We're seeing fewer and fewer

HOW CAN SCHOOLS HELP? There are loads of ways to make school

wild animals like hedgehogs, butterflies and moths in the UK. In fact, around 40% of our native species are currently in decline. We must all work

POCKET PONDS

water voles, common frogs, together to bring back our nature!

Even a tiny pond made from an old sink, bucket or washing up bowl can be a wonderful home for dragonflies, newts and frogs. Ponds also provide a feeding ground buffet for mammals such as hedgehogs and bats.

UP ON THE ROOF

GO

GREEN!

Solar panels on the roof are a great way of generating your own renewable energy to use at school. Having a 'green roof' covered in grass, moss and other plants can help insulate your school building and reduce flooding from rainwater.

SWITCH OFF

Reducing the amount of energy we use at school can improve our environmental footprint and help nature. Try to use natural light in classrooms and switch off lights and electronic devices when they're not being used. If you can, try to get your school to switch to a renewable energy supplier as this is much better for the planet.



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COMMUNITY

Schools are a brilliant place for families and communities to come together. You can involve local people and businesses in planting trees or wildflowers, harvesting or selling food, building wildlife habitats, greenhouses or feeders, surveying local wildlife and so much more.



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grounds better for wildlife. Whether your

together we can turn our school grounds

into one of the UK's largest nature parks!

school has a small tarmac playground

or lots of grassy fields, if we all work

SPEAK UP!

Let everyone know what you're doing around school. This might be through making posters and videos, campaigning locally, holding a school assembly, or writing to your councillor, MP or MSP to demand action. You and your school have the power to make a big difference by influencing your families, friends, local businesses and the government. Be a force for good in the fight against nature loss and climate change!



ANYONE HOME?

Bug hotels are a fantastic way to

some holes into wooden logs.

encourage creepy crawlies into your

school grounds as they like to have dark,

like to lay their eggs in small holes, so try

Installing bird and bat boxes

or special 'habitat bricks' is a

brilliant way to provide new

– or 'hedgehog highways' –

can help our prickly friends

to pass in and out of your

school grounds easily.

homes for wildlife around your

school. Creating gaps in fences

damp places to hide out. Solitary bees

to include some bamboo shoots or drill

Planting your own food at school is a brilliant way to help wildlife and do your bit for the planet. You can grow loads of herbs, fruits and vegetables like chives, mint, rosemary, strawberries, tomatoes, carrots and courgettes. You can cook them into a delicious vegetable soup or some sweet fruity jam.

SCHOOLS

habitats are changing quicker than wildlife or

planet's variety of life – its **biodiversity** – which

is essential for us to survive. It provides the **air**

we breathe, the water we drink and the food

and nature loss together. By making our **schools**

planet-friendly we can make space for nature,

protect the atmosphere and **produce less waste**.

we eat! But we can help fight climate change

Let's take action to stand up for our world!

people can adapt. Climate change is harming our

The Earth is warming and many natural



NATURE DETECTIVES

Use wildlife spotter guides or apps to conduct nature surveys around your school to see if your biodiversity is improving. You could even install cameras near any bird feeders, bird boxes or hedgehog houses to see what your local wildlife gets up to when you're not watching!



Our pollinator friends love flowering plants like lavender, marigolds, native wildflowers and blossoming trees because they provide lots of tasty nectar. Lots of different plants can be grown in pots, recycled containers and even up a wall if you don't have much space.



LEAVE IT LONG

Letting some areas of grass grow long encourages wildflowers to grow and helps protect wildlife like frogs, field mice, butterflies and ladybirds.