for learners to listen to and evaluate their own and others' work, using appropriate music vocabulary e.g. 'The crescendo towards the end worked well', 'Could you play more quietly at the beginning?'.

Selecting music to listen to (see Listening List for suggestions)

- Talk to the children about when and where they listen to music and find out about the music that they/their families like to listen to. Share with the children the music
 that you listen to and why you like it. Learners could choose a favourite pieces of music/songs for the class to listen to and give a short talk about the music and why
 they like it.
- Select short excerpts of music that can be listened to multiple times, starting with 20-30 seconds, and gradually build this up. A longer piece of music could be listened
 to in short sections rather than all the way through.
- Select music from an increasing range of musical genres and styles, including styles and cultures that will be familiar and music which will expand their musical experiences e.g. Pop, Classical, Scottish (folk, pipe band), Latin American, Indian, Jazz.
- · Select music which will inspire different feelings, images or memories for the children e.g. pieces with a contrasting mood/atmosphere.
- Select music with clear contrasts in tempo, dynamics or instrumentation, repetitive melodies or rhythm patterns for the children to identify and respond to. Select music which features a particular group of instruments/voices e.g. the families of the orchestra (strings, woodwind, brass, percussion)
- Choose music from film, TV and theatre to explore links between image and sound.

Active listening

- A Listening Dice or Question Cards can be used to help stimulate thinking and discussion before and after listening to music. Children could also write or draw their responses on a Listening Mat. You may or may not choose to give the children any information about the music/performer/composer before the first listen.
- After the first listening, start by asking open ended questions which allow learners to express a personal response. E.g. How the music make you feel? Why do you
 think that is? Is there a there a picture in your head? What did you notice? Is the music the same all the way through?
- On the second or third listen, encourage children to identify specific features of the music. You may want to pause at particular points to introduce new music vocabulary or ask questions related to concepts e.g. What instrument is playing the main melody here? How has the tempo changed in this section? Is this a solo or group performance?
- Watch video clips of musicians performing and begin to introduce groups of instruments and how they are played, so that children become familiar with the timbre (sound quality) of different instruments.

Responding creatively

- Explore different ways to keep the beat along to a piece of music using movement, body percussion or instruments. Children should begin to copy simple rhythms and melodies that they hear using body percussion/voice/instruments and then create their own simple rhythms to play along with the music.
- Children can create sequences of movement which represent different sections of the music, responding to tempo, dynamics, shape of the melody, and articulation (smooth / detached sounds)
- Give opportunities for children to respond to familiar and unfamiliar music using art materials to create colours, lines, symbols, shapes or models which represent what they hear. This could lead to the creation of their own *graphic score* for the music they are listening to.
- Children can listen to music which tells a story and write their own, poem/script/drama to represent what they hear.

Classroom Resources

Teacher Resources

End of Level Benchmarks

- Shares thoughts and feelings by expressing personal views in response to musical experiences such as performances, school shows and music from different styles and cultures.
- Shares views and listens appropriately to views of others, suggesting what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using some music vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary links

EXA 0-05a, EXA 0-09a, EXA 0-13a LIT 1-01a, LIT 1-02a, 1-07a, 1-09a MNU 1-07a, MTH 1-13a HWB 1-01a, HWB 1-11a TCH 1-01a





First Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 1-16a & EXA 1-17a)



Props

Props can be used during group singing games and could be displayed in a class music area:

- Large piece of stretch lycra fabric or a parachute
- Pop-up cone puppet
- Finger puppets
- Hand puppets / soft toys
- Floor spots / hoops
- Ball
- Character props for songs, rhymes and stories





<u>Instruments</u>

Full Instrument Glossary

A full class set of:

- Small claves
- Egg shakers or mini maracas



A selection of tuned and unturned percussion instruments for exploring different sounds:

Crescendo (cresc.)

- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- Tambourine
- Wood block or agogo block & beater
- Guiro
- Bells
- Different sized triangles & beaters
- · Chime bar set, hand bell set
- · xylophones or glockenspiels with beaters



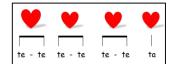
Printable Resources

Download

printables

Flashcards can be used as visuals during group singing games and could be displayed in a class music area:

- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low
- Performance directions start/stop, crescendo/diminuendo
- 4x heart cut outs (to represent the beat/pulse)
- Rhythm flashcards
- Singing voice, speaking voice, thinking voice visuals
- Instrument sound cards shake, tap, ting, boom
- Song title cards with visuals
- Song/rhyme lyrics displayed with visuals





<u>Digital</u> <u>Technology</u>

- Speaker
- iPad
- Headphones



First Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 1-18a)



<u>Stimu</u>	i for
creating	music

Images e.g.

- Characters or setting from stories
- Local places
- Outdoor environments (forest, seaside, city)

Find inspiring images at:

- https://unsplash.com/
- https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/

Stories e.g.

- Three Little Pigs
- Three Billy Goats Gruff
- Jack and the Beanstalk
- Rumble in the Jungle
- Commotion in the Ocean

Music e.g.

- Carnival of the Animals by Saint-Saëns
- Planet Earth II Soundtrack by Hans Zimmer & Jasha Klebe
- Soundscapes (forest, seaside, city) Body percussion soundscape
- 'Connect It' by Anna Meredith (body percussion piece)

Video clips / short films e.g.

- Pixar Shorts https://www.pixar.com/theatrical-shorts
- Planet Earth II Visual Soundscapes

Find more film resources at https://www.intofilm.org/resources

Instruments

Full Instrument

Glossary

Untuned percussion (unable to produce a specific pitch)

Claves

- Maracas or egg shakers
- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- **Tambourine**
- Wood block or agogo block
- Bells
- Triangles & beaters (different sizes)

Tuned percussion (able to produce a specific pitch)

- Chime bar set & beaters
- Xylophone & beaters
- Glockenspiel & beaters
- Boomwhakers
- Hand bell set





Printable Resources

Download

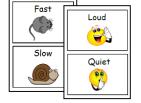
printables

Flashcards and props can be used to support learners when creating and performing sounds in response to a stimulus.

- Instrument sound cards shake, tap, ting, boom
- Labelled instrument picture cards
- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low
- Performance directions start/stop
- Story sequencing cards / props
- Character cards / puppets / masks









Digital Technology

- Speaker
- iPad and headphones



First Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 1-19a)



Suggested Listening

Full Listening

Coming soon!

Exploring emotions/mood

Overture to the Marriage Of Figaro – Mozart

Flight of the Bumble Bee – Rimsky-

Korsakov Pavane - Fauré

Baby Mine from 'Dumbo'

O Fortuna from 'Carmina Burana' – Orff Night on Bald Mountain - Mussorgsky

Music from Scotland and around the world

Scotland

- Struy by Blazin' Fiddles China
- Horse Race by Jiang Jianhua
- Australia
- Didgeridoo by The Aboriginee Tribe Poland
- Plynie Wisla, Plynie by Bob Johnson

Music Groups

Orchestra

- Carnival of the Animals Saint-Saëns
- Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra Britten Choir

Scottish Pipe Band

- Scotland the Brave (traditional tune)

 Jazz Band
- Take Five Dave Brubeck

Printable Resources

Download

printables

Flashcards can be used as visuals to support learners when listening and responding to music.

- Labelled instrument picture cards, including instruments from a range of styles and cultures
- Families of the orchestra posters
- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low, crescendo/diminuendo
- Emotion flashcards
- Question cards First Level
- Listening dice
- Listening mat







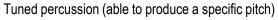


Instruments Full Instrument

Glossary

Untuned percussion (unable to produce a specific pitch)

- Claves
- Maracas or egg shakers
- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- Tambourine
- Wood block or agogo block
- Guiro
- Bells
- Triangles & beaters (different sizes)



- Chime bar set & beaters
- Xylophone & beaters
- Glockenspiel & beaters
- Boomwhakers





Other

- Art materials for drawing/painting/modelling in response to music
- Scarves / ribbons for movement in response to music



<u>Digital</u> Technology

- Speaker
- iPad / device for playing music
- Headphones



First Level Music: Teacher Resources



Books	 Singing Games and Rhymes for Early Years, Books 1 & 2 (National Youth Choir of Scotland) Singing Games and Rhymes for Middle Years, Books 1 & 2 (National Youth Choir of Scotland) Go for Bronze Teacher Book (National Youth Choir of Scotland) The Music Handbook and Jolly Music Big Book - Level 1, 2 and 3 (Jolly Learning Ltd) Games ideas and activities for Primary Music (D. Minto) How to teach primary Music: 100 inspiring ideas (Wheway, Miles & Barnes)
Online resources & digital tools	Websites
Other resources	Handsign & notation guide Coming soon! Graphic Score Guide Coming soon!



