Fruit and Vegetables

These are good sources of vitamins and minerals and fibre. Aim to eat 5 portions a day! Choose from fresh, frozen, tinned, dried or juiced. Fruit juice and/or smoothies should be limited to no more than a combined total of 150ml per day.

Food Groups

Starchy foods such as potatoes, bread, rice, pasta and cereals should Potatoes, bread, rice, pasta and other starchy c make up just over a third of the food you eat. These are important for giving us energy. Choose higherfibre, wholegrain varieties, such as wholewheat pasta and brown rice, or simply leave skins on potatoes.

Carbohydrates

Food and Drinks High / or Sugar

Eat less often and in small amounts.





Dairy and alternatives

COUS



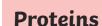
milk, sugar-free drinks including tea and coffee all count.

Limit fruit juice and/or smoothies to a total of 150ml a day



Oil and Spreads

Choose unsaturated oils and spreads and use in small amounts. Eat sparingly.



Proteins such as beans, pulses, fish, eggs, meat are very important for helping us grow and build muscles. Beans and pulses are a good alternative to meat as they contain less fat and are higher in fibre and protein. Try to eat 2 portions of fish a week, and try to reduce intake of red and processed meat.



Beans, Pulses, fish, eggs, meat and other proteins

Dairy and Alternatives

These are a source of calcium which is important for strong teeth and bones. Choose lower fat and sugar options.

