

## 4.13 Skills and Techniques 2 - Errors Answers

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1. a) i)  $\frac{0.02 \times 100}{10} = \underline{0.2\%}$

ii)  $\frac{0.04 \times 100}{10} = \underline{0.4\%}$

b) The 10cm<sup>3</sup> class A pipette has less of a percentage uncertainty because of the way it is manufactured. It will be a more expensive piece of apparatus than the 10cm<sup>3</sup> class B pipette.

2. a)  $\frac{0.25 \times 100}{500} = \underline{0.05\%}$

b)  $\frac{0.50 \times 100}{500} = \underline{0.10\%}$

3.  $\frac{0.1 \times 100}{18.5} = \underline{0.54\%}$

4. a)  $C_1V_1 = C_2V_2$

$$1.45 \times 0.01 = C_2 \times 0.25$$

$$C_2 = 0.058 \text{ mol l}^{-1}$$

b) Error 10cm<sup>3</sup> class B pipette

$$\frac{0.04 \times 100}{10} = 0.4\%$$

Error in 250cm<sup>3</sup> volumetric flask

$$\frac{0.30 \times 100}{250} = 0.12\%$$

$$\text{Combine both errors: } 0.40\% + 0.12\% = \underline{0.52\%}$$

Apply this percentage uncertainty to the concentration.

$$\frac{0.52 \times 0.058}{100} = 3.016 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol l}^{-1}$$

$$\underline{0.058 \pm 3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol l}^{-1}}$$



5. a)  $10\text{cm}^3$  of the  $1.0\text{ mol l}^{-1}$  sodium carbonate solution should be pipetted into a  $100\text{cm}^3$  volumetric flask and made up to the mark with distilled water. The flask should be inverted several times.

(This can obviously be prepared by using  $25\text{cm}^3$  and diluting to  $250\text{cm}^3$ ).

- b) First procedure (percentage error)

$$\frac{0.10 \times 100}{1.35} = \underline{7.4\%}$$

Second procedure (percentage error)

$$\frac{0.10 \times 100}{14.05} = \underline{0.71\%}$$

THERE IS A CLEAR REDUCTION IN THE PERCENTAGE ERROR.

6. Number of moles of HCl =  $c \times v$

$$\text{Number of moles of HCl} = 0.98 \times 0.0265$$

$$\text{Number of moles of HCl} = 0.02597 \text{ moles}$$

HCl : KOH

1 : 1

$$0.02597 \text{ moles} : 0.02597 \text{ moles}$$

$$\text{Concentration of KOH} = n / v$$

$$\text{Concentration of KOH} = (0.02597 / 0.02)$$

$$\text{Concentration of KOH} = 1.2985 \text{ mol l}^{-1} \text{ (1.3 mol l}^{-1}\text{)}$$

Percentage uncertainty in pipette

$$\frac{0.06 \times 100}{20} = 0.30\%$$



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Percentage uncertainty in burette

$$\frac{0.10 \times 100}{26.5} = 0.37735\% \text{ (0.38\%)}$$

Total uncertainty = 0.30% + 0.38%

Total uncertainty = 0.68%

$$\text{Overall uncertainty} = \frac{0.68 \times 1.2985}{100} = 0.00889298 \text{ mol l}^{-1} \text{ (0.009 mol l}^{-1}\text{)}$$

Concentration of KOH = 1.3 ± 0.009 mol l<sup>-1</sup>