First Level Music: Websites



ABRSM Classical 100 www.classical100.org	Access to recordings of a range of classical music pieces for listening, with information about the composers and the story behind each piece of music. It is free to create an account.
BBC Teach: Music https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/primary/z d7p47h	Access a range of classroom resources, videos, teacher guides and initiatives for music teaching in Primary school. Resources are split into ages 5-7 and 7-11.
BBC Teach: Ten Pieces https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ten- pieces	Selected pieces of orchestral music recorded alongside short animated films and orchestral performances to introduce children to classical music. Lesson plans and other resources are available to go with each piece.
Chrome Music Lab https://musiclab.chromeexperiments.c om/	A collection of fun, hands-on experiments that allow children to explore sound using music technology, reinforce music concepts and stimulate creativity.
Glasgow CREATE YMI Blog https://blogs.glowscotland.org.uk/gc/cr eateymi/	Created by the Glasgow CREATE Youth Music Initiative team - access a range of musical activities to support music making in the Primary classroom and at home, including resources for school music groups including Choir, Ukulele and Samba.
Into Film https://www.intofilm.org/resources	Provides resources, including lesson plans and presentations, for using film to engage children in learning across the curriculum. Many of the resources are linked to music through discussion and activities focused on film sound tracks.
NYCOS Youtube Channel https://www.youtube.com/c/NYCOScot land/playlists	The National Youth Choir of Scotland playlists 'NYCoS Daily' and 'Sing & Smile (5-8)' feature a series of songs, musical games and activities to develop musicianship skills and have fun.
The Boy and the Bunnet www.theboyandthebunnet.com	Cross-curricular resources to go with the Scottish story 'The Boy and the Bunnet'. Introduces children to Scots language and musical instruments.
Young Persons Guide to the Orchestra https://brittenpears.org/explore/benjamin-britten/music/young-persons-guide/	Based around Benjamin Britten's composition The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra, this website features a recorded and filmed performance of the piece, an interactive score, listening and composition games and information about all the instruments of the orchestra.
YouTube www.youtube.com	Access videos for demonstrating examples of people playing instruments, groups of musicians (e.g. the orchestra) and music of different genres and cultures.





First Level Music: Apps



A Jazzy Day* The Melody Book	1	azz band and instruments. Featuring sounds from real acoustic instruments and ass, Drums, Guitar, Piano, Alto Saxophone etc.				
	Suitable for: First Level	Cost: £3.99				
A Jazzy World*		provides an introduction to world culture/music, featuring USA, Brazil, Ireland,				
The Melody Book	i Spain, Egypt, Kenya, India, Russia, Japa I	an and Australia. Includes quizzes for each country.				
	Suitable for: All Levels	Cost: £4.99 (lite version available free)				
Carnival of the Animals*	l -	Carnival of the Animals including 14 movements, each representing a different				
Naxos The Carnival of the Annuals	animals to go along with each track.	out the composer, rhyming verses and colourful animated illustrations of the				
	Suitable for: Early and First Level	Cost: £3.99				
Beanie's Musical Instruments*	A simple introduction to musical instrume	ents. Tap the curtains to reveal Beanie the bear playing a different instrument				
Naxos	each time. Children hear what each instr	rument sounds like and what it is called.				
Naxos Beanie's Busical Instruments	Suitable for: Early and First Level	Cost: £1.49 (lite version available free)				
Fun Folk*	An introduction to Scottish traditional mu	sic, song, stories and ceilidh dancing with interactive activities, animations and				
Flo-Culture	films. Includes material in both Gaelic an	d Scots languages.				
Tio Guitaro	Suitable for: Early and First Level	Cost: free				
GarageBand	GarageBand can be used to record, crea	ate, edit and share music. Virtual or real instruments can be explored, recorded,				
	edited and layered together to create an audio track.					
Apple	Suitable for: All Levels	Cost: free				

