

**1.2 INDICES**

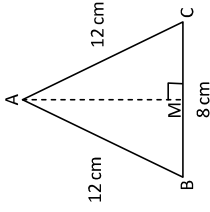
- Write each of the following in its simplest index form.
 

(a) $3^4 \times 3^2$	(b) $2 \times 2^3$	(c) $10^5 \times 10^2$	(d) $8^3 \times 8^5$
(e) $7^6 \times 7$	(f) $5^4 \times 5^4$	(g) $9^6 \times 9^2$	(h) $6^8 \times 6^5$
(i) $x^3 \times x^5$	(j) $c^2 \times c^9$	(k) $a^2 \times a^{12}$	(l) $y^5 \times y^5$
(m) $b^{10} \times b^{30}$	(n) $p \times p^9$	(o) $d^2 \times d^4$	(p) $q^{11} \times q^9$
(q) $t^2 \times t^7$	(r) $f^4 \times f^3$	(s) $k \times k^{12}$	(t) $z^{50} \times z^{50}$
(u) $x^{30} \times x^{50}$	(v) $y^{19} \times y$	(w) $a^{25} \times a^{65}$	(x) $b^1 \times b^0$
- Write each of the following in its simplest index form.
 

(a) $2^8 \div 2^3$	(b) $5^4 \div 5^2$	(c) $12^9 \div 12^6$	(d) $7^{11} \div 7^4$
(e) $20^5 \div 20$	(f) $8^8 \div 8^4$	(g) $3^{18} \div 3^3$	(h) $4^{15} \div 4^{13}$
(i) $x^7 \div x^2$	(j) $a^9 \div a^5$	(k) $y^{20} \div y^{10}$	(l) $b^4 \div b^1$
(m) $p^{12} \div p^{11}$	(n) $c^7 \div c^7$	(o) $q^8 \div q^2$	(p) $d^4 \div d$
(q) $\frac{x^9}{x^3}$	(r) $\frac{a^8}{a^2}$	(s) $\frac{m^{14}}{m}$	(t) $\frac{s^7}{s^7}$
(u) $\frac{d^{20}}{d^{12}}$	(v) $\frac{y^{100}}{y^{10}}$	(w) $\frac{t^{100}}{t}$	(x) $\frac{w^{10}}{w^0}$
- Write each of the following in its simplest index form.
 

(a) $(3^2)^4$	(b) $(8^2)^2$	(c) $(10^3)^2$	(d) $(2^2)^5$
(e) $(4^3)^3$	(f) $(1^7)^2$	(g) $(12^3)^3$	(h) $(5^5)^5$
(i) $(x^4)^2$	(j) $(y^8)^5$	(k) $(a^3)^7$	(l) $(m^4)^4$
(m) $(b^3)^6$	(n) $(p^5)^3$	(o) $(k^5)^{20}$	(p) $(z^6)^0$

- In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $AB = AC = 12\text{cm}$  and  $BC = 8\text{cm}$ . Express the length of the altitude from  $A$  to  $BC$  as a surd in its simplest form. [The line  $AM$  in the diagram]



- An equilateral triangle has each of its sides measuring  $2a$  metres.
  - Find the exact length of an altitude of the triangle in terms of  $a$ .
  - Hence find the exact area of the triangle in terms of  $a$ .

**[Draw a diagram to help you with this question]**
- The exact area of a rectangle is  $2(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})$  square centimetres. Given that the breadth of the rectangle is  $\sqrt{6}$  cm, show that the length is equal to  $(2 + \sqrt{2})$  cm.
- (a challenge) Given that  $\tan 75^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$ , show that  $\tan 75^\circ = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ .

4. Write the following without brackets.

- (a)  $(2b)^2$  (b)  $(7a)^3$  (c)  $(3x)^4$  (d)  $(2y)^5$   
 (e)  $(ab)^4$  (f)  $(xy)^7$  (g)  $(wz)^5$  (h)  $(st)^3$   
 (i)  $(pq^2)^3$  (j)  $(x^4y)^2$  (k)  $(a^2b^3)^5$  (l)  $(6a^5)^2$   
 (m)  $(10x^2)^3$  (n)  $(2c^4)^5$  (o)  $(3ab^2)^3$  (p)  $(4m^2k)^2$

