



**NOTE: SIMILARITY AND VECTORS WILL NOT BE ASSESSED THIS YEAR!**

**Exam Length:**  
**Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) 1 hour**  
**Paper 2 (Calculator) 1 hour 30 minutes**

**Formula List**  
 given in assessments

FORMULAE LIST

The roots of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  are  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

Sine rule  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$  or  $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

Area of a triangle  $A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$

Volume of a sphere  $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

Volume of a cone  $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

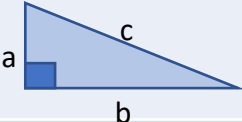
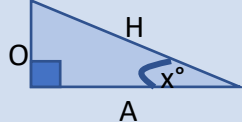
Volume of a pyramid  $V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$

Standard deviation  $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$   
 or  $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}}{n - 1}}$ , where  $n$  is the sample size.

W/B	Tasks
2 <sup>nd</sup> /9 <sup>th</sup> / 16 <sup>th</sup> Jan	Prelim Revision – Task B revision booklet and past papers 2019 and 2022 (not Surds, Indices, Similarity, Vectors, Quadratics or Trigonometry questions).
23 <sup>rd</sup> Jan	Algebra Past Paper Qs.
30 <sup>th</sup> Jan	Fractions, Percentages and Statistics Past Paper Qs.
6 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Straight Line, Surds and Indices Past Paper Qs.
13 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Volume and Shape Past Paper Qs.
20 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Quadratics Past Paper Qs.
27 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Trigonometry Past Paper Qs.
6 <sup>th</sup> Mar	Full paper 2014.
13 <sup>th</sup> Mar	Full papers 2015 and 2016.
20 <sup>th</sup> Mar	Full papers 2017 and 2018.
27 <sup>th</sup> Mar	Full papers 2019 and 2022.
3 <sup>rd</sup> /10 <sup>th</sup> Apr	Extra practice papers provided on MS Teams.
17 <sup>th</sup> /24 <sup>th</sup> Apr	Focused Past paper revision on areas for development.
1 <sup>st</sup> May	SQA National 5 Mathematics Exam Wednesday 3 <sup>rd</sup> May at 9am

**DO NOT WRITE ON THE PAST PAPERS!**  
 WRITE ON SEPARATE PAPER SO THAT YOU CAN COMPLETE QUESTIONS MORE THAN ONCE!

Formulae you need to remember

Interquartile Range	$Q_3 - Q_1$
Semi-interquartile Range	$\frac{Q_3 - Q_1}{2}$
Percentage Increase/decrease	$\frac{\text{increase (or decrease)}}{\text{original amount}} \times 100$
Pythagoras	$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$ 
SOHCAHTOA	$\sin x^\circ = \frac{O}{H}$ $\cos x^\circ = \frac{A}{H}$ $\tan x^\circ = \frac{O}{A}$ O = Opposite, A = Adjacent, H = Hypotenuse 
Trig. Identities	$\tan^2 x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$ $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$
Discriminant	$b^2 - 4ac$
Completed square form	$(x - a)^2 + b$ Turning Point at $(a, b)$ Axis of Symmetry at $x = a$
Straight line basic equation	$y = mx + c$ m = Gradient Y-Intercept $(0, c)$
Straight line general equation	$y - b = m(x - a)$ $(a, b)$ = Any point on line
Gradient	$m = \frac{y_A - y_B}{x_A - x_B}$
Circumference of a circle	$C = \pi D$ D = Diameter
Area of a circle	$A = \pi r^2$ r = Radius
Length of arc	$AL = \frac{\text{Angle}}{360} \pi D$
Area of sector	$SA = \frac{\text{Angle}}{360} \pi r^2$
Area of a rectangle	$A = lb$ l = Length                      b = Breadth
Area of a triangle	$A = \frac{1}{2} bh$ b = Base                      h = Height
Volume of prism	$V = Ah$ A = Area of cross-section      h = Height
Volume of cylinder	$V = \pi r^2 h$
Volume of a cuboid	$V = lbh$

Past Papers by Topic

	N5 2014		N5 2015		N5 2016		N5 2017		N5 2018		N5 2019		N5 2022	
	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2
Quadratics	7, 13		7	14	10, 12	9	14	4	5, 8, 16, 19		9, 15	6	5, 14	7
Straight Line	6, 11	10	8		5		6	11	7	14	6	13	6	
Algebra (e.g. Brackets & Factorising, Completing the Square, Algebraic Fractions, Functions, Equations and Change the Subject)	2, 3	3, 11	2, 4, 11	1, 2	4, 6, 8	4, 12	1, 3, 8, 10, 13	9	2, 3, 14, 19a)j	4, 6, 15	1, 3, 7, 8, 14	10, 15	2, 5a, 7, 12, 15	1, 4, 12
Similarity (NOT ASSESSED THIS YEAR)		5		9		11	15			18				
Surds & Indices	8	8	13, 14	7	9	10		12	11, 15		12	4, 16	11, 13	
Fractions	1	9	1, 10		2	13	4, 11		1		2		1	
Volume		7		6, 12		7		6	17	7		8	3	3
Trigonometry	5, 10	6, 10, 12	6, 9	3, 11, 13	11	8, 14, 16	7	3, 10, 15	6, 10, 12, 18	8, 9, 13	13	14, 17, 19	8, 9	6, 9, 13, 14
Vectors (NOT ASSESSED THIS YEAR)	4			4, 5	1	3	5	1, 8	4, 13	3, 10	10	2, 5		
Percentages	9	1				1		2, 5		1, 11		1, 9	10	2
Statistics		4	5, 10	8		6	2, 12			5	5			5
Shape (e.g. Angles, Pythagoras, Arcs & Sectors)	12	2, 13	3	10	3, 7	5, 15	9	7, 13, 14	9	2, 12, 16, 17	4, 11	11, 12, 18	4, 15	8, 10, 11