^{*}These apps may not be approved for use on Glasgow City Council's 'Connected Learning' iPads







First Level Music: more apps



Meet the Orchestra*	An introduction to the families of the orchestra and the musical instruments in each section. Includes a 'Quiz' section
Vide Infra	to develop skills in recognising instruments by appearance and sound.
	Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £2.99
Musical Advent Calendar*	Open a door each day in December and listen to a different piece of seasonal classical music, including Christmas
Naxos Murical	carols and instrumental music.
Advent Calendar	Suitable for: All Levels Cost: free
My First Classical Music App*	An introduction to classical music, composers and the orchestra. Over 40 recordings of different pieces of music with
Naxos My First Classical Magic	demonstrations for every instrument of the orchestra. Interactive resource with animations, sound effects and narrated text.
Арр	Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £3.99
My First Orchestra*	A sequel to 'My First Classical Music App', this interactive introduction to the orchestra features over 40 recordings of
Naxos	classical music and animated performers demonstrating each instrument. Includes narration of the text and a quiz about the instruments.
Orchesto App	Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £3.99

^{*}These apps may not be approved for use on Glasgow City Council's 'Connected Learning' iPads



EXA 2-01a

Music at Second Level: Experiences and Outcomes

Second Level Tracker

Through music, learners have rich opportunities to be creative and to experience inspiration and enjoyment. Performing and creating music will be the prominent activities for all learners. Through these activities they develop their vocal and instrumental skills, explore sounds and musical concepts, and use their imagination and skills to create musical ideas and compositions. They can further develop their understanding and capacity to enjoy music through listening to musical performances and commenting on them. They use ICT to realise or enhance their composition and performance, and to promote their understanding of how music works.

EXA 2-16

I can sing and play music from a range of styles and cultures, showing skill and using performance directions and/or musical notation.

EXA 2-17a I can use my voice, musical instruments and music technology to experiment with sounds, pitch, melody, rhythm, timbre and dynamics.

EXA 2-18a Inspired by a range of stimuli, and working on my own and/or with others, I can express and communicate my ideas, thoughts and feelings through musical activities

EXA 2-19a I have listened to a range of music and can respond by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept

constructive comment on my own and others' work.

