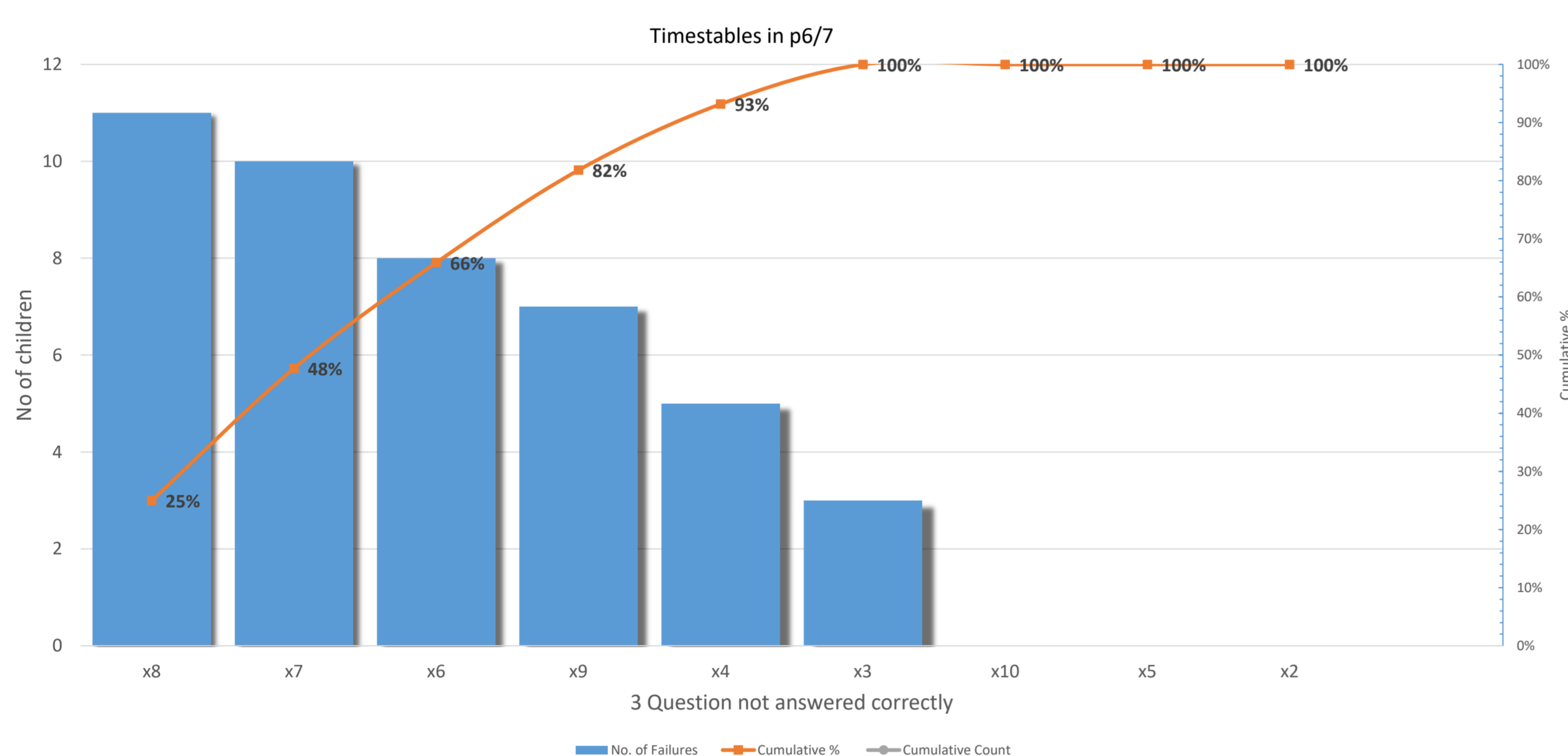


### Aim

**By May 2021, 85% of pupils in P6/7 will know all of their times tables. (Baseline 21.5 % 3 out of 14)**

### Method

- Holy Name RC Primary School consists of three composite classes (primary 1/2, primary 3/4/5 and primary 6/7)
- A range of assessments and teacher judgement highlighted lack of confidence in primary 6/7 pupils to recall their timetables and their ability to apply these to other mathematical concepts.
- The classroom teacher carried out a baseline assessment consisting of 24 questions from 2 - 10 times tables.
  - 2 questions from the 2,5 & 10 timetable
  - 3 questions from the 3,4,6,7,8 & 9 timetable
- The children needed to answer all questions correctly.
- The results were used to create a pareto chart identifying that 8,7,6 & 9 timetables were a difficulty for a large proportion of learners. It was agreed to focus on these in the first instance.



