#### Read and Understand

(Chapter - Lamb to the Slaughter)

- 1. Ms Petosa calls August "honey". Where have you heard this language before in the book? What do you think of Ms Petosa calling him this - he's 11?
- 2. Julian interrupts Ms Petosa to ask August a guestion. Do you think Julian's interested in the answer? What does this tell you about Julian?
- 3. Why does Ms Petosa move the conversation on? Do you think she realises what's going on?
  - 4. How is August sure that Julian was being insulting?

## **Reflect and Respond**

(Chapters - Lamb to the Slaughter & Summer Table)

- 1. What does Summer think of Ms Petosa? What do you think August might think of her?
- 2. Compare August feelings introducing himself to Ms Petosa and Summer and their reactions. What is the same and what is different?
  - 3. Compare what happens just after August introduces himself to Ms Petosa and Summer. Who is in control in each of the situations?

# **Explore Some More**

(Chapters - One to Ten & Padawan)

Compare August's mum and dad's reactions to his first day at school.

- How does his dad treat August?
- How does his mum treat August?
- Do you think his parents have spoken to each other before Dad comes into August's room?
- What do their reactions tell you about their different relationships with August? Remember to use evidence from the text to support your answer.

#### **Characters**

Compare the characters of Mr Browne and Ms Petosa, using evidence from the text.

To help you, create a table with two columns. One called "Evidence from the text" and the other "What I think this shows about the two teachers (inference)".

For example, the evidence is that Ms Petosa has to say "settle down" and "stop talking". Mr Browne doesn't do that; he just turns around and they're ready. This shows that Mr Browne is stricter. He doesn't have to say anything because he has more presence.



#### **Text: Wonder (Pg 38 - 53)**

- Lamb to the Slaughter
- Choose Kind
- Lunch •

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- The Summer Table
- Wake Me Up When September Ends

# Varying Sentences

The best authors vary their sentences according to their purpose. Short, simple sentences are used to increase pace, make a point, and to get the reader's attention. Longer sentences add detail, let you explore ideas in depth and slow the pace down.

Reread "Lunch". Write a paragraph, containing speech, describing the scene and a conversation at another table in the lunch room. Include a range of sentences and a mix of speech, action and description sentences.

### US vs. UK Vocabulary

Find words/phrases from these chapters that are used in America. See if you can write an English equivalent or a definition for each one e.g. bangs - fringe.

- In the book, Connecticut and some characters from Star Wars are referred to Fither:
- 1. Find a list of US states and their capitals. Choose 5 of them and research a set of facts about them major cities, population history etc.
- 2. Find a list of Star Wars characters. Choose 5 of them and research a set of facts about them -

# **Food Vocabulary**

In the book, several US foods such as graham crackers and saltine crackers are referred to.

Research US foods that we might not have in the UK - these can be traditional dishes, common US foods or branded products.

Choose a selection of 5-10 and create a short glossary that explains to a British reader what these foods are (and if there are any UK equivalents).

### Precepts

#### (Chapter - Choose Kind)

Precepts are rules about really important things, almost like a motto or a famous quote. August used the one "Your deeds are your monuments". Other examples include "Be true to yourself" and "Fortune favours the bold" and "Manners cost nothing."

Choose a precept and write a postcard to your teacher about what it means to you or how you feel about it. You can draw a picture to illustrate it too.

- One to Ten Padawan
  - - Jack Will

#### Author: R.J. Palacio