I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience

for other people's presentation/performances



Second Level Tracker: Music



				Sec	cona	Levei		acker: N	IUSIC							
	EXA 2-16a Supporting Guidance Coming	Sing a variety of songs fror Scotland and other culture individually or as part of a gro	s narmony (in a rour	d in cond or end/or appropriately	form with clear diction and expression ropriate to the genre.	Sing accur	rately fo	sing pitches using correct handsigns or the pentatonic scale (do, re, mi, so, la)	Recognise and pitches of the pentatonic scale stave.	e on a	Understand convey the mood/characte song with incredepth e.g. using language, fa expression	e Profithe deasing do	erform songs wi control of tempo lynamics, musica phrasing and breathing.	an awa	reness ong ture action,	nternalise the words of a song/rhyme.
	soon!	Demonstrate a secure sense of pulse and rhythm when singing or playing percussion instruments.	Perform songs with diffe time signatures (4/4, 3/4 and 6/8).	rent rhyt	hm names (ta ta-a-a, ta-a-a	thms using Ko i, ta rest, ta-a, rest, ta-a-a-a, ti ri) and follow stick notation.	ta-a ta-a-	Internalise increasingly complex rhythms.	Play tuned a untuned percu- instruments v control of temp dynamics.	ssion vith	Use instrume recorder, tin w percussion (e. glockenspiel) to melody	nistle or tune g. xylophone play a simp	the dynami forte, mo	d and follow c markings of ezzo-forte, rescendo, uendo.	leade follow direction	espond to a er/conductor by ing performance s to change tempo dynamics.
	EXA 2-17a Supporting Guidance	Use a variety of musical styles to experiment with different vocal sounds e.g. beat box, rap, opera, musical theatre, choral, pop, jazz, folk, country, Scottish traditional.	Sing songs of different s from memory with good c of pitch, rhythm, tempo dynamics.	ontrol Cor	ntinue to show classroom inst		inst	Identify a wide variety of a instruments and demonstratechniques for playing the independence.		trate correct them with techniques increasing v on different i		es to produce an diffe yariety of sounds		Recognise the timbre of ferent instruments by how they are played e.g. shaken struck, blown strummed.		instruments to any songs/enhance of different styles.
ပ	Coming soon!	Use instruments to lead others in keeping the pulse.	Use instruments to p higher/lower pitche control changes in tel dynamics with increased	s and npo and	and explore rnythm by copying, creating and layering			Use instruments to play contrasting rhythm patterns as part of an ensemble with 3 or more parts	create and longer of complex	Use stick notation to create and write down longer or more complex rhythm sequences. Use digital technolog record sound (vide and/or sound).		gy to own/oth	Listen to recordings of own/others' work and respond with constructive feedback.		usic technology to e compositions menting with an ng range of pitch, ynamics, tempo and timbre.	
EXA 2-18a Supporting Guidance Coming		Explore different sounds made by a wide range of instruments as well as everyday objects	Recognise the timbre of a range of different instruments by how they are played e.g. shaken, struck, blown, strummed.	improvised group create s music-making e.g. soun perform in and listen increase		create soundscapes, sound effects and sound tracks which incorporate an increased range of musical elements to		instruments mezzo-fort (fast, slow (high/low, i	When creating music, explain choice of instruments/voices, sound/silence, dynamics (forte, mezzo-forte, forte, crescendo, diminuendo), tempo (fast, slow, gradually getting faster/slower), pitch (high/low, moving by step or leap), legato/staccato, structure (beginning, middle, end) and texture (how many instruments/voices)			mpo us com	Take on different roles (conductor, player/singer), using verbal and non-verbal techniques to communicate performance directions e.g. eye contact, body language			
	Perform compositions using a range of body percussion, vocal effects, instruments and objects, following performance directions. Use a form of music nota compositions, includin performance directions e stick notation, stav			ding appropria	g appropriate g. graphic score, Use digital technol (video			o record performandor sound).	ces sugge	Listen to recordings of own/others' work and suggest what works well and what could be improved, referring to a range of musical elements.				Use music technology to create simple compositions experimenting with contrasts in pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo and timbre.		
	Listen and respond to musical pieces of increasing length and listen appropriately to the views of others. Recognise different ensembles and name the instruments within the Orchestra, Jazz band, Choir (male, female, adult, child voices), Pop band, Scottish (folk group, pipe band). EXA 2-01a Supporting Participate in a musical performance (solo or group) to the class, parents or in the community.				oices), Pop/rock and gain a deepe timbre of differer			g. Listen to a r	out what works	and comment on musical concept including in tempo, dynamics, pitch, structure (intro, ver				Listen to and watch musicians perform a range of musical genres e.g. Classical, Musical Theatre, Pop/rock, Jazz, Scottish, World music.		
									ssion) an					struments, voices, se, chorus, outro, of Expressive Arts		rough other areas pressive Arts by ng pieces of art,
					iques, for exa	p performance as, for example: concentration, follow ader/conductor. Experience live performance as a example, other class performanc concerts, visiting musician/theatr			mances, local se	nances, local secondary school Listen to and concentrate on performan eatre group performances and of increasing length.					of others	e the achievement s at a performance opropriately.



Second Level: Music



E & O: I have listened to a range of music and can respond by discussing my thoughts and feelings. I can give and accept constructive comment on my own and others' work. (EXA 2-19a)

Teaching Strategies and Approaches:

Good listening skills

- Model and talk about the qualities of a good listener and a respectful audience member.
- Continue to encourage learners to express their own artistic opinion and to explain with increasing detail and appropriate music vocabulary what they liked/disliked about the music and why. Model and encourage learners to ask relevant questions and build on the contributions of others e.g. 'What are the different instruments in a samba band?', or ask a performer 'What is the highest pitch your instrument can play?'
- Provide opportunities for learners to listen to and evaluate their own and others' work, using appropriate music vocabulary e.g. 'Could the main melody be played louder?'. 'I like the repeated rhythm section'.

