## Higher Exercise 4

1. Find the derivative of the following:
a. $y=(2 x-1)(3 x+5)$
b. $\mathrm{f}(x)=x+\frac{1}{2 x}$
2. The functions f and g are defined on suitable domains by $\mathrm{f}(x)=5 x^{2}+1$ and $\mathrm{g}(x)=1-x$.
a. Find a simplified expression for $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{g}(x))$.
b. Find a simplified expression for $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{f}(x))$.
c. Hence, solve $f(g(x))-g(f(x))=9 x^{2}-3$, where $x>1$.
3. PQR is the triangle with coordinates $(-3,-2),(5,2)$ and $(-1,6)$ respectively.

a. Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of $P Q$.
b. Find the equation of the median from Q .
c. The perpendicular bisector meets the median at point K ; find the coordinates of point K.
4. A curve has the equation $\mathrm{y}=4 x^{2}-5 x+1$.

A tangent to this curve has a gradient of 3 . Find the equation of this tangent.

