





ARTICLE OF THE WEEK

GUESS THE ARTICLE

These pictures provide a clue to this week's article.

Can you guess how they are linked together? Which article of the Convention do these pictures relate to? Write down your thoughts or discuss with someone in your home.





INTRODUCING... ARTICLE 2



Danny introduces Article 2



Article 2 - (non-discrimination) The Convention applies to every child without discrimination, whatever their ethnicity, gender, religion, language, abilities or any other status, whatever they think or say, whatever their family background.





EXPLORING ARTICLE 2

What is needed for every child to be able to enjoy all their rights fairly and equally?

> Note down your thoughts and compare with the next slide.

HOW MANY OF THESE DID YOU GET?

- Every young person and child should know that their race, gender, ability, nationality (or other characteristic or identities) should not stop them enjoying all their rights.
- Nobody should feel that they are treated differently because of who they are.
- All people should accept, respect and value others for who they are.
- All schools should teach and practise and actively celebrate respect for all.
- Learning should include opportunities to empathise with those who are discriminated against.
- Government decisions and the law should show the way against all forms of discrimination.
- Everyone should be open to the fact that we all have prejudices and be ready to challenge them.
- People challenge and speak up about any discrimination they experience or see.
- Newspapers and other information sources should promote and celebrate diversity and inclusion.

What else did you think of? Are there any other characteristics or identities that might cause a person to be discriminated against?

ACTIVITY TIME All these activities are related to...

2 CONTROMINATION NO DISCRIMINATION Article 2 uses some words you might not know very well. Look up *discrimination, ethnicity, race* and *gender* to find out what they mean. Try to explain Article 2 to somebody at home now that you know the meaning of these words.

You don't need to do every single activity but if you have time you can do more than one. Imagine that you are treated differently and not allowed to go to school, have friends and play because of the colour of your hair. ... How would this feel? What would you say and do? Discuss this with the grown ups at home.

> Think of somewhere that you know well. It might be a library, a park or a swimming pool. Does it welcome everyone? Can all children take part there equally? Talk to your friends or family about what could make this place better for everyone.

Being happy and proud about who we are as people is important. Have you read 'The Flamingo Who Didn't Want To Be Pink'? Watch the story made by children at William Tyndale School. Try to get all your family and friends to tell you the best things they like about being themselves and the best things about you.



Primary

ACTIVITY TIME

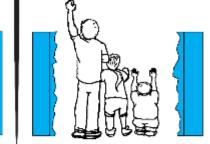


The charity Childline has an informative page about discrimination, hate crime and equality. Have <u>a look here</u> and share with your friends something new that you found out about these issues. Discrimination is against rights – in the UK it's also against the law. Watch this video to learn more. The video says 'set a good example' – how can you do this in school? Discuss this with your friends safely online or send a message to your teachers.

EQUALITY

DIVERSITY

Think about people through history who have campaigned against unfair discrimination Martin Luther King Jnr; Dame Tanni Grey Thompson, Malala Yousufzai. Find out more about what they campaigned for and share what you find with a friend.



INCLUSION

REFLECTION

Try to find somewhere peaceful and spend a few minutes being quiet and still ... then think about these questions...

- What makes you different from everyone else? What makes you proud to be you?
- What could you do or say to other people to help them feel positive about who they are as people?
- When you see or hear racism and other forms of discrimination what do you do to challenge what you are witnessing?

Write down your thoughts and if you want share this back with your teacher, friends or family.





EXTENSION

- History is full of examples of unfair discrimination often leading to terrible consequences. Have a look at the Convention and think about which other children's rights might help to challenge prejudice and bring an end to discrimination.
- Create a charter of rights that you think are particularly important to keep in mind when thinking about challenging prejudice and brining and end to discrimination.

You can find a summary of the whole Convention here











THANK YOU