Selecting music to listen to (see Listening List for suggestions)

- Talk to the children about when and where they listen to music and find out about the music that they/their families like to listen to. Share with the children the music
 that you listen to and why you like it. Create playlists with the children for use a different times during the day e.g. tidying up, calming down after lunch, warming up for
 P.E. Playlists could also be created with the children to link with social studies topics e.g. music from a particular country or time period.
- Select short excerpts of music that can be listened to multiple times start around 30 seconds and gradually build this up. A longer piece of music could be listened to
 in shorter sections before listening all the way through.
- Select music from a wide range of musical genres and styles, including styles and cultures that will be familiar and music which will expand their musical experiences
 e.g. Pop/Rock, Classical (orchestra, choir, chamber ensemble), Opera, Musical Theatre, Scottish (folk, pipe band), Latin American, Indian, Jazz, Blues, Rap.
- Select music which will inspire different feelings, images or memories for the children e.g. pieces with a contrasting mood/atmosphere.
- Select music with clear contrasts in tempo, dynamics or instrumentation, repetitive melodies or rhythm patterns for the children to identify and respond to. Select music which features a particular group of instruments/voices e.g. the families of the orchestra (strings, woodwind, brass, percussion)
- Choose music from film. TV and theatre to explore links between image and sound.

Active listening

- A Listening Dice or Question Cards can be used to help stimulate thinking and discussion before and after listening to music. Children could also write their responses
 on a Listening Mat. You may or may not choose to give the children any information about the music/performer/composer before the first listen.
- After the first listening, start by asking open ended questions which allow learners to express a personal response and to make connections and comparisons with
 other musical experiences. E.g. How the music make you feel? Why do you think that is? Does it remind you of anything? What did you notice? Can you describe the
 mood/atmosphere of the music? How is that mood/atmosphere created?
- On the second or third listen, encourage children to identify specific features of the music. You may want to pause at particular points to introduce new music vocabulary or ask questions related to concepts e.g. What type of music ensemble is this? What instruments can you hear which tell you this? How many sections are there in the music? Are any of the sections repeated? Is there more that one instrument playing the melody? Is the melody accompanied or unaccompanied?
- Watch video clips of musicians performing and explore groups of instruments and how they are played so that children become increasingly familiar with the timbre (sound quality) of a range of instruments from different styes and cultures.

Responding creatively

- Provide opportunities for learners to keep the beat along to music with different time signatures (simple & compound time) using movement, body percussion and
 instruments. Ask learners to identify and copy rhythm patterns in the music and then create their own to play along.
- Support learners hear simple melodies in the music and perform them using voice or work out the pitches using music technology or on an instrument e.g. tuned percussion.
- Use the analysis of music as a stimulus for children to create their own music in the same style as a particular composer.
- Children can create sequences of movement which represent different sections of the music, responding to tempo, dynamics, shape of the melody, and articulation.
- Provide opportunities for children to respond to familiar and unfamiliar music using art materials to create colours, lines, symbols, shapes or models which represent what they hear. This could lead to the creation of their own *graphic score* for the music they are listening to.
- · Children can listen to music which tells a story and write their own, poem/script/drama to represent what they hear.

End of Level Benchmarks

- Explains preference for music pieces listened to, live and/or recorded, using appropriate music concepts.
- Recognises a range of music styles and identifies some of the main instruments used in, for example, classical music, jazz music, rock and pop music.
- Explains, with supporting reasons, what works well and what could be improved in their own and others' work, using appropriate music vocabulary.

Interdisciplinary links

EXA 2-05a, EXA 2-09a, EXA 2-13a LIT 2-11a, LIT 2-02a, LIT 2-07a HWB 2-01a, HWB 2-11a SOC 2-19a TCH 2-01a





Second Level Music: Classroom Resources (EXA 2-19a)



Suggested Listening

Full Listening

Coming soon!

Film, TV and Theatre

Jurassic Park Theme - John Williams
Hedwig's Theme from 'Harry Potter' – John
Williams

Planet Earth II Soundtrack – Hans Zimmer I am Moana from 'Moana' - Lin-Manuel Miranda

Sunshine on Leith – The Proclaimers Un Poco Loco from 'Coco' - Michael Giacchino

It's the Hard-Knock Life from 'Annie'

Orchestral

- Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra Britten
- The Firebird Suite Stravinsky

Choral

- O Fortuna from 'Carmina Burana' Orff
- Zadok the Priest Handel

Scottish

- Auld Lang Syne Eddi Reader
- Beaches of Harris National Youth Pipe Band of Scotland

Pop

- Can't Stop the Feeling Justin Timberlake
- Wings Little Mix

Rock

- Sweet Child O' Mine Guns N' Roses
- We Will Rock You Queen
- You're in the Band from 'School of Rock'

Jazz

- Summertime Ella Fitzgerald and Louis Armstrong
- Take Five Dave Brubeck

Printable Resources

Flashcards can be used as visuals to support learners when listening and responding to music.