5. Simplify these expressions.

- (a)  $2a^3 \times 5a^5$  (b)  $7x \times 9x^8$  (c)  $12p^7 \div 4p^4$  (d)  $50b^{12} \div 10b^6$   
 (e)  $3y \times (2y^2)^3$  (f)  $(4q)^2 \times 5q^4$  (g)  $(4c^3)^3 \div 8c^2$  (h)  $72z^{12} \div (3z^4)^2$   
 (i)  $k^2(k^3 + k^5)$  (j)  $m^5(m^2 - m^3)$  (k)  $2x^4(x^3 + 3x^2)$  (l)  $5a^5(2a^2 - 3a^3)$   
 (m)  $\frac{x^5 \times x^4}{x^6}$  (n)  $\frac{(m^5)^4}{m^6}$  (o)  $\frac{5c^3 \times 4c^7}{2c^6}$  (p)  $\frac{(3q^3)^2 \times 4q^4}{6q^7}$   
 (q)  $\frac{(3xy^5)^3}{9x^2y}$  (r)  $\frac{(2a^2b^5)^6}{(4ab)^2}$  (s)  $\frac{(4p^4)^3}{2p^3 \times 8p^6}$  (t)  $\frac{(2ab^3)^5}{3a^2b \times 4ab^2}$

6. Write down the value of

- (a)  $5^0$  (b)  $2^0$  (c)  $100^0$  (d)  $(-3)^0$  (e)  $25^0$   
 (f)  $\frac{1}{2}^0$  (g)  $a^0$  (h)  $k^0$  (i)  $(mm)^0$  (j)  $(ab^2)^0$   
 (k)  $(10x^3)^0$  (l)  $(16y^2z^3)^0$

7. Rewrite the following with positive indices.

- (a)  $3^{-2}$  (b)  $5^{-4}$  (c)  $2^{-6}$  (d)  $10^{-3}$  (e)  $4^{-5}$  (f)  $200^{-7}$   
 (g)  $a^{-5}$  (h)  $x^{-2}$  (i)  $p^{-7}$  (j)  $y^{-10}$  (k)  $2b^{-3}$  (l)  $10q^{-x}$   
 (m)  $\frac{1}{x^{-3}}$  (n)  $\frac{1}{w^{-5}}$  (o)  $\frac{3}{a^{-2}}$  (p)  $\frac{10}{c^{-8}}$  (q)  $\frac{2}{3t^{-1}}$  (r)  $\frac{5}{4y^{-3}}$

8. Rewrite the following with negative indices.

- (a)  $\frac{1}{3^2}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{6^5}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{5^4}$  (d)  $\frac{1}{2^7}$  (e)  $\frac{1}{10^3}$  (f)  $\frac{1}{4^4}$   
 (g)  $\frac{1}{x^3}$  (h)  $\frac{1}{a^5}$  (i)  $\frac{1}{p^4}$  (j)  $\frac{1}{y^{10}}$  (k)  $\frac{1}{q^6}$  (l)  $\frac{1}{c^8}$

9. Simplify the following expressions.

- (a)  $m^3 \times m^{-5}$  (b)  $x^7 \times x^{-2}$  (c)  $p^{-8} \times p^5$  (d)  $a^{-3} \times a^{-5}$   
 (e)  $(y^3)^{-4}$  (f)  $(c^{-5})^3$  (g)  $(q^3)^{-5}$  (h)  $(w^{-2})^{-4}$   
 (i)  $4b^{-4} \times 5b^5$  (j)  $3x^6 \times 9x^{-6}$  (k)  $4k^3 \div 2k^{-2}$  (l)  $18d \div 12d^4$   
 (m)  $x^2(x^3 + x^{-1})$  (n)  $p^{-3}(p^4 - p^{-8})$  (o)  $3a^5(2a + 3a^{-2})$   
 (p)  $\frac{1}{2}m^{-2}(4m^3 - 10m^6)$  (q)  $\frac{v^3 \times v^5}{v^{-2}}$  (r)  $\frac{4h^7 \times 3h^{-4}}{2h^4}$   
 (s)  $\frac{4c^{-5} \times 9c^6}{6c^{-4}}$  (t)  $\frac{5x^4 \times 6x^{-8}}{3x^{-4}}$

10. Find the value of

- (a)  $16^{\frac{1}{4}}$  (b)  $8^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (c)  $36^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (d)  $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$  (e)  $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (f)  $1000^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
 (g)  $25^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (h)  $81^{\frac{1}{4}}$  (i)  $125^{\frac{2}{3}}$  (j)  $64^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (k)  $216^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (l)  $16^{\frac{1}{4}}$   
 (m)  $4^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (n)  $16^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (o)  $9^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (p)  $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$  (q)  $256^{\frac{3}{4}}$  (r)  $1000^{\frac{2}{3}}$   
 (s)  $16^{\frac{3}{2}}$  (t)  $8^{\frac{4}{3}}$  (u)  $8^{\frac{4}{3}}$  (v)  $(-8)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (w)  $64^{\frac{2}{3}}$  (x)  $100^{\frac{2}{3}}$   
 (y)  $(\frac{1}{2})^{-1}$  (z)  $(\frac{1}{8})^{\frac{1}{3}}$

14. Simplify each of the following by ..... (i) changing root signs to fractional powers;

(ii) moving  $x$ 's onto the numerators;

(iii) expanding brackets ..... where necessary.

