## Simplifying Surds 2 - Multiplication and Division Rules

## LI

- Simplify surds using the $1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }}$ Rules of Surds.

SC

- Factorising numbers.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { Example 3 }}{} \\
& \text { Simplify fully : } \\
& \sqrt{9} \times \frac{\sqrt{48}}{\sqrt{16}} \\
&= \sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{\frac{48}{16}} \\
&= 3 \times \sqrt{3} \\
&= 3 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example 4

Simplify fully :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 11 \sqrt{6} \times 8 \sqrt{12} \div 22 \sqrt{8} \\
= & \frac{11 \sqrt{6} \times 8 \sqrt{12}}{22 \sqrt{8}} \\
= & \frac{88 \sqrt{72}}{22 \sqrt{8}} \\
= & 4 \times \sqrt{\frac{72}{8}} \\
= & 4 \times \sqrt{9} \\
= & 4 \times 3 \\
= & 12
\end{aligned}
$$

1) Simplify each of the following, leaving your answer in surd form where necessary.
a $\sqrt{8} \div \sqrt{2}$
b $\sqrt{32} \times \sqrt{\frac{9}{16}}$
c $\frac{\sqrt{30}}{\sqrt{10}}$
d $\sqrt{5} \div \sqrt{5}$
e $\sqrt{48} \div \sqrt{3}$
f $\frac{10 \sqrt{50}}{2 \sqrt{5}}$
g $\frac{6 \sqrt{28}}{3 \sqrt{7}}$
h $16 \sqrt{20} \div 2 \sqrt{2}$
i $9 \sqrt{7} \div 3 \sqrt{7}$
2) Simplify each of the following, leaving your answer in surd form where necessary.
a $8 \sqrt{5} \times 2 \sqrt{6} \div 4 \sqrt{10}$
b $\quad 12 \sqrt{21} \div 2 \sqrt{3} \times 3 \sqrt{2}$
c $4 \sqrt{15} \div 2 \sqrt{5} \times 3 \sqrt{3}$
d $\frac{10 \sqrt{2} \times 3 \sqrt{8}}{5 \sqrt{2}}$
e $\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{2}$
f $\left(\frac{\sqrt{7}}{5}\right)^{2}$
3) Simplify each of the following, leaving your answer in surd form where necessary.
a $\sqrt{125}$
b $\sqrt{54}$
c $\sqrt{288}$
d $6 \sqrt{3}+\sqrt{27}$
e $10 \sqrt{7}-\sqrt{98}$
f $\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{8}$
g $\sqrt{20} \times \sqrt{10}$
h $\sqrt{56} \div \sqrt{8}$
i $\frac{\sqrt{54}}{\sqrt{18}}$
j $3 \sqrt{6} \times 5 \sqrt{2} \times 4 \sqrt{3}$
k $7 \sqrt{6} \times 6 \sqrt{12} \div 2 \sqrt{8}$