• Labelled instrument picture cards, including instruments from a range of styles and cultures







Download printables

Families of the orchestra posters

- Concept flashcards fast/slow, loud/quiet, high/low, crescendo/diminuendo
- Question cards Second Level
- Listening dice
- Listening mat





<u>Instruments</u>

Full Instrument Glossary Untuned percussion (unable to produce a specific pitch)

- Claves
- Maracas or egg shakers
- Tambour (hand drum)
- Lollipop drum & beater
- Tambourine
- Wood block or agogo block
- Guiro
- Bells
- Triangles & beaters (different sizes)

Tuned percussion (able to produce a

- · Chime bar set & beaters
- Xylophone & beaters
- Glockenspiel & beaters
- Boomwhakers





Other

Art materials for drawing/painting/modelling in response to music

<u>Digital</u> Technology

- Speaker
- iPad / device for playing music
- Headphones



Second Level Music: Teacher Resources



Books	 Singing Games and Rhymes for Middle Years, Books 1 & 2 (National Youth Choir of Scotland) Singing Games and Rhymes for Ages 9 to 99 (National Youth Choir of Scotland) Go for Bronze Teacher Book (National Youth Choir of Scotland) Singing Sherlock Books 2 and 4 (Val Whitlock & Shirley Court) Games ideas and activities for Primary Music (D. Minto) How to teach primary Music: 100 inspiring ideas (Wheway, Miles & Barnes)
Online resources & digital tools	Websites
Other resources	Hand sign & notation guide Coming soon! Graphic Score Guide Coming soon!



Second Level Music: Websites





ABRSM Classical 100 www.classical100.org	Access to recordings of a range of classical music pieces for listening, with information about the composers and the story behind each piece of music. It is free to create an account.
BBC Teach: Music (7-11) https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ks2- music/zfv96v4	Access a range of classroom resources, videos, teacher guides and initiatives for music teaching in Primary school.
BBC Teach: Ten Pieces https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ten- pieces	Selected pieces of orchestral music recorded alongside short animated films and orchestral performances to introduce children to classical music. Lesson plans and other resources are available to go with each piece.
Chrome Music Lab https://musiclab.chromeexperime nts.com/	A collection of fun, hands-on experiments that allow children to explore sound using music technology, reinforce music concepts and stimulate creativity.
Glasgow CREATE YMI Blog https://blogs.glowscotland.org.uk/ gc/createymi/	Created by the Glasgow CREATE Youth Music Initiative team - access a range of musical activities and resources to support music making in the Primary classroom and at home, including resources to support school music groups including Choir, Ukulele and Samba.
Into Film https://www.intofilm.org/resources	Provides resources, including lesson plans and presentations, for using film to engage children in learning across the curriculum. Many of the resources are linked to music through discussion and activities focused on film sound tracks.
NYCOS (Youtube Channel) https://www.youtube.com/c/NYCO Scotland/playlists	The National Youth Choir of Scotland playlists 'NYCoS Daily' feature a series of songs, musical games and activities to develop musicianship skills and have fun.
Young Persons Guide to the Orchestra https://brittenpears.org/explore/benjamin-britten/music/young-persons-guide/	Based around Benjamin Britten's composition The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra, this website features a recorded and filmed performance of the piece, an interactive score, listening and composition games and information about all the instruments of the orchestra.
YouTube www.youtube.com	Access videos for demonstrating examples of people playing instruments, groups of musicians (e.g. the orchestra) and music of different genres and cultures.





