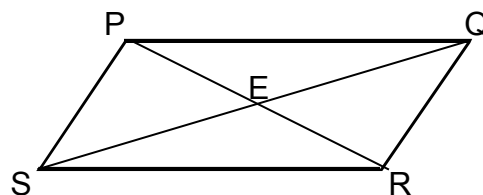


Equation of a line

1. ABCD is a parallelogram. A, B and C have coordinates (3,4), (5,8) and (9,12).
Find the equation of DC.

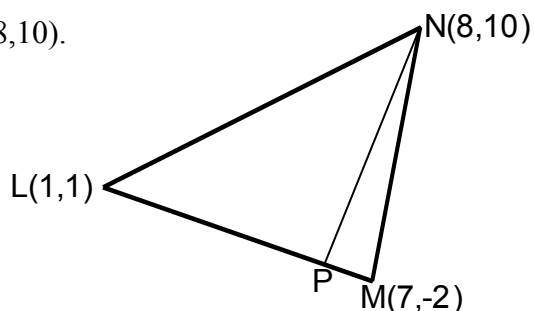
2. PQRS is a parallelogram whose diagonals meet at E.
P is the point (-2,-2), Q is (0,2) and E is (2,0).
Find the equation of the line RS.



3. A triangle ABC has vertices A(2,5), B(4,-1) and C(10,5).
- Write down the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AC.
 - Find the equation of the altitude CD.
 - Find the point of intersection of these two lines.
4. A triangle has vertices A(1,1), B(3,5) and C(11,1).
- Show that triangle ABC is right angled at B.
 - Find the equations of the medians AD and BE.
 - AD and BE intersect at M. Find the coordinates of M.

5. A triangle has vertices L(1,1), M(7,-2) and N(8,10).

- Find the equation of the altitude NP.
- Find the coordinates of P.



6. A triangle has vertices P(-9,4), Q(-5,12) and R(-5,2).

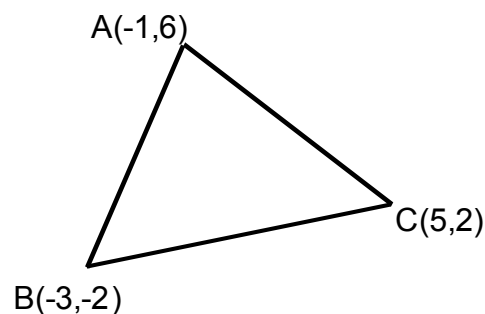
- Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of QR.
- Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of PR.
- Find the point of intersection of these lines.

7. Triangle DEF has vertices (2,3), (-3,-2) and (3,0) respectively.

- Find the equations of the perpendicular bisectors of the sides EF and DF.
- Find the coordinates of T, the point of intersection of these lines.
- Show that D, T and E are collinear.

8. Triangle ABC has vertices A(-1,6), B(-3,-2) and C(5,2). Find

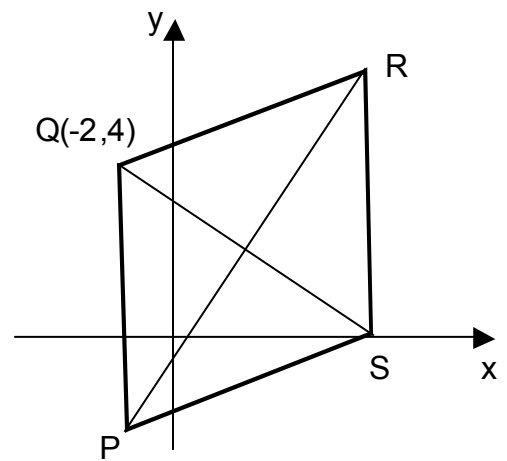
- the equation of the median from C.
- the equation of the perpendicular bisector of BC.
- the coordinates of the point of intersection of these lines.



9. The diagram shows a rhombus PQRS with its diagonals PR and QS.

PR has equation $y = 2x - 2$.
Q has coordinates $(-2, 4)$.

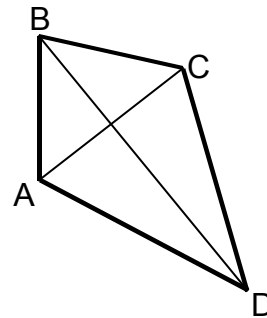
- Find the equation of the diagonal QS.
- Find the coordinates of T, the point of intersection of PR and QS.
- R is the point $(5, 8)$. Write down the coordinates of P.



10. A kite ABCD has diagonals AC and BD.

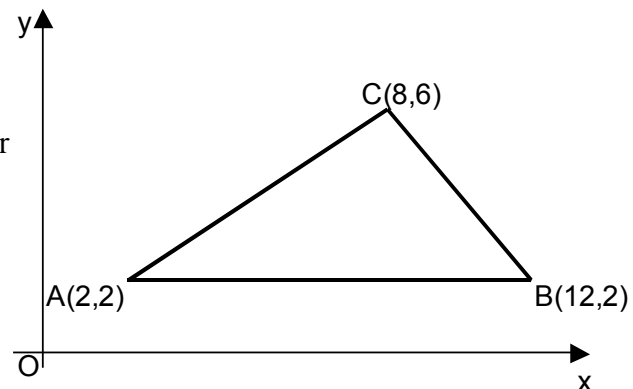
AC has equation $2y = x - 2$.
D is the point $(6, -3)$.

- Find the equation of the diagonal BD.
- Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of these diagonals.



11. Triangle ABC has vertices $A(2, 2)$, $B(12, 2)$ and $C(8, 6)$.

- Write down the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AB.
- Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AC.
- Find the point of intersection of these lines.



12. P, Q and R have coordinates $(2, -1)$, $(7, 4)$ and $(10, 15)$ respectively and are three vertices of a kite PQRS.

- Find the equations of the diagonals of this kite and the coordinates of the point where they intersect.
- Find the coordinates of the fourth vertex S.