### Process Change

Our starting point was to investigate successful strategies to support the teaching and recall of times tables. What has been successful previously,

*"Give them the facts, yes. But give them understanding and enjoyment and purpose in learning as well", (Haylock, 2013).*

#### This included:

- ICT resources as a motivator
- Daily input
- Using movement and actions
- Individual targets, pupil confidence

One of the ways we remember best is through stored muscle memory, so learning in and through dance has a way of sticking with us for a very long time", (Gardner, no date).

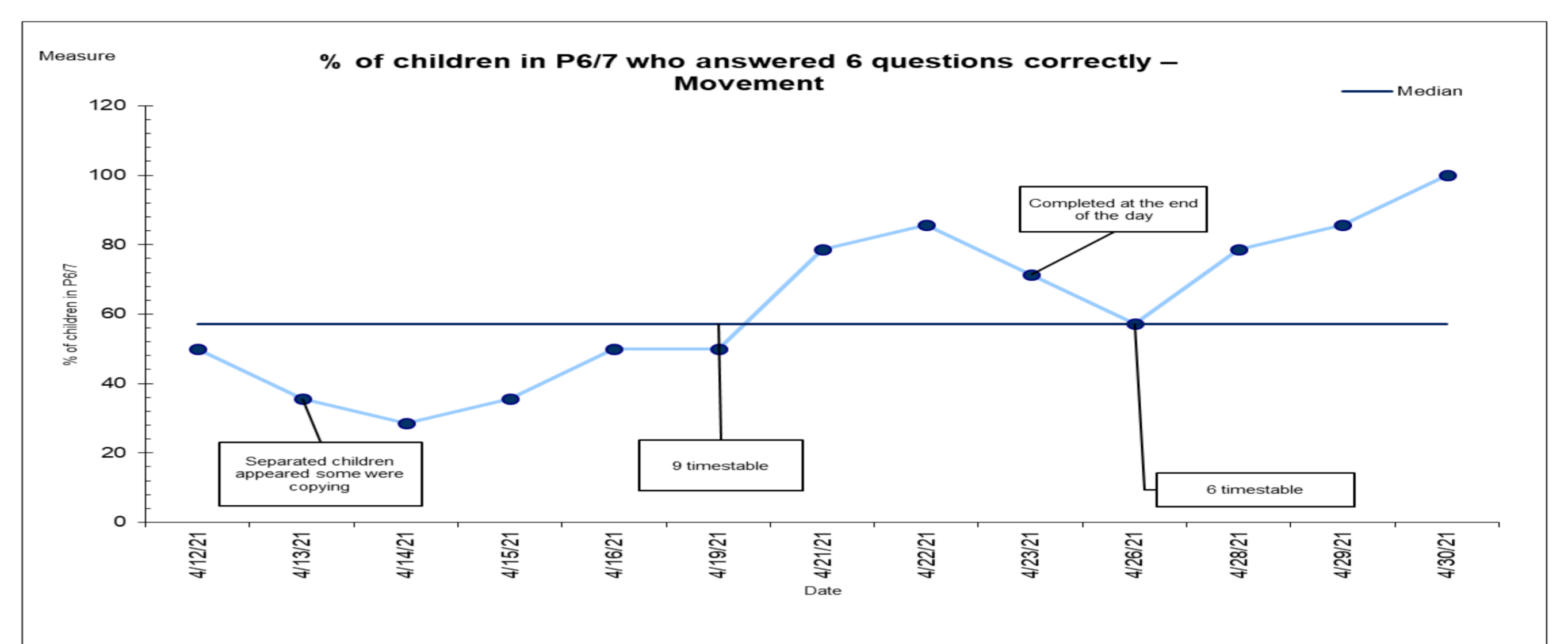
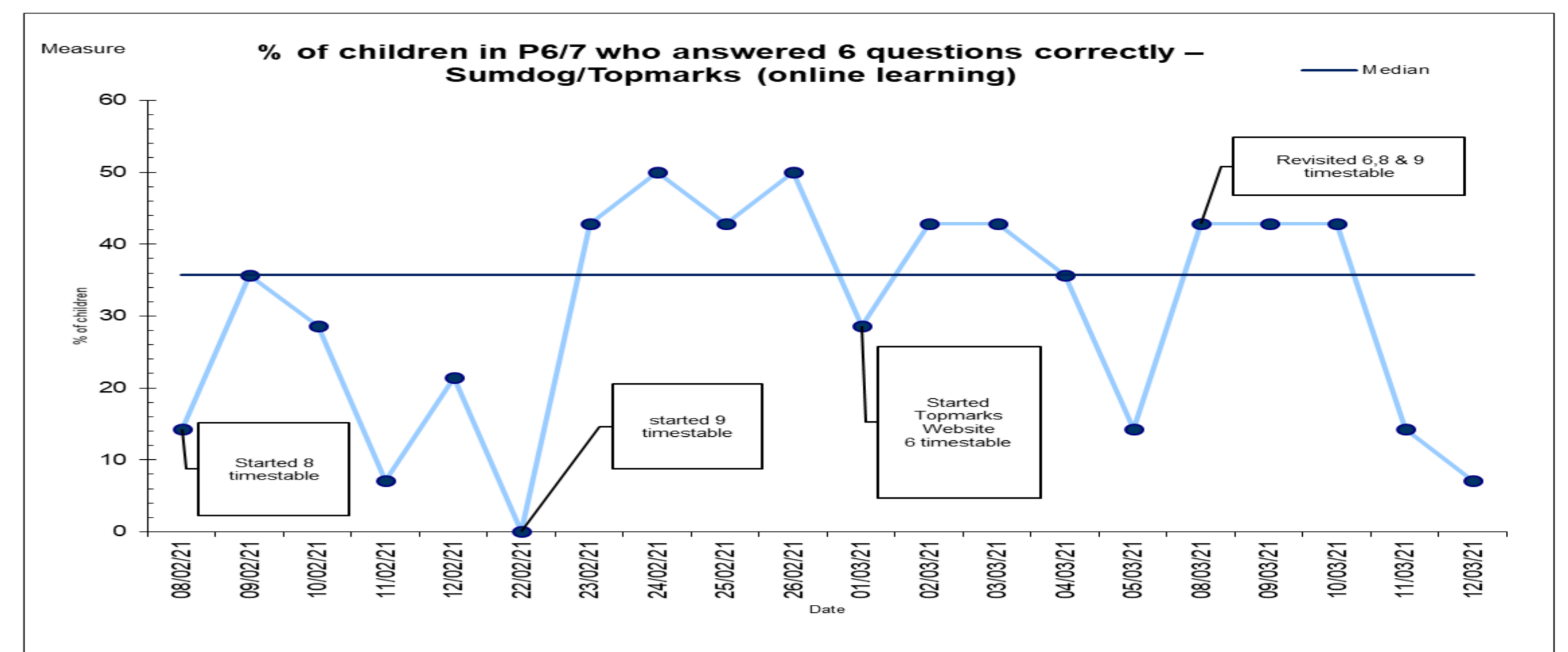
"The movement helped me to remember my times tables."



### Achievements

- ✓ Increase in pupil's confidence in the recall of their times tables
- ✓ All children in the P6/7 class increased their score.
- ✓ The % of children who know their 2-10 times tables has increased from 21.5% (December) to 85.7% (Month).

### Results



"I feel a lot more confident in the division as I now know my times tables."

"When I was answering the 6 questions, I had a vision of the movement in my head which helped me a lot."

### Conclusions

- Using movement and actions and as tool to support our recall of times tables was successful.
- Engagement and enthusiasm of children was evident.

### Key Learning Points

- We faced several barriers during the lockdown period, engagement in the project whilst children were at home. The data gathered was not reliable.
- Use of QI tools – 'Pareto' allowed us to highlight where the biggest gaps were and where to focus our efforts for the largest gain.
- Ongoing assessment is required to ensure that children have retained knowledge.

### Next Steps

- Are children able to use and apply the recall of their times tables in other maths concepts?
- Has their developed confidence and success impacted other areas of the curriculum?