Second Level Music: Apps



A Jazzy World* The Moledy Book	This animated and interactive world map provides an introduction to world culture/music, featuring USA, Brazil, Ireland, Spain, Egypt, Kenya, India, Russia, Japan and Australia. Includes quizzes for each country.
The Melody Book	Suitable for: All Levels Cost: £4.99 (lite version available free)
GarageBand Apple	GarageBand can be used to record, create, edit and share music. Virtual or real instruments can be explored, recorded, edited and layered together to create an audio track. Suitable for: All Levels Cost: free
Meet the Orchestra* Vide Infra	An introduction to the families of the orchestra and the musical instruments in each section. Includes a 'Quiz' section to develop skills in recognising instruments by appearance and sound. Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £2.99
Musical Advent Calendar* Naxos Murical Advent Calendar Calendar	Open a door each day in December and listen to a different piece of seasonal classical music, including Christmas carols and instrumental music. Suitable for: All Levels Cost: free
My First Classical Music App* Naxos Music App* Music App* Music App*	An introduction to classical music, composers and the orchestra. Over 40 recordings of different pieces of music with demonstrations for every instrument of the orchestra. Interactive resource with animations, sound effects and narrated text.
My First Orchestra* Naxos	Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £3.99 A sequel to 'My First Classical Music App', this interactive introduction to the orchestra features over 40 recordings of classical music and animated performers demonstrating each instrument. Includes narration of the text and a quiz about the instruments.
App	Suitable for: First and Second Level Cost: £3.99

^{*}These apps may not be approved for use on Glasgow City Council's 'Connected Learning' iPads



Participation in performances and presentations



E & O: I have experienced the energy and excitement of presenting/performing for audiences and being part of the audience for other people's presentation/performances **EXA 0-01a / EXA 1-01a / EXA 2-01a**

Partnerships with arts organisations

Many arts organisations run education and outreach programmes which offer opportunities for children to experience creative workshops and inspiring performances/presentations in schools or at concert halls, theatres, galleries and museums. Some suggested arts organisations and venues that work with children and young people in Scotland are listed below.

Drama

- Scottish Youth Theatre https://scottishyouththeatre.org/
- Tron Theatre https://www.tron.co.uk/education/work-for-schools/
- Glasgow Film https://glasgowfilm.org/what-we-do/learning-and-engagement
- Hopscotch Theatre https://hopscotchtheatre.com/our-work-in-schools/
- Tramway https://www.tramway.org/Pages/home.aspx
- Capital Theatres https://www.capitaltheatres.com/
- Theatre in Schools Scotland https://www.theatreinschoolsscotland.co.uk/
- Imaginate https://www.imaginate.org.uk/schools/
- Lickety Spit https://www.licketyspit.com/
- Starcatchers https://www.starcatchers.org.uk/

Dance

- Y Dance https://ydance.org/education/overview/
- Dance HQ http://www.dancehg.co.uk/outreach.html
- Scottish Ballet https://www.scottishballet.co.uk/join-in/training-workshops/schools-community-workshops

Music

- Scottish Ensemble https://scottishensemble.co.uk/schools-and-students/
- Scottish Opera https://www.scottishopera.org.uk/join-in/opera-for-schools/
- Royal Scottish National Orchestra https://www.rsno.org.uk/engage/for-schools-nurseries/
- Scottish Chamber Orchestra https://www.sco.org.uk/creative-learning
- BBC Scottish Symphony Orchestra https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/profiles/5LSRx1tfdthhm9Rkcd9KwM9/learning-and-outreach
- McOpera (Music Co-operative Scotland) http://mcopera.com/education-outreach/
- Children's Classic Concerts https://childrensclassicconcerts.co.uk/events#

Art & Design

- Glasgow Life Museums https://www.glasgowlife.org.uk/museums/learning/schools-and-nurseries
- National Galleries Scotland https://www.nationalgalleries.org/art-and-artists/for-educators
- Museum of Modern Art https://www.moma.org/learn/moma_learning/
- V&A Dundee https://www.vam.ac.uk/info/primary-schools
- Tramway Visual Arts Studio http://www.visualartsstudio.co.uk/
- Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art https://www.nationalgalleries.org/visit/scottish-national-gallery-modern-art

Interdisciplinary links:

LIT 0-01a / LIT 1-01a / LIT 2-01a HWB 0-10a / HWB 1-10a / HWB 2-10a HWB 0-12a / HWB 1-12a / HWB 2-12a HWB 0-12a / HWB 1-12a / HWB 2-12a HWB 0-20a / HWB 1-20a