

East Renfrewshire Council: Education Department Practitioner Moderation Template

Prior to the moderation exercise, please complete the following information and submit it to your facilitator with assessment evidence from one learner that you judge to have successfully attained the Es' and Os'.

Experiences and Outcomes:

RME 3-04a – Having reflected upon sources from world religions, I can explain some key beliefs about deity, the human condition and the natural world, and how these beliefs lead to actions for followers of those religions.

LIT 3-01a - I can regularly select subject, purpose, format and resources to create texts of my choice, and am developing my own style.

EXA 3-03a - I can use and combine the visual elements and concepts to convey ideas, thoughts and feelings in expressive and design work.

Learning Intentions:

- To be able to select an aspect of Hinduism.
- To present what I have learned in a piece of homework.
- To create something based on my learning in class.

Success Criteria:

• Complete one piece of homework on something we have learnt about in Hinduism. See homework sheet attached.

Briefly outline the context and range of quality learning experiences that have been provided making reference to the chosen design principles.

Pupils are to select an aspect from our unit on Hinduism and create a piece of work to present their knowledge. Pupils are able to carry out personalisation and choice as they can select which area as well as how they would like to present it. Pupils are given a homework sheet in which they are shown different levels of learning; expert, proficient, competent and novice. They are then to present their findings in one of the suggested formats. This opportunity allows pupils to be as creative as possible and help them think for themselves.

Record the range of assessment evidence that was gathered to meet the success criteria (Say, Write, Make, and Do) considering breadth, challenge and application.

Make – Diwali fire pit with the story of Rama and Sita, Hinduism newspaper article, Hinduism leaflet, Rama and Sita comic.

Briefly outline the oral/written feedback given to the pupil on progress and next steps, referring to the learning intention and success criteria.

Pupils were all given oral feedback on their work and rewarded for their effort.

Pupil Voice:

What have you learned? How did you learn? What skills have you developed?

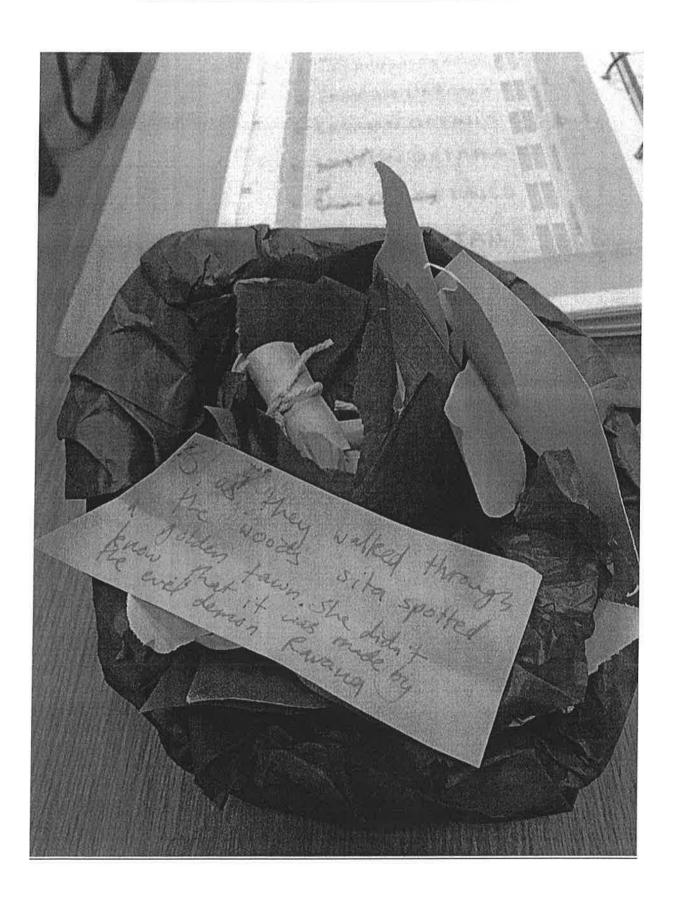
"I have learned about the story of Rama and Sita and how good overcame evil".

"I like to learn through images so I made a comic strip".

"I like to be very creative and that's why I made a 3D fire pit".

Did the learner successfully attain the outcomes? YES

Hinduism Homework - Rama and Sita fire Pit



Hinduism

One God, Many Forms



Three Fun Facts

HINDUS

Believe in one supreme god called Brahmin but he can appear in many forms. Thats why it doesn't matter god or goddess you worship as they are all a different side of the one one supreme god.

HINDUS

Have 330,000,000 gods you can worship.

Hinduism Began 5,000 years ago making it the longest living religion.

There are 950,000,000 Hindus in the world making it the third largest religion.

SANSKRIT

Is the classical language of Indian and the language of Hinduism. It is also one of the 22 official languages of India. The name Sanskrit means cultured, blessed and holy and used mainly for religious and scientific discourse.



DIWALIRead about a
beautiful festival of
lights and amazing
tradition.



RAMA AND SITA Hear a fascinating love story about a great war.



