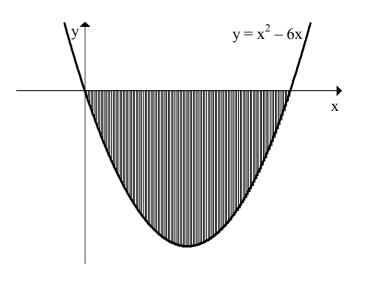
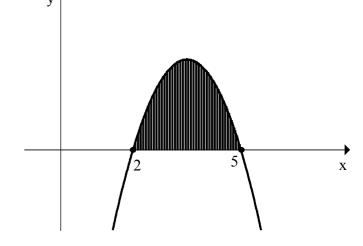
Integration

- 1. Calculate (a) $\int x^2(x-5) dx$ (b) $\int_1^4 \frac{x^2+3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ (c) $\int_{-1}^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{2}{x}\right)^2 dx$

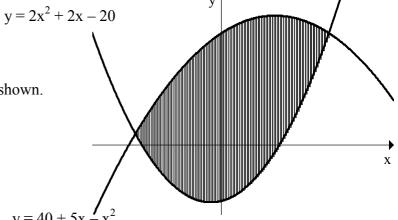
2. Calculate the shaded area in the diagram opposite.



3. The diagram shows part of the graph of $y = 7x - 10 - x^2$. Calculate the shaded area.

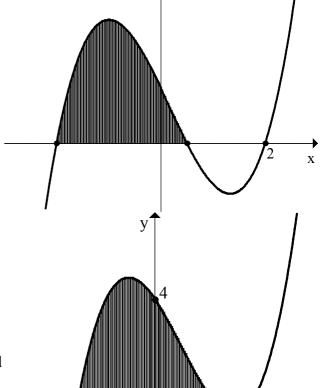


4. Find the area between the curves shown.

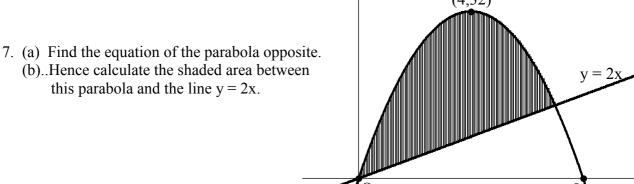


$$y = 40 + 5x - x^2$$

- 5. The diagram opposite illustrates the graph of y = f(x) where $f(x) = 2x^3 x^2 8x + 4$.
 - (a) Show that x 2 is a factor of f(x) and hence fully factorise f(x).
 - (b) Calculate the shaded area.

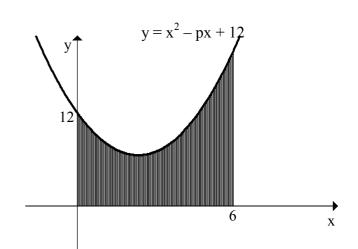


- 6. The diagram shows part of y = f(x).
 - (a) Find a formula for f(x).
 - (b) Calculate the area enclosed by f(x) and the x-axis.



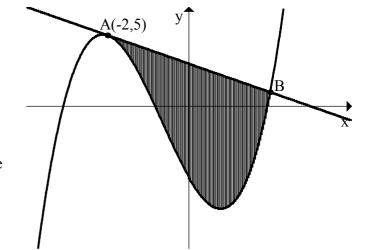
8.In the diagram opposite the area shown is 60. The curve has equation $y = x^2 - px + 12$.

Calculate the value of p.



X

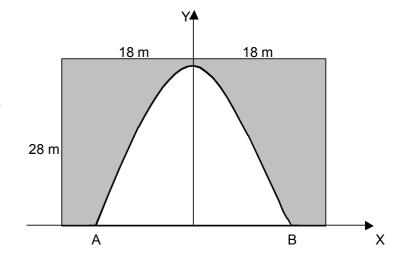
9. The diagram opposite shows the curve $y = x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 5$ and the line AB. The line AB is a tangent to the curve at the point A(-2,5).



- (a) Find the equation of the tangent AB.
- (b) Hence find the coordinates of B.
- (c) Calculate the shaded area between the curve and the line.

10. The diagram shows a tunnel 36 metres wide by 28 metres high.

The roof of the tunnel is in the form of a parabola with equation $y = 24 - \frac{1}{6}x^2$.



- (a) Find the coordinates of A and B.
- (b) Calculate the shaded area.
- 11. $f'(x) = 3x^2 4x + 6$ and f(2) = 17. Find a formula for f(x).

12.
$$f'(x) = \frac{2x^3 - x^2}{x}$$
 and $f(6) = 100$.
Find a formula for $f(x)$.

- 13. $f'(x) = 4x(x^2 1)$ and f(-1) = 2. Find a formula for f(x).
- 14. The graph of y = g(x) passes through the point (3,-1). If $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}$, express y in terms of x.
- 15. The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) intersect at the point A on the y-axis. If g(x) = 4x + 2 and f'(x) = 2x 6, find f(x).