- (a)  $x^2(x^4+1)$  (b)  $x^{-\frac{1}{2}}(x^2-x^2)$  (c)  $\frac{1}{x^2}(x^2+x)$   
 (d)  $\frac{2}{x^{-1}}(x^2+\frac{1}{x})$  (e)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}(x^2-\sqrt{x})$  (f)  $(x^2+\frac{1}{x})^2$   
 (g)  $\frac{1}{x}(\sqrt{x}+x)$  (h)  $(\frac{1}{x+\sqrt{x}})^2$  (i)  $x^{-2}(\frac{1}{x}-\sqrt[3]{x})$   
 (j)  $\frac{x^2+3}{x}$  (k)  $\frac{\sqrt{x-x}}{x^2}$  (l)  $\frac{(2x+1)^2}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

**INDICES**

**EXAM QUESTIONS**

1. (a) Simplify  $\frac{7a^3b^2}{a\sqrt{b}}$  (b) If  $a = -1$  and  $b = 4$ , find the value of the expression in part (a).  
 2. Given that  $y = 2x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ , find  $y$  when  $x = 8$ .  
 3. Simplify  $x^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{-\frac{3}{2}})$   
 4. (a) Simplify  $\frac{m^5}{m^{-3}}$  (b) Evaluate  $125^{-\frac{2}{3}}$   
 5. Express  $\frac{p^5 \times 8p}{2p^{-3}}$  in its simplest form.  
 6. Simplify, writing your answer with a positive index:  $3a^4 \times a^{-6}$   
 7. Simplify the fraction, giving your answer in positive index form:  $\frac{x^3 \times x^4}{x^9}$   
 8. Simplify  $\frac{a^2 \times a^5}{a^{-3}}$ .  
 9. (a) Remove the brackets and simplify:  $p^{\frac{1}{2}}(p^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2)$ .  
 (b) Hence, or otherwise, find the value of  $p^{\frac{1}{2}}(p^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2)$  when  $p = 4$ .

11. Simplify the following expressions, giving your answers with positive indices.

- (a)  $(x^2)^6$  (b)  $(p^3)^6$  (c)  $(a^4)^8$  (d)  $(y^3)^9$   
 (e)  $(q^5)^{10}$  (f)  $(k^5)^1$  (g)  $(g^4)^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (h)  $(m^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}$   
 (i)  $(c^9)^{\frac{2}{3}}$  (j)  $(h^5)^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (k)  $(z^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}$  (l)  $(b^{16})^{\frac{3}{4}}$   
 (m)  $\frac{1}{x^2} \times x^2$  (n)  $\frac{1}{y^3} \times y^3$  (o)  $\frac{1}{d^4} \times d^4$  (p)  $\frac{7}{s^2} \times s^2$   
 (q)  $3x^2 \times 4x^2$  (r)  $6x^2 \times 2x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (s)  $2x^2 \times 5x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (t)  $3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \times 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
 (u)  $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \div x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (v)  $2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \div x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (w)  $8x^{\frac{2}{3}} \div 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (x)  $6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \div 4x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

12. Write the following in surd form.

- (a)  $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (b)  $y^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{a^4}$  (d)  $\frac{2}{y^3}$   
 (e)  $b^{\frac{3}{4}}$  (f)  $x^{\frac{5}{3}}$  (g)  $\frac{3}{c^5}$  (h)  $\frac{4}{a^5}$   
 (i)  $\frac{1}{c^{\frac{1}{3}}}$  (j)  $\frac{1}{z^{\frac{1}{2}}}$  (k)  $\frac{2}{m^{\frac{2}{3}}}$  (l)  $k^{\frac{3}{5}}$   
 (m)  $\frac{4}{p^{\frac{1}{3}}}$  (n)  $\frac{5}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$  (o)  $\frac{4}{w^{\frac{1}{3}}}$  (p)  $d^{-\frac{2}{7}}$

13. Write the following in index form.

- (a)  $\sqrt{x}$  (b)  $\sqrt[3]{a}$  (c)  $\sqrt{y^3}$  (d)  $\sqrt[3]{z^2}$   
 (e)  $\sqrt[3]{c^2}$  (f)  $\sqrt[4]{x^3}$  (g)  $\sqrt[3]{p^5}$  (h)  $\sqrt[3]{m^2}$   
 (i)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$  (j)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{z}}$  (k)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}}$  (l)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a^5}}$   
 (m)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b^2}}$  (n)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{m^5}}$  (o)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{y}}$  (p)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c^5}}$