HINDUS HELP WITH WWII DESTRUCTION

Find out why a lot of Hindus traveled to Britain to help rebuild the city.



The Hindu Gods

MOLLY TELFER

Hindus believe in one supreme god. His name is Brahmin but he can appear in many forms. this means it doesn't matter which god you worship out of the 330,000,000 gods and goddesses there are all just a different side or a different feature of there supreme god. You can just chose the one who makes you feel happy, safe and well cared for. The feature of Brahmin that you think is the best.



Who Are The Main Gods? Brahma the Creator, Vishnu the Sustainer and Shiva the Destroyer are the three main gods of Hinduism as this is the cycle of life. We are created, preserved and then destroyed.

These are more commonly worshiped as they are the well known gods because Hindus can't be expected to memorise every single Hindu god.

Ganesh

Ganesh is the god of success and wisdom. Ganesh is also honoured as the Remover of Obstacles. He was created by the goddess Parvati. She is the wife of Shiva the Destroyer. The story is that Parvati wanted to take a bath but Shiva was out and there was no one to guard the palace so she created a little boy out of her dirt and told him to not let anyone in. While she was in the bath Shiva returned but the little boy didn't know who he was so he refused Shiva entry. Shiva became furious and cut the boys head off. When Parvati returned and saw what had happened she was heart broken as she considered the little boy as her son. She sent Shiva and his army to find a suitable head for him. The first thing they saw was a sleeping baby elephant. They cut off its head and put it on the little boy giving him life. Parvati was a little upset that her son had an elephant.

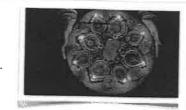


little boy giving him life. Parvati was a little upset that her son had an elephant head but Shiva told her that people would bow down and worship him as one of the greatest Gods, and they do.

Diwali

The Festival of Light

Deepawali or Diwali is the biggest and the brightest of all Hindu festivals. It is the festival of lights: deep means "light" and avali "a row," or "a row of lights." Diwali is marked by four days of celebration, which literally lluminates the country with its brilliance and dazzles all with its joy.



The Diwali festival occurs in late October or early November. It falls on the 15th day of the Hindu nonth, Kartik, so it varies every year. Each day of Diwali has its own tale, egend, and myth to tell, all about the amazing story of Rama and Sita.

RAMA AND SITA

Rama was a prince in line to be king and was married to his love, Sita. But his father's new wife wanted her son to be king so she banished Rama and Sita. They where left to live in the forest with Rama's brother, Lakshman. One day Sita saw a golden fawn and she asked Rama to go and get it for her. Little did she know that this was all a trap so that Rama wouldn't be there to protect her. Suddenly the evil demon king Ravana snatched her and took her away to his island kingdom of Lanka. His heart was filled with dread - until he spotted the trail of jewellery. How clever his beautiful wife was, he thought, and he followed the clues she had left behind until they ran out. Now what should he do? Rama didn't know it yet, but help was near at hand, for he had wandered into the kingdom of Hanuman, the monkey-king. As Rama sank to the forest floor in despair, coming towards him he saw a white monkey, Hanuman, the monkey-king himself the one who was in charge of the monkey army. Messages were sent out and before long, monkeys gathered in their millions, ready to search for Sita, Rama's beautiful bride. Their friends, the great bears came too. And so the search began - a search that would last for almost as many years as Rama and Sita's banishment. Hanuman was not only the king of the monkeys, he also possessed special powers, as he could fly like a bird! He flew to island where Sita was trapped, Sita excitedly gave him a pearl from her hair to take to back to Rama. With a flurry of white fur, Hanuman swooped into the sky and was gone as quickly as he had come.

And so Rama, Lakshman and Hanuman prepared for the battle of all battles. As the armies gathered, they realised that Ravana had been very clever in placing his palace on an island, because they couldn't get to him - not unless they could either swim like a fish, or fly like a bird! But Hanuman had a plan and he told the monkey army to work together to build a bridge out of the rocks, grass and sand that lay on the edge of the shore.

As Rama and Lakshman watched in amazement, an army of furry woodland creatures - both small and large - came scuttling out of the undergrowth to help with the bridge building, and before their eyes, a bridge grew until it spanned the distance to the island.

Hanuman's animal army poured across the bridge to the island and the fighting began. The battle was long and terrible - animals and demons fought against each other, good versus evil - but at last, Rama spotted the demon-king. Rama was a great warrior, but in the evil Ravana, he had almost met his match. Each time he swiped his sword at one of Ravana's terrible heads and cut it off, another would straight away grow back in its place. Almost at his wit's end, Rama pulled out the bow that he carried on his back and with it a single arrow. It had been a gift from the gods, and as Rama took aim, he chanted a prayer that the arrow would meet its target. It shot out of the bow with a blinding flash of light and the demon-king fall to the ground, dead Exposure.

