

①  $240000 \times 1.028^2 = \underline{\underline{\pounds 253628.16}}$

$100 + 2.8$   
 $= 102.8\%$   
 $= 1.028$

②  $f(x) = 3x + 2$

$f(a) = 3a + 2$

If  $f(a) = 23$

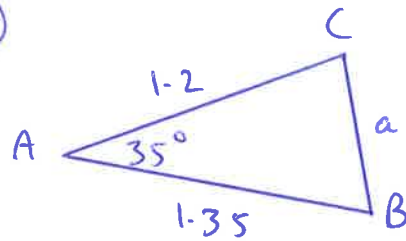
$3a + 2 = 23$

$-2 \quad -2$

$3a = 21$

$\underline{\underline{a = 7}}$

③



relabel to suit formula from formula sheet.

$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

$a^2 = 1.2^2 + 1.35^2 - 2 \times 1.2 \times 1.35 \times \cos 35^\circ$

$a^2 = 0.608$

$a = \sqrt{0.608}$

$\underline{\underline{a = 0.78 \text{ km}}}$

④

$|u| = \sqrt{6^2 + (-13)^2 + 18^2}$

$= \sqrt{36 + 169 + 324}$

$= \sqrt{529}$

$= \underline{\underline{23}}$

⑤

$p = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad q = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

$p + q = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} = \underline{\underline{\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}}}$

⑥ a)  $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 6400^3 = 1.098 \times 10^{12} = \underline{\underline{1.1 \times 10^{12} \text{ km}^3}}$

b)  $1.1 \times 10^{12} \div 2.2 \times 10^{10} = \underline{\underline{50}}$

⑦

$\frac{5t}{s} \div \frac{t}{2s^2}$

$= \frac{5t}{s} \times \frac{2s^2}{t}$

$= \frac{10ts^2}{st}$

$= \underline{\underline{10s}}$

⑧

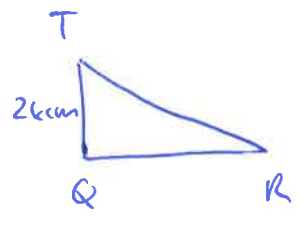
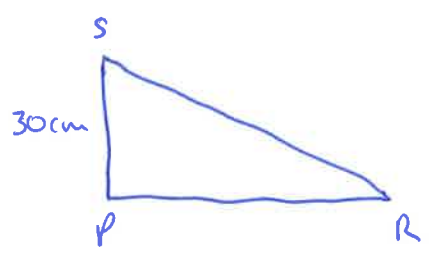
$100\% - 15\% = 85\%$

$85\% = 297.50$

$1\% = \frac{297.50}{85} = 3.5$

$100\% = 100 \times 3.5 = \underline{\underline{\pounds 350}}$

9



Area = 400 cm<sup>2</sup>

Find area of PSR:

Linear scale factor (of enlargement) =  $\frac{30}{24} = \frac{5}{4} = 1.25$

Area scale factor =  $(1.25)^2 = 1.5625$

Area of  $\Delta$  PSR =  $1.5625 \times 400 = 625 \text{ cm}^2$

$\therefore$  Area of blue section PQTS =  $625 - 400 = \underline{\underline{225 \text{ cm}^2}}$

10

$\frac{\text{arc length}}{\text{Circumference}} = \frac{\text{angle at centre}}{360^\circ}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{28.4}{\pi d} = \frac{65}{360}$

cross multiply (top x bottom = bottom x top)

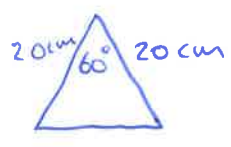
$\Rightarrow 65 \pi d = 28.4 \times 360$  divide both sides by 65  $\pi$

$d = \frac{28.4 \times 360}{65 \pi}$

$d = 50.068$

$\therefore r = \text{half of diameter} = \underline{\underline{25.03 \text{ cm}}}$

11

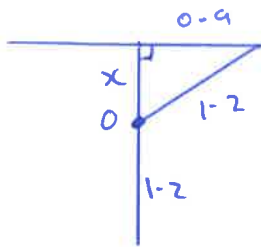


$360 \div 6 = 60^\circ$

Area =  $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 20 \times \sin 60^\circ$   
 $= 173.2 \text{ cm}^2$

$\therefore$  Area of hexagon =  $6 \times 173.2 = \underline{\underline{1039.2 \text{ cm}^2}}$

(12)



$$x^2 = 1.2^2 - 0.9^2$$

$$x^2 = 1.44 - 0.81$$

$$x^2 = 0.63$$

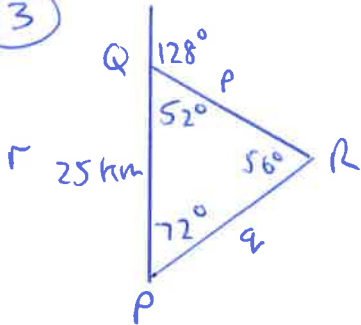
$$x = \sqrt{0.63}$$

$$x = 0.79 \text{ m}$$

Total depth of milk =  $0.79 + 1.2 = \underline{\underline{1.99 \text{ m}}}$

(3)

(13)



Sine Rule  $\frac{r}{\sin R} = \frac{q}{\sin Q}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{25}{\sin 56^\circ} = \frac{q}{\sin 52^\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow q \sin 56^\circ = 25 \sin 52^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow q = \frac{25 \sin 52^\circ}{\sin 56^\circ} = \underline{\underline{23.76 \text{ km}}}$$

(14)

ai) Length =  $13 + 2x$

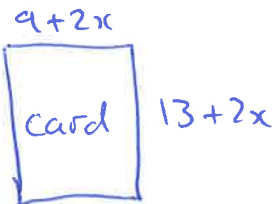
ii) Area of card = 270

$$A = lb \quad (9 + 2x)(13 + 2x) = 270$$

$$117 + 18x + 26x + 4x^2 = 270$$

$$4x^2 + 44x + 117 - 270 = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{4x^2 + 44x - 153 = 0}} \quad \text{as required.}$$



b) Use quadratic formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$a = 4$$

$$b = 44$$

$$c = -153$$

$$x = \frac{-44 \pm \sqrt{44^2 - 4 \times 4 \times -153}}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{-44 \pm \sqrt{4384}}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{-44 + \sqrt{4384}}{8} \quad \text{or} \quad x = \frac{-44 - \sqrt{4384}}{8}$$

$$x = 2.8 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -13.8$$

Can't get rectangles in real life with negative sides so  $x = \underline{\underline{2.8 \text{ cm}}}$