Hindus Heip Rebuild Britain

When WWII was over Britain was left in a shambles, everything was destroyed and all the fit young men who would be

the best at rebuilding where all dead. So we made a deal that if young men and their families come over from India to help rebuild Britain, then we would give them a house for free in a lovely neighbourhood and they would give them a well paid job. Hundreds of Hindus flooded into Britain and the jobs where filled and the neighbourhoods where full with Hindus and Britain learned a lot about Hinduism. We even built quite a few Mandhris (temples) for Hindus to pray. They played a huge part in cleaning up the after math



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of WWII and we can't thank them

enough for what they did for us.

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Sita and took her back to his Island Sir lanka. 50 Rama and lakshman traveled to our lanka to act Sita back. They traveld to the Edge of Inclia until they got to the Sea and they couldn't get across so they got lep from Hanuman the tring of the montrys and his army to mater a bridge once they got to sir lanka Hey had a battle with Ravara but Rama won So they journeyed back to there costile and found lights (diva lamps) Here to greet teem, to cruicle there way home, Rama and sita were crowned horacinel Queen the next dem



Hundredsum is a well know religion that originated from northern undia about 4000 years ago.

Hindu beliefs.

Hundus believe in a thing called karma. Kurma is that when you die your soul will transfer onto a digerand body animal but what you get reincurnated into depends what you were like in your Past life, Say you were very nice you hould come back as a human agan or a nice beautiful cinmal but & you weren't you could be a cluncy beetle or an ant e.c.t.

Hundwism

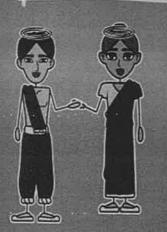
1+ 13 ta third There is no official functor / cur gest that we know of religion who sturted hundusim There are about 950 There are million 16,000 hundus today hindus in He UK Hundusum originally came hundusum from India 15 one of the There cure oldest aving over 330 religions million different dating hindu gods & goddesses but back 5000 years they are all. He one god in different forms Hundusum has now Kalled Brahman Spread arrived the

world

Diwali

Duvais is the festival of light and Probably one of the most well known hundufestivals to. Hundus celebrate Dewall after the story of Rama and Sital The Story of Rama and Situ is that they get beennisted from their tundon along with Ruma's broth lakshman, one day in the forest Sita was walten with Kama when she saw a beautiful deer and ask Ruma to cutch it for her not training that it was a trick the deer was magical up there by un ent deamon ting Called Ravana. Who once Rama left capturel

The Story of Rama and Sita



Once upon a time, there was a noble prince called Rama, and he married a princess called Sita.

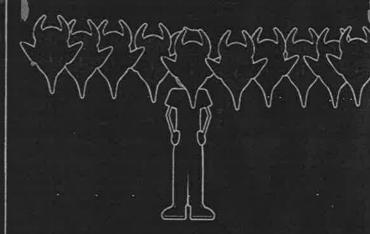


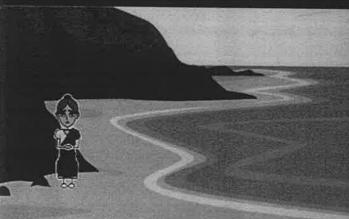


However, they were banished by Rama's evil step-mother so that she could make her own son be king.

Then, Ravana, the evil demon king with 10 heads, heard about Sita's beauty and captured her.

2 2 2 2 2 2 2





Sita was on Ravana's island, Lanka. Rama and his brothers looked for her for a long time, but they couldn't find her. So they asked the King of Monkeys, Hanuman, to help the as he could fly. A big battle raged on for 10 days, until Rama borrowed a bow and arrow from the god and used it to stay



V.S





S2 RMPS Homework.

Over this year you must complete 4 pieces of Homework- **one** from each level and **one** for each unit of work. They are due in *October, December, March and May*. You can collect paper and/or templates* from your teacher.

Expert Level

You are the expert! You can give guidance, troubleshoot and answer questions.



Write a poem/song/rap that summarises a topic we have looked at.

Make it informative and catchy and remember to include key words

Write an interview or news report about a main character from your topic.

It can be in any format e.g.. PPT, word etc. but it should be indepth.

Be an "Expert" on your topic.

Using PPT, word, publisher, movie maker, photography or anything else create a piece of work to inform others.

Proficient Level

You can perform with skill, and help others.



Create some flash cards about your topic

Use key terms and make it informative and eye-catching

Create a comic strip* to explain a topic/story you have learned.

Use pictures and key words to explain this in a clear way.

Write a story and illustrate it.

Use key words and terms from your topic.

Competent Level

You can discuss and apply the basic concepts and terms



Draw a picture relating to your topic and explain it.

Use key terms and make it informative and eye-catching

Create an origami decision maker about your topic.

Use key words and phrase and maybe even pictures!

Make a game on your topic.

Snap , puzzle, board game??
Anything else

Novice Level

You understand the basic concepts and terms



Create a graffiti page on your topic.

Use key terms and make it informative and eye-catching

Make an ACROSTIC poem about the topic you have been studying.

Make it colourful



Write some Social Media on your lesson/topic.

You could do, tweet, blog, Facebook, Instagram, Snapchat or anything else you can think of.